Your Paper's Title Starts Here: Please Center, Use Tnr 20pt., Bold

Full First Author[1,*], Full Second Author[2] and Full Third Author[3] (TRN 11pt., centred)

[1]Full affiliation of first author, including country (TRN 10pt. centred)

[2]Full affiliation of second author, including country

[3]List all affiliation in the same way

*Corresponding author

Abstract.

Here write the abstract - 200 – 250 words (TNR 12 pt. alignment in block, spacing 1.0). An abstract is a single paragraph summary of completed work or work in progress. The abstract should be informative and completely self-explanatory, briefly present the topic, state the scope of the work, indicate significant data, and point out major findings and conclusions. Complete sentences, active verbs, and the third person should be used, and the abstract should be written in the past tense. No literature should be cited. Articles written in Bahasa Melayu should provide an English version of the abstract.

Keywords: key word, key word, key word (max 5 key words. The keywords should preferably reflect the discipline, sub-discipline, theme, research design and context of the study)

1. Introduction (TNR 14pt., bold)

The main text, (TNR 12pt., alignment in block, spacing 1.0). The opening statements. The first task of the article is to introduce the background and nature of the problem being investigated. The introduction can be described as "an executive summary that gives the reader an overview of the article. The introduction must attract the reader's attention by stimulating interest, desire and action. The recommended length is between 500 – 1000 words.

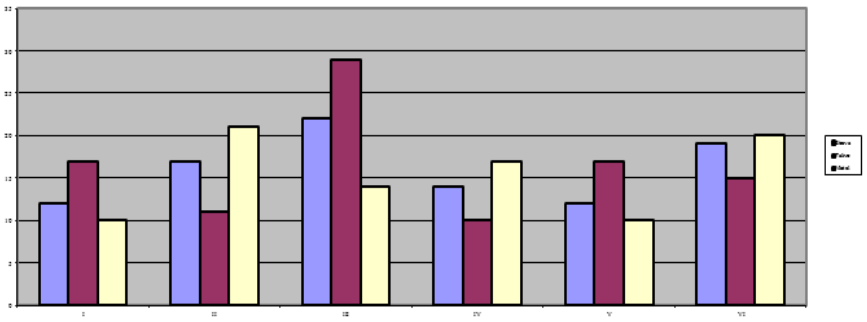


Figure 1: Figure description (TNR 10pt., centered, italics)

Source: (TNR 10pt. italics)

1.1 Title of the 2nd level (TNR 12pt., bold)

Text, text.

1.1.1 Title of the 3rd level (TNR 12pt., bold)

Text, text.

Tables and figures should be numbered and references to them must be in the text. Acceptable labelling for a table is Tab.1 and Fig. 1 for a figure.

Table 1: Table description (TNR 10pt., italics)

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Source: (TNR 10pt., italics)

Equations

Equations (refer with: Eq. 1, Eq. 2,...) should be placed in the middle, denoted by numbers in round parentheses and transformed by equation conversion manager, **do not use Print Screen or jpg format**. For example:

$$r_i - r_f = \beta_i (r_M - r_f), i = 1, 2, ..., n \tag{1}$$

2. Body of paper (TNR 14pt., bold)

The article must be divided into chapters. *Introduction* and *conclusion* are obligatory. It is recommended to adjust body of the paper to the common organization structure of scientific papers – ***IMRaD (Introduction, Methods, Results and Discussion).***

3. Discussion (TNR 14pt., bold)

The discussion should interpret the findings in view of the results obtained in this and past studies on the topic. State the conclusion in a few sentences at the end of the paper. The results and discussion section can include sub-headings and when appropriate, both sections can be combined.

4. Implications and Direction for Future Research (TNR 14pt., bold)

Discuss insightful (i.e. non-obvious) directions or opportunities for future research on the topic. Discuss the practical implications of the study. Highlight the main limitations of the study that could influence its internal and external validity.

Acknowledgment (TNR 12pt. bold)

This paper is an output of the science project…

References (TNR 14pt., bold)

For each work shown in the list of references must be a reference in the text. All citations in the text and all references must meet APA styles (American Psychological Association 6th edition – more information http://www.apastyle.org/).

(Book style - Author, year. *Title (in italics).* Publisher, location of publisher.**)**

Cichocki, A. and Unbehaven, R., (1993). *Neural Networks for Optimization and Signal Processing*, 1st ed. Chichester, U.K.: Wiley.

Chen, W. K. (1993). *Linear Networks and Systems*, Belmont, CA: Wadsworth, pp. 123-135.

(Journal - Author, year. Paper title. *Journal name (in italics)*, volume and issue numbers, inclusive pages.**)**

Chen, S., Mulgrew, B. and Granta, P. M. (1993). "A clustering technique for digital communications channel equalization using radial basis function networks," *IEEE Trans. on Neural Networks*, vol. 4, pp. 570-578.

Hill, R. M. (1997). The single-vendor single-buyer integrated production–inventory model with a generalized policy, *European Journal of Operational Research*, vol. 97, pp. 493-499.

(Online Sources style)

Vidmar, R. J. (August 1992). On the use of atmospheric plasmas as electromagnetic reflectors. IEEE Trans. Plasma Sci. [Online]. 21(3). pp. 876-880. Available: http://www.halcyon.com/pub/journals/21ps03-vidmar

(Conference paper or contributed volume - Author, year, paper title. *Proceedings title (in italics)*. City, country, inclusive pages.**)**

Beck, K. and Ralph, J. (1994). Patterns Generates Architectures. *Proceedings of European Conference of Object-Oriented Programming.* Bologna, Italy, pp. 139-149.