

Global 2 Review

Name: _____

Source: Anthony Monaco

Who were the leaders of the **Scientific Revolution**?

- Galileo, Copernicus, & Isaac Newton



- Copernicus & Galileo figured out that the **earth** was **NOT** the **center** of the **universe** (not geocentric), that **sun** was at the **center** of the **universe** (**heliocentric**)

What were their ideas and what did they challenge?

- Use Reasoning & Logic
- Conduct Experiments
- They all challenged the church & argued to Use Reason & Logic – Don't Rely on God!

Scientific Revolution

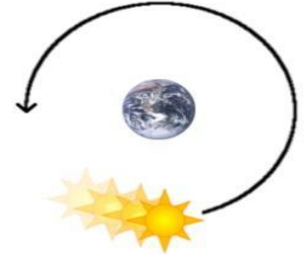
HELIOCENTRIC

Sun is the center. The earth has an orbit that rotates around the sun.



GEOCENTRIC

Earth is the center. The sun has an orbit that rotates around the earth.



Influenced the Enlightenment – **BOTH CHALLENGED PAST TRADITIONS/BELIEFS**

What were the **Enlightenment's** major ideas?

John Locke:

- People had natural rights-life, liberty(freedom), property
- **Consent** (permission) of the **governed** (people had the right to say "yes we want this")
- Government and citizens should sign a **social contract**
- People could **elect** (vote) and **overthrow** (get rid of) leader
- Limited government - limited control over citizens

Montesquieu:

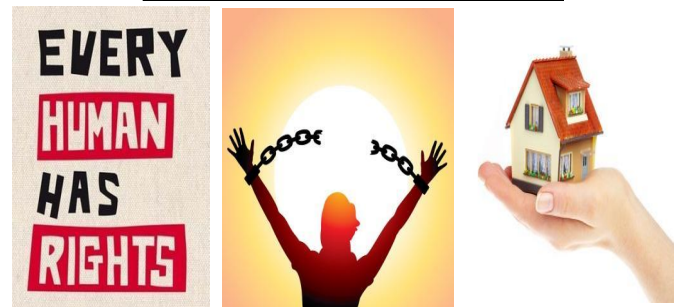
- **Separation of Powers – 3 Branches** of Government
- **Prevent tyranny/corruption** by acting as a **CHECK** on **POWER - CHECKS & BALANCES**

What did Enlightenment challenge?

Political Systems/Government - Absolutism

Traditional Ideas - Similar to the **Scientific Revolution**

Enlightenment & Natural Rights



3 Branches of Government – Separation of Powers

Separation of Powers



Which **rulers** changed/reformed their methods following the Age of **Enlightenment**?

- Catherine the Great
- Peter the Great
- Frederick II – Frederick the Great

Who were **Enlightened Despots**?

- **Absolute monarchs** who **used** some of the **Enlightenment ideas** to reform their country
- Gave people more rights

Enlightened Despots

The Enlightened Despots



What were the **causes** of the **French Revolution**?

- **Third Estate** (peasants, lower class, commoners) had to **pay all the taxes** for the 1st (Clergy-Church leaders) & 2nd (Nobles) who had more land and money.
- **Third Estate** had **no representation in government** (no one to speak up for them) - **wanted political power**
- Poor people couldn't afford food and had little land
- Citizens had few rights & were treated unfairly (**Wanted Enlightenment Ideas – Natural Rights!!**) Wanted **DEMOCRACY**
- Absolutism (leader who had total power)
 - Louis XIV (14th) - **centralized government** to increase control
 - Louis XVI (16th) - **beheaded** during the **Reign of Terror**
- **Debt** from building **Palace of Versailles** and helping **American Revolution** led to **increased bread prices** and angry Frenchmen

French Revolution Causes



What were the **key events and effects** of the **French Revolution**?

- **Estates General, Storming of the Bastille, Tennis Court Oath, Declaration of Rights of Man and Woman and Citizen**
- **REIGN OF TERROR**
 - Beheading of Louis XVI and Marie Antoinette** by **Robespierre** and the **Jacobins**
 - Guillotine** – Weapon to **Cut heads off**

Napoleon

- **Restored political stability** in France after an overthrow of the **Directory** (**Weak leadership** following Reign of Terror)
- **Napoleonic Codes** (Laws for all citizens – **Achieved Revolutionary goal of natural rights**)
- Napoleon as **Emperor** (**Failed Revolutionary goal** of electing leader/democratic government)

French Rev Events & Effects



Effects

- Death of King → creation of democracy (people power)
- Reign of terror (Robespierre)
- Rise of Napoleon → spread of nationalism → defeat by Russia's geography (scorched earth policy)
- Congress of Vienna (balance of power, restore monarchs)

- **Taxes for All (Achieved Revolutionary goal of 3rd Estate splitting taxes with 1st and 2nd)**
- Inspired **Nationalism/Nationalist feelings** throughout the world



How was **Napoleon** defeated by **Russia** during the **Napoleonic Wars**?

