

# **Weather and Climate**

In this unit, we interpret weather and climate patterns and think in depth about the question "How do we understand change?" Here are some activities designed to continue the conversation about earth science and to build on the skills and concepts your child has learned in school. Hopefully you'll even have some fun, too, as you work together!

**Topic Connection** 

#### **Weather Around Us**

Is it raining heavily today and are dark clouds spread across the sky? Or maybe it's a sunny day and a cool breeze is floating through the air. At the beginning of the week, have your child start a weather log. Ask your child to record any specific changes in precipitation or temperature. Then, let your child make predictions about the week's upcoming weather. At the end of the week, ask your child to tell you what he or she has learned about weather and climate. Talk together about what you see, what you know, and what you'd like to know!

**Comprehension Connection** 

## **Hold the Opinions, Please!**

In school, we have been working on the reading skill of distinguishing between fact and opinion. Certainly, this skill is especially important when reading the kinds of informational science texts in our unit. One way to reinforce this skill is to read a nonfiction text together or watch a news program or documentary. Then take turns coming up with facts—not your opinions!

**Vocabulary Connection** 

#### Let's Talk Weather

As we read the selections of this unit, we learned science terms having to do with weather such as hurricanes and humidity, but also related words that can be used in everyday conversation such as billowing, thaw, track, puffy, circulates, abundant, paradise, patterns, and band. To support your child's word knowledge, look at the words together. Then sort them into verbs, nouns, or adjectives that help describe clouds, weather and climate. Ask your child to explain why a word belongs in one category or another.

**Word Study Connections** 

### Do You Hear That?

In our word study instruction, students in week 1 review and hear words that have a hard or soft sounding  ${\bf c}$ . Then in week 2, they review words with a hard or soft  ${\bf g}$ . Have your child read a piece of text, underlining any additional words that have a hard and soft sounding  ${\bf c}$  or  ${\bf g}$ . Examples below are from the texts.

	Hard c or Hard g	Soft c or Soft g
Word Study Week 1	can, cover, affect, come computer	fierce, science, certain, ice, instance
Word Study Week 2	giant, gigantic	given, tug, good, gave, again, gigantic