See this page in the course material.

Learning Outcomes

- Make unit conversions in the U.S. system
- Use mixed units of measurement in the U.S. system

There are two systems of measurement commonly used around the world. Most countries use the metric system. The United States uses a different system of measurement, usually called the U.S. system. We will look at the U.S. system first.

The U.S. system of measurement uses units of inch, foot, yard, and mile to measure length and pound and ton to measure weight. For capacity, the units used are cup, pint, quart and gallons. Both the U.S. system and the metric system measure time in seconds, minutes, or hours.

The equivalencies among the basic units of the U.S. system of measurement are listed in the table below. The table also shows, in parentheses, the common abbreviations for each measurement.

U.S. System Units	
Length	Volume
[latex]1[/latex] foot (ft) = [latex]12[/latex] inches (in)	[latex]3[/latex] teaspoons (t) = [latex]1[/latex] tablespoon (T)
[latex]1[/latex] yard (yd) = [latex]3[/latex] feet (ft)	[latex]16[/latex] Tablespoons (T) = [latex]1[/latex] cup (C)
[latex]1[/latex] mile (mi) = [latex]5280[/latex] feet (ft)	[latex]1[/latex] cup (C) = [latex]8[/latex] fluid ounces (fl oz)
	[latex]1[/latex] pint (pt) = [latex]2[/latex] cups (C)
	[latex]1[/latex] quart (qt) = [latex]2[/latex] pints (pt)

	[latex]1[/latex] gallon (gal) = [latex]4[/latex] quarts (qt)
Weight	Time
[latex]1[/latex] pound (lb) = [latex]16[/latex] ounces (oz)	[latex]1[/latex] minute (min) = [latex]60[/latex] seconds (s)
[latex]1[/latex] ton = [latex]2000[/latex] pounds (lb)	[latex]1[/latex] hour (h) = [latex]60[/latex] minutes (min)
	[latex]1[/latex] day = [latex]24[/latex] hours (h)
	[latex]1[/latex] week (wk) = [latex]7[/latex] days
	[latex]1[/latex] year (yr) = [latex]365[/latex] days

In many real-life applications, we need to convert between units of measurement. We will use the identity property of multiplication to do these conversions. We'll restate the Identity Property of Multiplication here for easy reference.

[latex]\text{For any real number }a,a\cdot 1=a[/latex] [latex]1\cdot a=a[/latex]

To use the identity property of multiplication, we write [latex]1[/latex] in a form that will help us convert the units. For example, suppose we want to convert inches to feet. We know that [latex]1[/latex] foot is equal to [latex]12[/latex] inches, so we can write [latex]1[/latex] as the fraction [latex]\Large\frac{\text{1 ft}}{\text{12 in}}[/latex]. When we multiply by this fraction, we do not change the value but just change the units.

But [latex]\Large\frac{\text{12 in}}{\text{1 ft}}[/latex] also equals [latex]1[/latex]. How do we decide whether to multiply by [latex]\Large\frac{\text{1 ft}}{\text{12 in}}[/latex] or [latex]\Large\frac{\text{12 in}}{\text{12 in}}{\text{12 in}}{\text{16 text}} We choose the fraction that will make the units we want to convert from divide out. For example, suppose we wanted to convert [latex]60[/latex] inches to feet. If we choose the fraction that has inches in the denominator, we can eliminate the inches.

 $[latex] 60 \land \{ln\} \cdot \end{text} 1 ft \} \cdot \end$

On the other hand, if we wanted to convert [latex]5[/latex] feet to inches, we would choose the fraction that has feet in the denominator.

[latex]\text{5 ft}\cdot\Large\frac{\text{12 in}}{1\overline{}\text{ft}}}\normalsize=\text{60 in}[/latex]

We treat the unit words like factors and 'divide out' common units like we do common factors.

Make unit conversions.

- 1. Multiply the measurement to be converted by [latex]1[/latex]; write [latex]1[/latex] as a fraction relating the units given and the units needed.
- 2. Multiply.
- 3. Simplify the fraction, performing the indicated operations and removing the common units.

example

Mary Anne is [latex]66[/latex] inches tall. What is her height in feet?

Solution

Convert [latex]66[/latex] inches into feet.	
Multiply the measurement to be converted by [latex]1[/latex].	[latex]66[/latex] inches [latex]\cdot 1[/latex]
Write [latex]1[/latex] as a fraction relating the units given and the units needed.	[latex]\text{66 inches}\cdot \Large\frac{\text{1 foot}}{\text{12 inches}}[/latex]
Multiply.	[latex]\Large\frac{\text{66 inches}\cdot \text{1 foot}}{\text{12 inches}}[/latex]
Simplify the fraction.	[latex]\Large\frac{66\overline{)\text{inches}}\cdo t \text{1 foot}}{12\overline{)\text{inches}}}[/latex]
	[latex]\Large\frac{\text{66 feet}}{12}[/latex]
	[latex]\text{5.5 feet}[/latex]

Notice that when we simplified the fraction, we first divided out the inches.

Mary Anne is [latex]5.5[/latex] feet tall.



See this interactive in the course material.



See this interactive in the course material.