- **Size of Russia (very big)**
- **Climate - freezing winters**
- **Russians burned all crops (plants) – “Scorched Earth”**

Napoleon defeated by Russia



What was the **goal** or **purpose** of the **Congress of Vienna**?

- To **balance the power** between countries so that no one country had more power than others
- **Restore (bring back) monarchies** (leadership) in power before Napoleonic wars

Congress of Vienna – Balance of Power



Who were the important **leaders** of **Latin Independence** movements?

- **Toussaint L’ouverture – Haitian Revolutionary Leader – Fought against France**
- **Jose de San Martin & Miguel Hidalgo - Mexico**
- **Simon Bolivar – Argentina – Failed to unify South America because of the Andes Mountains acting as a barrier**

Latin American Revolutionary Leaders & Causes



What **inspired/caused** them to **fight**?

- **The American and French Revolution**
- **Limited rights** (not enough rights)
- **Enlightenment ideas of Natural Rights (John Locke)**
- **Nationalism – Loyalty/Love/Pride for Country/Culture**

What are the possible **impacts/effects** of **nationalism** (pride for your country/culture)?

- **United/Unify** groups of people (small states become countries - unification)
- **Italy Unified** by Garibaldi, Mazzini, Cavour and Emmanuel II
- **Germany Unified** by **Otto von Bismarck** (**Blood and Iron Speech**) & King Wilhelm I
- Cause conflicts (large countries/empires have different ethnic groups that want independence)
- Serbian Nationalists vs. Austria-Hungary - (WWI)

Nationalism Effects



Map A



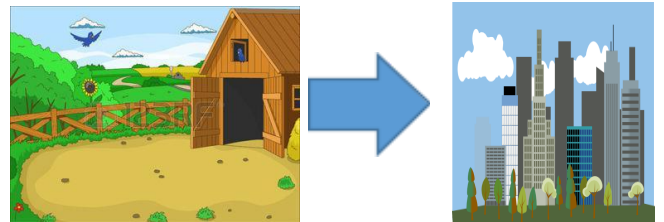
Map B



How did the **Agricultural revolution** impact society? **THINK FARMING REVOLUTION**

- More food = More people born (**increase life expectancy-people lived longer**, and birth rates)
- Caused the **Industrial Revolution & urbanization** - farmers forced to move into cities
 - workers were displaced/no longer needed on farms due to **new farming technology** like the **seed drill/crop rotations**

Agricultural Revolution Effects



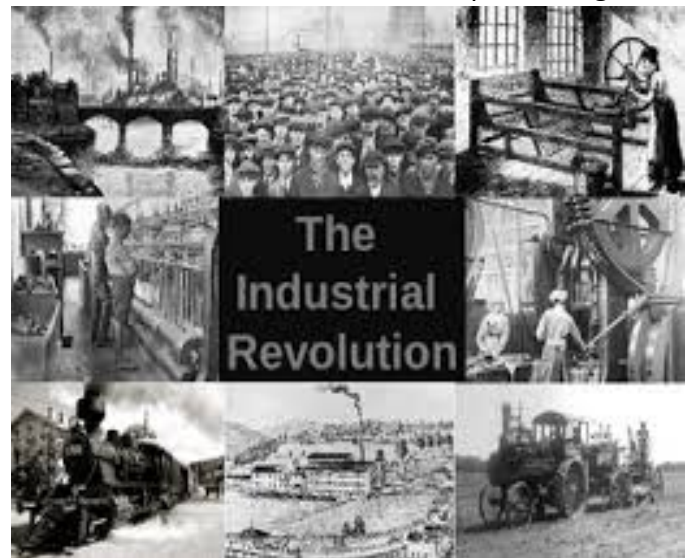
Why did the **Industrial Revolution** begin in **Great Britain**?

- Had an adequate (surplus/extra) food supply
- Close to **water** which generated (made) electricity for factories
- Natural Harbors/Ports for trading
- Britain had the money/capital for factories
- Britain had an energy revolution because of an abundant amount of natural resources (steam power & coal, iron-ore)
- Britain had an available work force following the Agricultural Revolution

Industrial Revolution Causes



Coal to power engines



What are **Capitalist** ideas?

