ancient	the broken parts that are left from an old building or town		
conservationist			
explorer	people who visit a place for pleasure and who do not live there		
fog	the top of a mountain		
ruins	the surfaces that you walk on when you go up or down stairs		
run out ("running out" in the video)	someone who travels to places		
	where no one has ever been in		
stalls	order to find out what is there		
steps	thick cloud just above the ground		
summit	or sea that makes it difficult to see		
tourists	small shops with an open front or a table from which goods are sold		
	someone who believes that people should protect nature or historical places		
	from a long time ago		
	If a supply of something		
	there is none left because it has all been used		

Match the words to the sentences:

This beautiful, quiet place is covered in sunshine and has mountains all around it. Its name is Machu Picchu. It's sometimes called the lost city of the Inca, and it's nearly 8,000 feet up in the Andes.

Julio: It's a magic attraction, that you can feel it here. It's known all over the world that Machu Picchu is one of the magnetic centres of the ancient world.

Machu Picchu is mor	e than 500 years old.	Today, it's	a favourite place
for visitors from all o	over the world. Even	in the rain a	nd
(1)	, it's wonderful to	o walk throu	gh the
(2)			
knew Machu Picchu	existed. For a long ti	me it was lo	st to the outside
world. Then, in 1911	a, an (3)	cal	led Hiram
Bingham found it aga			
At first, very few peo	ple visited Machu Pi	cchu. But no	ow, hundreds of
(4)	come here every	day. They	walk up the
(5)			
over the ruins. Mach	u Picchu is no longer	quiet. It's f	full of the sounds
of tourists. Some peo	ople in Peru hope that	more touris	ts will come here.
They think it will me	an more business and	money for t	the country.
However, some (7)		worry that m	nore visitors won'
be good for Machu P	icchu. They say that	tourism may	not be good for
the environment. Jos	se, a local hotel owner	r, says Mach	u Picchu and Peru
can take a few more	visitors.		

Jose: Why not be like the rest of the world? Why not expose and show Macchu Picchu to the rest of the world? It's such a wonderful place, why keep it to the few?

The truth is that parts of	Peru are very poor, and tourists bring money to
these communities. Agu	as Calientes is a town that grew suddenly near
an area where visitors ge	t on buses to get to the
(8)	of Machu Picchu. The people here live
	om tourism. The town is just a group of
(9)	where local people sell art and things they
have made to visitors.	
•	nger lost. Tourists have found it. The modern
world is coming closer to	this ancient world every day. Time may be
(10)	_ for the "Lost City of the Inca". More and
more people are discover	ring it. In the end, it may be the modern world
that forever changes this	ancient city.

This beautiful, quiet place is covered in sunshine and has mountains all around it. Its name is Machu Picchu. It's sometimes called the lost city of the Inca, and it's nearly 8,000 feet up in the Andes.

Julio: It's a magic attraction, that you can feel it here. It's known all over the world that Machu Picchu is one of the magnetic centres of the ancient world.

Machu Picchu is more than 500 years old. Today, it's a favourite place for visitors from all over the world. Even in the rain and (1) fog, it's wonderful to walk through the (2) ruins. When the Inca civilisation ended, few people knew Machu Picchu existed. For a long time it was lost to the outside world. Then, in 1911, an (3) explorer called Hiram Bingham found it again.

At first, very few people visited Machu Picchu. But now, hundreds of (4)tourists come here every day. They walk up the (5)steps of the (6)ancient city and climb over the ruins. Machu Picchu is no longer quiet. It's full of the sounds of tourists. Some people in Peru hope that more tourists will come here. They think it will mean more business and money for the country. However, some (7)conservationists worry that more visitors won't be good for Machu Picchu. They say that tourism may not be good for the environment. Jose, a local hotel owner, says Machu Picchu and Peru can take a few more visitors.

Jose: Why not be like the rest of the world? Why not expose and show Macchu Picchu to the rest of the world? It's such a wonderful place, why keep it to the few?

The truth is that parts of Peru are very poor, and tourists bring money to these communities. Aguas Calientes is a town that grew suddenly near an area where visitors get on buses to get to the (8)<u>summit</u> of Machu Picchu. The people here live completely on money from tourism. The town is just a group of (9)<u>stalls</u> where local people sell art and things they have made to visitors.

The "Lost City" is no longer lost. Tourists have found it. The modern world is coming closer to this ancient world every day. Time may be (10)running out for the "Lost City of the Inca". More and more people are discovering it. In the end, it may be the modern world that forever changes this ancient city.