

Size of the World Check-in 1920

How many countries are in the world?	Marco There were 76 countries in the world.
What is the population of the world?	Marco The population was about 1,860 million.
What is the population of the United States?	The population of the US in 1920 was 105,710,620. Source 2
What country has the largest population in the world?	British India had the largest population in the world during 1920 at roughly 333.4 million. Source
What are the demographics of the US: Race, Religion, Nationality, etc.	In 1920, there were around 95 million white citizens, 10.5 million black citizens, and 1.3 million Hispanic citizens. In 1920, religion started becoming more popular, but also more loose and unorthodox based on multiple studies by PBS. Source 1 Source 2
What percent of people lived on farms? In cities?	In 1920, around half of the U.S. lived in urban areas. The rest lived in rural, farming areas.
How did people communicate?	In the 1920's, people communicated by newspaper the most. Some people used to operate phones using manual switchboards. There were some kinds of phones, such as candlestick phone and a coin telephone. Another

	communication device is a radio. People listened to the radio to get current events and news.
How long did communication take?	In the 1920's people mostly communicated between newspapers. It took a while to communicate with newspapers.
What could be communicated?	In 1920 only thirty five percent of houses had phones and since public telephones costed money to use most communication was done through telegraphs which allowed writing to be communicated. Only wealthy families and businesses could afford a radio in 1920 which allowed sound to be communicated much like the first record that was invented that year. • https://www.conferencecallsunlimited.com/history-of-communication-technology/ • https://www.statista.com/statistics/189959/housing-units-with-telephones-in-the-united-states-since-1920/
What new inventions changed how people communicated (if any)?	<u>Candlestick phone, and The Coin Phone helped change communication.</u> http://1920newtechnologyhanyoung.weebly.com/communication.html
How did people travel?	On December 17, 1903, the Wright brothers successfully flew the first plane. Air travel was not popular in the United States, more so in Canada. Automobiles were created in the early 1900's and stayed popular throughout the years. The first passenger train ran in 1836 to Canada. The railway

	system was often bankrupt. Lastly, the bicycle was a popular form of transportation. It was more commonly known as “The Wheel”. It was cheap so many people were able to afford one. http://1920newtechnologyhanyoung.weebly.com/transportation.html
How long did it take to travel from New York to London? From New York to Tokyo?	It took about 5-10 days to travel from New York to London. http://www.dailymail.co.uk/sciencetech/article-3339902/What-travel-looked-like-100-years-ago-Map-shows-DAYS-took-travel-abroad-1900s.html To travel to Tokyo from New York, you had to go by steamboat. No specific time.
What new inventions changed how people moved (if any)?	In 1922 the first prototype of the convertible was created. This car was created because most cars created didn't have tops, influenced by horse carriages. The convertible was the first car created with a retractable top. http://www.american-historama.org/1913-1928-ww1-prohibition-era/inventions-in-the-1920s.htm http://www.buyautoinsurance.com/convertible-history/
How did people access information?	In the 1920 people used candlestick telephone and the coin telephone to share information. A commonly known handheld dial phone was made to look like the candlestick telephone dial pad but was a smaller device with a handheld phone instead of the receiver that was on the side of the candlestick. There was also automated calling created in 1920. The automated called was made so calls could be connected without having a operator connecting the call, this made calls more personalized. http://1920newtechnologyhanyoung.weebly.com/communication.html

	https://www.techwalla.com/articles/telephones-in-the-1920s
How much information was accessible?	In 1909, a total of 2,600 newspapers were published in the United States. By 1920, half of the people of the US lived in cities, where newspapers thrived. This caused newspapers to peak, mainly in New York. Most controversial figures who were in American newspaper started to lead “revolution in coverage and display that earned their style of journalism the sneering label of "yellow journalism" after a comic strip character, the "Yellow Kid.” http://www.encyclopedia.com/literature-and-arts/journalism-and-publishing/journalism-and-publishing/newspaper
What information was accessible, nationally and globally?	Information was accessible, nationally and globally, in newspapers. Some major newspaper companies were The Boston Globe, The New York Times, Washington Post, San Francisco Chronicle, and The Saturday Evening Post. http://classroom.synonym.com/major-newspaper-names-early-1900s-16259.html
What new inventions changed how they accessed information (if any)?	After the 1920's many automobiles were upgraded. Mostly airplanes and cars worked better and had better and newer technology. Soon after people could travel faster, the computer was made. This helped people access information. http://www.american-historama.org/1913-1928-ww1-prohibition-era/inventions-in-the-1920s.htm
Who was the President of the U.S.?	(Ethan) In 1920 the President was Woodrow Wilson

What were the cabinet positions in the Executive Branch?	(Ethan) Secretary of State, Secy of Treasury, Secy of War, Attorney General, Postmaster General, Secy of Navy, Secy of Interior, Secy of Agriculture, Secy of Labor and Secy of Commerce.
What important/landmark case was decided by the Supreme Court, give or take 5 years?	Daniel United States v Wheeler. The federal government cannot prosecute kidnappers. Only the states had the power to.
Was there an Amendment to the Constitution, give or take five years? If so, what was it?	The amendment that taje 5 years was the 19th amendment which it was the right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any state on account of sex.
What were people's favorite pastimes or forms of entertainment: -Music -Movies -Sports -other	In the 1920's many listened to the radio. On their home radios, Americans could listen to music such as jazz, baseball games or other programming like the Cuckoo Hour. Since the invention of telephones, chatting with friends or family became a pleasant pastime. With the rapid increase in cars, traveling became a hobby of the 1920's. Women enjoyed dancing in the 1920's after the generally worn outfit changed. After alcohol was prohibited, many Americans sought out to drink it in speakeasies. http://classroom.synonym.com/did-peoples-hobbies-revolve-around-1920s-18877.html
What new inventions changed what people did?	With electricity becoming more and more popular and becoming open to public use, many inventions could be put to use. The most important being: the radio, refrigerator, vacuum, washing machines, phonographs, and the iron. http://www.american-historama.org/1913-1928-ww1-prohibition-era/inventions-in-the-1920s.htm

How much did items cost? (Create a list of 20 items to research.)	Marco Bacon 1lb. 52 cents Bread 1 lb 12 cents Coffee 1 lb 47 cents Eggs 1 doz 47 cents Gasoline 20 cents/gallon A basic Ford car cost about \$300. A fancy touring car cost about \$1800. Newspaper 2 cents
What was the average weekly/monthly/yearly salary of the average American?	(Ethan) \$3,269 in 1920
-What do you want to know? What question(s) should we add to this table?	