- People can make a lot of money – **PRIVATE BUSINESSES** - entrepreneurs
- **LAISSEZ-FAIRE** - no government interference (Little government involvement)
- Supply (how much we make) is based on demand (how much people want)
- **Adam Smith**-Wrote the **Wealth of Nations**-Capitalist book - MARKET economy



Capitalism

DEFINITION OF CAPITALISM

Capitalism

an economic system in which the means of production of goods or services are privately owned and operated for a profit



What are **Communist** ideas?

- No social classes, everyone is equal
- No private property
- Everything belongs to everyone
- **Proletariat/Workers must revolt** (fight back) to improve society & **overthrow capitalist system**

Who created **Communism**?

- **Karl Marx and Friedrich Engels**
- Wrote the **Communist Manifesto**-Communist book

Communism



How did **society change** during the **Industrial Revolution**?

- **Urbanization** -people moving from the countryside (farms) to cities
- **Laissez faire** economics (government "LAZY", not involved)
- Improved transportation – trains and steamboats using steam engine
- Rise of big business
- Growth of the Middle class
- People's roles changed
- Working Class was poor, lived in slums
- Women and Children Working - Paid Less than Men

Industrial Revolution Effects



- **Dangerous working conditions** -workplace **accidents and deaths**

- **Low wages** (pay) and **long hours** (16 hour work day)



What **reforms (changes)** were made to improve the problems caused by the **Industrial Revolution**?

- **Unions** - Fight for **workers' rights** to **higher wages** (pay), **shorter hours**, and **better working conditions**
- Outlawed Slavery
- **Rights to vote (suffrage)** for all citizens
- More schools were set up (**public education** for all-boys and girls)
- **Rise in the standard of living**

Industrial Revolution Reforms – Fix Problems!!



Solidarity, June 30, 1917. The Hand That Will Rule the World—One Big Union.



Why did Irish citizens **emigrate (leave)** **Ireland** during the 1840's and 1850's?

- Because of the **potato famine** (no food) - **starved to death**

Irish Potato Famine Effects



Why did Europeans imperialize (take over) areas of India, China, Africa?

- **Industrial Revolution**
- **Natural Resources** to produce **manufactured goods** at home in factories
- **New Markets** to sell **manufactured goods** (**large populations** in **India & China**)
- **Social Darwinism** – Survival of the fittest - **Ethnocentrism**
– **Racism** – White > Colored
- **Christianity** – Educate/Save Savages

Imperialism Causes

Causes of Imperialism

ECONOMIC INTERESTS	POLITICAL & MILITARY INTERESTS
Manufacturers wanted access to natural resources. Manufacturers hoped for new markets for factory goods. Colonies offered a valuable outlet for Europe's growing population.	Merchant ships and naval vessels needed bases around the world. Western leaders were motivated by nationalism.
HUMANITARIAN GOALS	SOCIAL DARWINISM
Many westerners felt concern for their "little brothers" overseas. Missionaries, doctors, and colonial officials believed they had a duty to spread western civilization.	Many westerners viewed European races as superior to all others. They saw imperial conquest as nature's way of improving the human species.

What were the effects of Imperialism?

- **European nations controlled** regions in **Africa** and **Asia** **because** of their **superior/stronger military**

India

- **British colony** created after **British East India Company** traded with Mughals,
- **Controlled** by **telecommunication** systems & **railroads**
- **Sepoy Mutiny** – attempted to remove foreign/imperial influence

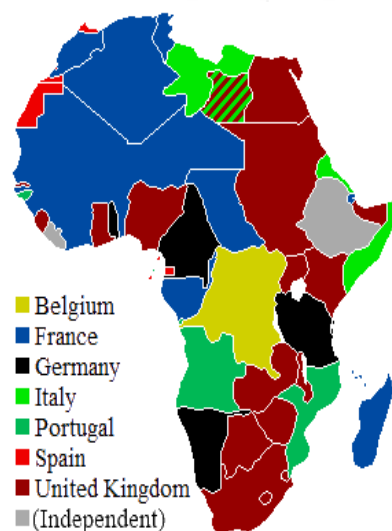
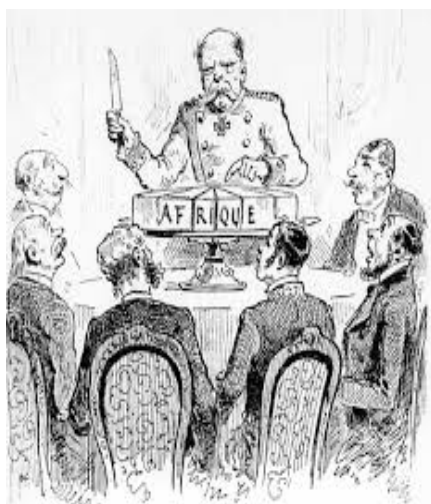
China