In the following video we show more examples of converting between units of length in the U.S. system of measurement.



Video Link

When we use the Identity Property of Multiplication to convert units, we need to make sure the units we want to change from will divide out. Usually this means we want the conversion fraction to have those units in the denominator.

example

Ndula, an elephant at the San Diego Safari Park, weighs almost [latex]3.2[/latex] tons. Convert her weight to pounds.

(credit: Guldo Da Rozze, Flickr)

Show Solution

Solution

We will convert [latex]3.2[/latex] tons into pounds, using the equivalencies in the table from earlier. We will use the Identity Property of Multiplication, writing [latex]1[/latex] as the fraction [latex]\Large\frac{\text{2000 pounds}}{\text{1 ton}}[/latex].

	[latex]\text{3.2 tons}[/latex]
Multiply the measurement to be converted by [latex]1[/latex].	[latex]\text{3.2 tons}\cdot 1[/latex]
Write [latex]1[/latex] as a fraction relating tons and pounds.	[latex]\text{3.2 tons}\cdot\Large\frac{\text{2000} lbs}}{\text{1 ton}}[/latex]
Simplify.	[latex]\Large\frac{3.2\overline{)\text{tons}}\cdot \text{2000 lbs}}{1\overline{)\text{ton}}}[/latex]
Multiply.	[latex]\text{6400 lbs}[/latex]
	Ndula weighs almost [latex]6,400[/latex] pounds.



See this interactive in the course material.



See this interactive in the course material.

In the next video we show more examples of how to convert between units of weight using the U. S. system of measurement.



Video Link

Sometimes to convert from one unit to another, we may need to use several other units in between, so we will need to multiply several fractions.

example

Juliet is going with her family to their summer home. She will be away for [latex]9[/latex] weeks. Convert the time to minutes.

Show Solution

Solution

To convert weeks into minutes, we will convert weeks to days, days to hours, and then hours to minutes. To do this, we will multiply by conversion factors of [latex]1[/latex].

	[latex]\text{9 weeks}[/latex]
Write 1 as [latex]\Large\frac{7\text{days}}{1\text{week}}\nor	[latex]\Large\frac{9} wk\{1}\normalsize\cdot\ arge\frac{7} days\{1}
	wk}\normalsize\cdot\Large\frac{24 hr}{1
,\Large\frac{24\text{hours}}{1\text{day}}\normals	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
ize	hr}[/latex]
,\Large\frac{60\text{minutes}}{1\text{hour}}[/late	
[X] .	
Cancel common units.	[latex]\Large9
	wk}{1}\normalsize\cdot\Large\frac{7\color{blue}{
	days}}{1
	wk}\normalsize\cdot\Large\frac{24\color{red}{hr}
	}{1\color{blue}{day}}\normalsize\cdot\Large\frac
	{60 min}{1\color{red}{hr}}[/latex]
Multiply.	[latex]\Large9\cdot 7\cdot 24\cdot
	60\text{min}}{1\cdot 1\cdot 1\cdot 1}\normalsize
	=90,720\text{min}[/latex]
	Juliet will be away for [latex]90,720[/latex]
	minutes.

The distance between Earth and the moon is about [latex]250,000[/latex] miles. Convert this length to yards.

Show Solution

Solution

To convert miles into yards, we will convert miles to feet and then feet to yards. To do this, we will multiply by conversion factors of [latex]1[/latex].

	[latex]\text{250,000 miles}[/latex]
Write 1 as	[latex]\Large250,000
[latex]\Large\frac{5,280\text{feet}}{1\text{mile}}\	mi}{1}\normalsize\cdot\Large\frac{5,280 feet}{1
normalsize	mi}\normalsize\cdot\Large\frac{1 yard}{3
,\Large\frac{1\text{yard}}{3\text{feet}}\normalsiz	feet}[/latex]
e[/latex].	
Cancel common units.	[latex]\Large\frac{250,000\color{red}{mi}}{1}\nor
	malsize\cdot\Large\frac{5,280\color{blue}{feet}}{
	1\color{red}{ mi}}\normalsize\cdot\Large\frac{1}
	yard}{3\color{blue}{feet}}[/latex]
Multiply.	[latex]\Large250,000\cdot 5,280\cdot
	1\text{yard}}{1\cdot 1\cdot 3}\normalsize
	=44,000,000\text{yard}[/latex]
	The distance between the earth and the moon
	is [latex]44,000,000[/latex] yards.

A team of astronauts spends [latex]15[/latex] weeks in space. Convert the time to minutes.

Show Solution

Solution

To convert weeks into minutes, we will convert weeks to days, days to hours, and then hours to minutes. To do this, we will multiply by conversion factors of [latex]1[/latex].