- **Opium War** caused China to become **sphere of influence** for many industrial nations
- **Boxer/Taiping rebellion** – remove foreign/imperial influence

Africa

- **Berlin Conference** – **Africa** **divided** by European nations with no regard to African culture
- **Suez canal** built as **strategic location** between **Africa** and **Middle East/Asia** - Europeans used **Suez Canal** for faster access to colonies

Imperialism Effects



Japan

- **Meiji Restoration** - caused by **American Commodore Matthew Perry** - removed the **Tokugawa Shogunate**
- **Became modernized** and **industrialized** - controlled Asian countries like **China** and **Korea**
- **Satisfied imperialist goals** - **NEEDED RUBBER & OIL** - **NATURAL RESOURCES**

What were the **causes of World War I?**

M – A – N – I – A

- **M – Militarism** – increase size and strength of military
- **A – Alliances** – Germany defends ally Austria-Hungary, forces France and England to defend their allies of Russia and Serbia
- **N – Nationalism** – Pride/loyalty in country – Serbian nationalists kill Austria-Hungary's leader
- **I – Imperialism** – Nations compete and fight for colonies around the world
- **A – Assassination of Archduke Ferdinand** – Balkans aka “the powder keg of Europe” - **IMMEDIATE CAUSE/SPARK** that started World War I - **Germans joined Austria Hungary in declaring war against Russia, Serbia, Britain, and France.**

Causes of World War I - MANIA

Militarism – policy of building up strong military forces to prepare for war

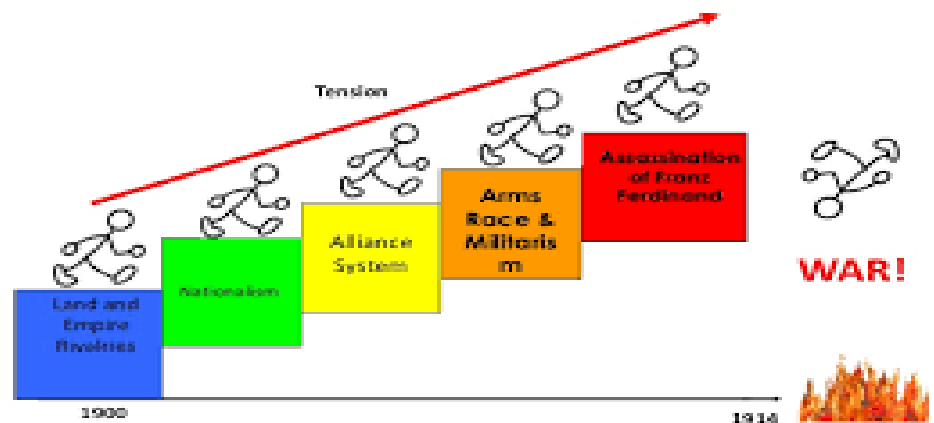
Alliances – agreements between nations to aid and protect one another

Nationalism – pride in or devotion to one's country

Imperialism – when one country takes over another country economically and politically

Assassination – murder of Austrian Archduke Franz Ferdinand

Step 5: Assassination of Franz Ferdinand



What new **warfare** was introduced during **WWI**?

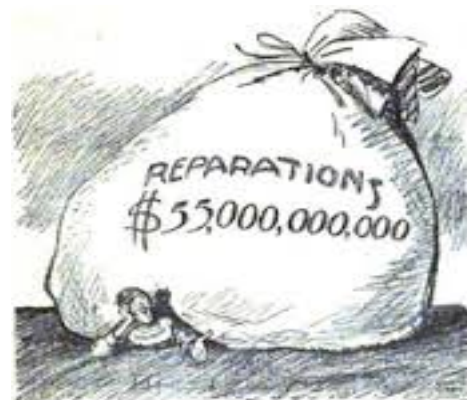
- **Chemical Weapons** – biological weapons like **poison and mustard gas**
- Machine Guns led to **Trench Warfare**
- **Trench Warfare** – Trenches dug to **avoid open fire**



How did **WWI** end?

- **Treaty of Versailles** – Germany **harshly punished**
- Germany accepts **blame**
- Germany pays **reparations, damages** from World War I
- Germany **reduces military size**
- Germany **loses land**
- **Treaty Causes Rise of Fascist Germany, Hitler & World War II**

Treaty of Versailles



What caused the Russian/Bolshevik Revolution?

- **Bloody Sunday** – Czar (leader) killed innocent Russians
- **Bolsheviks** promising land to the poor/peasants
- **Vladimir Lenin** promising “**PEACE, LAND, AND BREAD**”
- Losing Russo-Japanese War - weak military
- **Economic differences** between social classes
- **World War I Failures**

Russian Revolution



What were the effects of the Russian Revolution?

- **Lenin's Communist Russia** - First communist Government EVER!!
- **Command Economy** - Businesses **TOLD** what products to **buy/sell**
- **Government Controlled Businesses**
- **New Economic Policy** - Allowed some **elements of Capitalism**

Russian Revolution Effects



How did Joseph Stalin rule the Soviet Union?

- **Totalitarian** Regime
- Killed political **opponents**
- **Censored citizens**
- **Secret Police** - TERROR
- **5 Year Plan** – Increase Agricultural and Industrial Output (**HEAVY INDUSTRY**)
- **Collectivization** – widespread food shortage and forced famine/starvation in Ukraine.

Stalin's Soviet Union



HOLODOMOR:
STALIN'S GENOCIDAL FAMINE OF 1932-1933
DEATH TOLL: AT LEAST 4 MILLION UKRAINIANS

Holodomor (death by hunger, in Ukrainian) is the starvation of millions of Ukrainians in 1932-33 as a result of Soviet policies



FALL 1932 - SUMMER 1933

Ukrainian peasants were given impossibly high quotas for the amount of grain their villages were required to contribute to the Soviet state.

→ Because these quotas couldn't be fulfilled, special teams were sent in to search homes and confiscate all produce, including planting seeds, as "fines" for unrealistically high quotas.

→ The Ukrainian countryside was cut off and became what Stalin called a "fortress." Starving farmers were prohibited from leaving their villages to search for food. Stealing a few stalks of wheat from the collective field was punished by death.

Joseph Stalin's five-year plans were aimed at making the USSR an industrial superpower.

What caused **totalitarianism**?

- **Economic and Social Problems** like the **Great Depression** and **loss of faith in democracy**

What is **totalitarianism**?

- Citizens gave up **freedom for stability (safety)**
- Leaders have **total control**
- **State/country was more important than individuals**
- Censorship, arrests, secret police force
- **Denied basic human rights**
- **Adolf Hitler in Germany**
- **Benito Mussolini in Italy**

Totalitarianism



How did **Hitler cause World War II**?

- Policy of **Appeasement** – **AVOID CONFLICT** by **giving into demands**
Britain and France gave Hitler land in exchange for peace
- **Europeans promised to fight Hitler if he invaded Poland**
- **Hitler invaded Poland causing/starting World War II**

Causes of World War II



How did the **Russians defeat Hitler**?

- Russia's **large size**
- Russia's **harsh winters/climate**
- **Same result as Napoleon invading Russia**

Hitler Defeated by Russia



What was the **Holocaust**?

- European and German **Jews** used as an **excuse/scapegoat** for **German struggles after World War I**
- Genocide - Planned extinction/killing** of European Jewish population by the **Nazi's**
- 3 Step Process of Holocaust:
 - 1) **Take Rights Away – Nuremberg Laws**
 - 2) **Isolate from Society – Ghettos & Concentration Camps**
 - 3) **The Final Solution – Extermination Camps – Gas chambers, Shooting Squads, Death Marches**

Holocaust Causes and Effects



Victims from 1933-1945	
(Source: Wikipedia)	
Victims	Killed
Jews	5.9 million
Soviet POWs	2-3 million
Ethnic Poles	1.8-2 million
Romani	220,000-250,000
Disabled	200,000-250,000
Freemasons	80,000
Slovenes	20,000-25,000
Homosexuals	5,000-15,000
Jehovah's Witnesses	2,500-5,000

The Killing Process

- Deception was key for getting victims to follow orders.
- At Auschwitz a selection process was implemented and carried out by SS doctors.
 - Left = Death; Right = Work
 - Children, elderly, and sick were sent to the left.

Killing Centers Data



What were the **effects of WWII**?