	[latex]\text{15 weeks}[/latex]
Write 1 as	[latex]\Large15
[latex]\Large\frac{7\text{days}}{1\text{week}}\nor	wk}{1}\normalsize\cdot\Large\frac{7 days}{1
malsize	wk}\normalsize\cdot\Large\frac{24 hr}{1
,\Large\frac{24\text{hours}}{1\text{day}}\normals	day}\normalsize\cdot\Large\frac{60 min}{1
ize	hr}[/latex]
,\Large\frac{60\text{minutes}}{1\text{hour}}[/late	
x] .	
Cancel common units.	[latex]\Large15
	\color{green}{wk}}{1}\normalsize\cdot\Large\frac
	{7\color{blue}{days}}{1
	\color{green}{wk}}\normalsize\cdot\Large2
	4\color{red}{hr}}{1\color{blue}{day}}\normalsize\
	cdot\Large\frac{60 min}{1\color{red}{hr}}[/latex]
Multiply.	[latex]\Large15\cdot 7\cdot 24\cdot
	60\text{min}}{1\cdot 1\cdot 1\normalsize
	=151,200\text{min}[/latex]
	The astronauts will be in space for
	[latex]151,200[/latex] minutes.

example

How many fluid ounces are in [latex]1[/latex] gallon of milk?

(credit: www.bluewaikiki.com, Flickr)

Show Solution

Solution

Use conversion factors to get the right units: convert gallons to quarts, quarts to pints, pints to

cups, and cups to fluid ounces.

	[latex]1[/latex] gallon
Multiply the measurement to be converted by 1.	[latex]\Large\text{1
	gal}}{1}\normalsize\cdot\Large\text{4
	qt}}{1
	gal}}\normalsize\cdot\Large\text{2
	pt}}{1
	qt}}\normalsize\cdot\Large\text{2
	C}}{1
	pt}}\normalsize\cdot\Large\text{8 fl
	oz}}{\text{1 C}}[/latex]
Simplify.	[latex]\Large\frac{1\overline{)\text{gal}}}{1}\norm
	alsize\cdot\Large\frac{4\overline{)\text{qt}}}{1\ov
	erline{)\text{gal}}}\normalsize\cdot\Large2\
	overline{)\text{pt}}}{1\overline{)\text{qt}}}\normal
	size\cdot\Large\frac{2\overline{)\text{C}}}}{1\over
	line{)\text{pt}}}\normalsize\cdot\Large\text{
	8 fl oz}}{1\overline{)\text{C}}}[/latex]
Multiply.	[latex]\Large1\cdot 4\cdot 2\cdot 2\cdot
	\text{8 fl oz}}{1\cdot 1\cdot 1\cdot 1\cdot
	1}[/latex]
Simplify.	[latex]128[/latex] fluid ounces
	There are [latex]128[/latex] fluid ounces in a
	gallon.

try it



See this interactive in the course material.

How many teaspoons are in [latex]1[/latex] cup?



See this interactive in the course material.

Use Mixed Units of Measurement in the U.S. System

Performing arithmetic operations on measurements with mixed units of measures requires care. Be sure to add or subtract like units.

example

Charlie bought three steaks for a barbecue. Their weights were [latex]14[/latex] ounces, [latex]1[/latex] pound [latex]2[/latex] ounces, and [latex]1[/latex] pound [latex]6[/latex] ounces. How many total pounds of steak did he buy?

(credit: Helen Penjam, Flickr)

Show Solution

Solution

We will add the weights of the steaks to find the total weight of the steaks.

Add the ounces. Then add the pounds.	
Convert [latex]22[/latex] ounces to pounds and	
ounces.	
Add the pounds.	[latex]2[/latex] pounds [latex]+1[/latex] pound, [latex]6[/latex] ounces
	[latex]3[/latex] pounds, [latex]6[/latex] ounces
	Charlie bought [latex]3[/latex] pounds
	[latex]6[/latex] ounces of steak.



See this interactive in the course material.



See this interactive in the course material.

example

Anthony bought four planks of wood that were each [latex]6[/latex] feet [latex]4[/latex] inches long. If the four planks are placed end-to-end, what is the total length of the wood?

Show Solution

Solution

We will multiply the length of one plank by [latex]4[/latex] to find the total length.

Multiply the inches and then the feet.	
Convert [latex]16[/latex] inches to feet.	[latex]24[/latex] feet [latex]+1[/latex] foot
	[latex]4[/latex] inches
Add the feet.	[latex]25[/latex] feet [latex]4[/latex] inches
	Anthony bought [latex]25[/latex] feet
	[latex]4[/latex] inches of wood.

try it



See this interactive in the course material.



See this interactive in the course material.

Licenses and Attributions

CC licensed content, Original

Question ID 146970, 146965. Authored by: Lumen Learning. License: <u>CC BY:</u>
Attribution

CC licensed content, Shared previously

- Examples: Converting Between Different Units of Lengths Using Standard or American System. Authored by: James Sousa (mathispower4u.com). Located at: https://youtu.be/atN7JU1Baly. License: CC BY: Attribution
- Examples: Converting Between Different Units of Weight in Standard or American System. Authored by: James Sousa (mathispower4u.com). Located at: https://youtu.be/ wxrSBEhLpl. License: CC BY: Attribution

CC licensed content, Specific attribution

 Prealgebra. Provided by: OpenStax. License: <u>CC BY: Attribution</u>. License Terms: Download for free at http://cnx.org/contents/caa57dab-41c7-455e-bd6f-f443cda5519c@9.757

</div