- European domination decreased
- Nationalism** in Asia, Africa, and the Middle East **led to decolonization** (colonies gaining independence)
- Nuremberg Trials – German officials punished** for **human rights violations**
- Cold War**
 - **Russia/U.S.S.R./Soviet Union vs. U.S.A.**

WWII Effects



A Weakened Europe

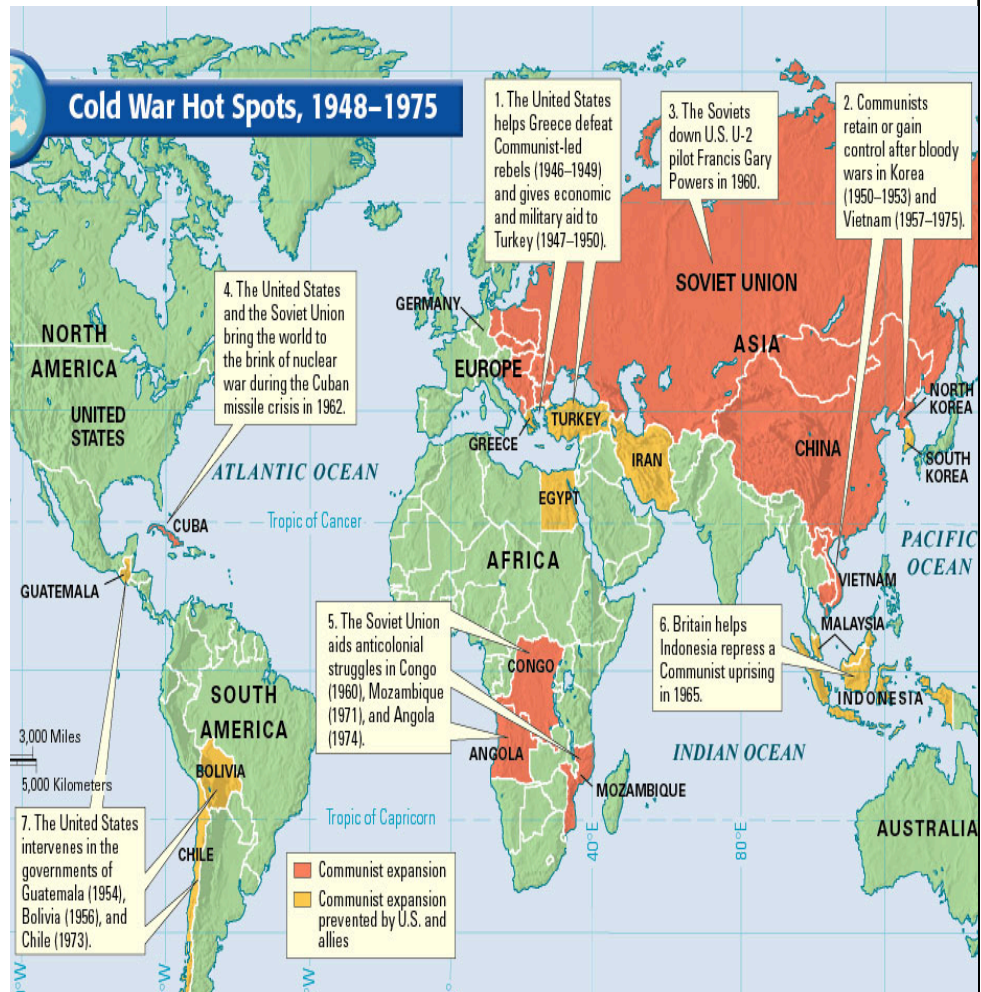
- 2) Colonial powers of Britain and France lost prestige during World War II as the United States and the USSR (Soviet Union) developed into the new superpowers.

The old European powerhouse was no longer seen as "unbeatable."

What were **Cold War** policies and events?

- **Capitalism – U.S. and NATO** vs. **Communism - USSR (Russia) and Warsaw Pact**
- **U.S. Marshall Plan & Truman Doctrine** - Support Countries with \$ to prevent spread of Communism - CONTAINMENT
- **USSR** used **military pressure** to create **Communist governments** in Eastern Europe
- **U.S.** and **Soviet Union (USSR)** avoided war to prevent global nuclear destruction (no nuclear bombs)
- Arms Race (weapons), Space Race (NASA wins)
- **Berlin Wall** – Divided Communist and Democratic Berlin
- **Korean War** (North and South Korea divided at **38th Parallel**)
- **Vietnam War** (South Communist Vietnam wins - **Ho Chi Minh**)
- Cuban and Nicaraguan Communist Revolutions - **Fidel Castro in Cuba**
- **Cuban Missile Crisis**

Cold War Policies & Events



How did **Communism Collapse**?

- **High costs** during **Cold War**
- Russian failures in Afghanistan
- Gorbachev - **Glasnost & Perestroika** - Policies to make Russia more **democratic and capitalist** - Remove/Reduce Communist ideas
- **Fall of the Berlin Wall = END OF COLD WAR!!**

Collapse of Communism



Why did Indians want independence?

- **British controlled Indian business & mistreated Indians**
- The **British** were **making money** while **Indians** were **suffering** poverty and a loss of culture
- **Desire to remove foreign/European imperialism**

Causes for Indian Independence



How did Gandhi and Indians gain their independence?

- **Indian National Congress & Muslim League** – nationalist organizations with the goal of gaining Indian independence
- **Gandhi - Passive Resistance and Civil Disobedience** (Non-violence and breaking unfair/unjust laws peacefully)
- **Gandhi - Salt March & homespun movement** – **boycott** Salt Tax & **boycott** buying British clothes (wear traditional Indian clothing)

Indian Independence Movements & Effects



What were the effects of Indian independence?

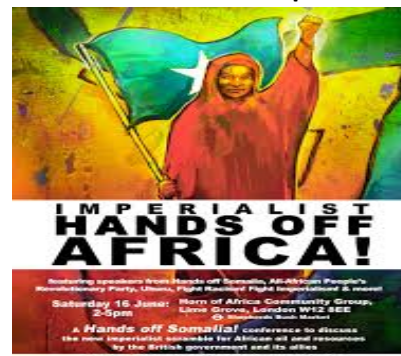
- **India and Pakistan divided (partitioned)** – India for Hindus and Pakistan for Muslims
 - **Muslims feared Hindu domination**
 - **Indians murdered** moving to new areas
- **Border disputes** for India with Pakistan and China
- India vs. Pakistan conflict over **Kashmir** - border between nations
- Nuclear weapons remain an issue



Why did Africans want independence?

- **European nations weakened after World War II** – decline of empires
- **Human rights violations** – limited rights as colonies
- **Desire to remove foreign/European imperialism**

Causes for African Independence



How did **African** nations gain their independence?

- **Strong leaders** such as **Jomo Kenyatta**, **Kwame Nkrumah**, and **Kenneth Kaunda**
- **Nationalist movements**
- **Mau Mau in Kenya** – rebelled against colonial power

African Independence Leaders & Groups

Pan-African, Independence leaders



Jomo Kenyatta
Kenya



Leopold Senghor
Senegal



Kenneth Kaunda
Zambia

What **struggles** were **Africans** faced with **after** gaining its independence?

- **Clashes/Fights** with **traditional tribes**
- **Islamic fundamentalism** (traditional Muslim ideas) vs. **Modernization** (Western ideas)
- **Ethnic/tribal differences** or traditions

African Independence Effects

Negative Effects cont'd

- Africans were not prepared for independence
- Europeans divided Africa with no regard for religious or ethnic groups
- African tribes and families were separated by unfair borders which started wars
- African cultures and traditions were lost due to separation and lack of preservation

What was the **policy of Apartheid** in South Africa?

- **Apartheid** was a series of **laws** that **segregated** and **discriminated** against the **majority black population** of **South Africa**.
- This policy was **started** and **upheld** by the **minority white** population who **held all governmental power**.

Apartheid Policies in South Africa



Some policies were:

- **Pass laws** - **passes** were **needed to travel from black to white areas**
- The **Race Classification Act**. Every citizen suspected of not being European was classified according to race.
- **The Mixed Marriages Act**. It **prohibited marriage between people of different races**.
- **Homelands and Forced Migration** - **Forced people of certain races into living in designated areas**.



How did **Nelson Mandela** help South Africa **remove Apartheid**?

- **African National Congress** – goal was to rule as majority political party
- **Mandela first practiced peaceful protests and civil disobedience but later began violent protests.**
- **Mandela was imprisoned for fighting against Apartheid**
- Nations **boycotted/did not buy economic goods** from South Africa **when Mandela was in jail** – **ECONOMIC SANCTIONS** placed on South Africa
- **Mandela was elected President following his release from prison and Apartheid laws were repealed/removed.**

Mandela Fighting Apartheid



What caused the **Chinese Communist Revolution**?

- They wanted to **eliminate democratic ideas**
- **Peasants supported Communism – promised land and power to peasants**
- **Mao Zedong** leading the Communist Chinese Revolutionaries
- **Long March - Mao escaping anti-Communist Chinese government**

Chinese Communist Revolution

Chinese Communist Revolution (1949)

Causes	Effects
-Foreign (Japan) Imperialism	-Communist state under Mao Zedong → Great Leap Forward → Cultural Revolution
- Chinese Civil War (Communist v. Nationalists)	- Equality of women
- Communists win support of peasant and women – Long March (Mao Zedong)	-Deng Xiaoping- economic freedom (Four Modernizations) but not political (Tiananmen Square) or social (censorship)

How did **Mao Zedong** lead **Communist China**?

- **The Great Leap Forward – increase industrial productivity – heavy industry**
- **Marxism – communes & collectivization**
- **No religion – religions compete for loyalty**
- **Cultural Revolution – Remove anti-communist ideas and Mao's opponents**

Mao Zedong's China

China Under Mao Zedong

- ◆ Great Leap Forward
- ◆ Cultural Revolution

Result: Commune based industries turned out poorly made goods. Agricultural output declined and led to widespread famine. Great Leap backward!

Result: For over a decade, schools and universities were closed. Created a "Lost Generation." Millions were driven from their jobs and economy slowed. Mao needed his army to restore order and control the Red Guards. Cultural Disaster!

What were the policies of **Deng Xiaoping's Communist China**?

- **Four Modernizations** – increase industrial, agricultural, defense, and science/tech productivity
- **Tiananmen Square Massacre** – Government oppression (brutal control) of citizens continued
- **Not a democratic government**

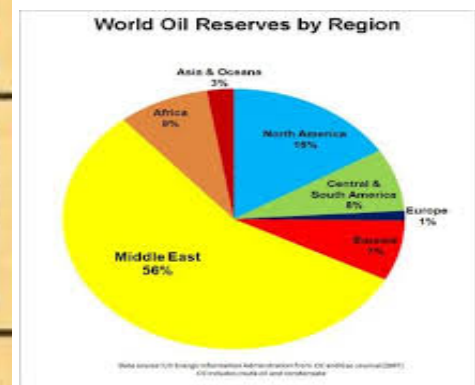
Deng Xiaoping's China



How did the **Middle East** change following World War II?

- **Zionism** – Belief in a **Jewish Homeland** – Israel created & given to Jewish followers
- **Israeli Jews vs. Palestinian Muslims**
- Palestinians want to establish a homeland
- **Arab nationalism vs. Jewish nationalism**
- **Camp David Accords** – peace treaty between Israel and Arabs
- **Saddam Hussein – Iraqi Dictator** – Persian Gulf War vs. United States
- **Oil/Petroleum is an important resource** in the **Middle East!!**
- **OPEC** created to **regulate/control oil prices**

Middle East Conflicts



How did **Kemal Atatürk** change **Turkey**?

- **Modernized**
- **Westernized**

Mustafa Kemal Atatürk

- Under Atatürk, Friday was no longer a public holiday.
- Western legal codes were adopted to replace the form of Sharia law that had been used.
- Islamic scholars were forced under state control.
- Arabic script was replaced by the Latin alphabet.
- European dress was required for both men and women.

Property of Odufthebookend and Beth Hill-Skinner

Modernization of Turkey under Atatürk



“Let them worship as they will, every man can follow his own conscience provided it does not interfere with sane reason or bid him act against the liberty of his fellow men.”

-Mustafa Kemal Atatürk

What caused the **Iranian Revolution**?

- **Failure of the leader, Shah Reza Pahlavi, to meet needs of the people**
- **Shah supported Western ideas**, not Muslim ideas - **Viewed as a PUPPET of the West**
- **Ayatollah Khomeini**, leader, who **supported Islamic fundamentalism** – Sharia law – **Muslims wanting to keep traditional beliefs**
- **Khomeini and traditionalists rejected Western and modern beliefs** including **increased women's rights**

Causes of Iranian Revolution

Iranian Revolution (1979)	
Causes	Effects
-Corrupt Shah	-Islamic Fundamentalist Gov't led by Ayatollah Khomeini (Islamic Fundamentalism → movement that opposes Westernization and supports traditional Islam)
- Anti-Western feelings	-U.S. Hostage Crisis
-Rise in Islamic Fundamentalism	- Anti-Iraq, Anti-West, Anti-Secular (Secular = non-religious)



What were the **effects** of the **Iranian Revolution**?

- Iran - **FIRST Islamic Republic**
- Iran returned to **traditional customs/beliefs**
- **Sharia Law** – **limited rights for women**
- **Islamic fundamentalism**

Iranian Revolution Effects

