## GEOGRAPHY - Concept Knowledge Map (DRAFT #4 21/11/22)

Disciplinary Concepts (Knowledge Categories) are taken from the Geography Curriculum Companion







Physical features



Human

**Pattern** 

colonialism,

i) Compare and Contrast

i) Interconnections

**Diversity** 



Diversity



Physical processes

**Communicate Geographically** 

Compass points, distance, travel routes





Threshold Concepts	Place
Disciplinary Concepts:	Location: Locality, country, region, place,
Substantive Concepts	environments, biome, habitat, climate zones
	Physical Features: landscape, climate, weather, resources, oceans, mountains, rivers and coasts, atmosphere, rainforests,
	Human Features: Settlement, population, density, transport network, land use: urban rural

## **Physical Processes: Techniques** Climate, Ocean Currents, erosion, i) Fieldwork Techniques: weathering, water cycle, ecosystem, Observation, Measurement (distance, weather systems, seasons, temperature, frequency), recording data, habitats, techtonics classification, photography, graphs, symbolic representation (using symbols) **Human Processes:** Travel, Tourism, Economy, Trade, ii) Mapping: Import & Export, Migration, Industry, Maps, routes, symbols, Pictorial Farming, Government, Politics, Representations, Coordinates borders, Environmental impact, Atlas, Globe, Continents and Oceans, Climate Change, Pollution, Extreme Regions weather, Population Growth,

iii)Directions:

			ii) Changes iii) Impact iv) Sustainability	
		Four	dation Stage	
Year Group	Unit	Place	Pattern	Communicate Geographically
Nursery	All about (around) me	Human Features: Transport  Physical Features:	Human Processes: Types of travel Physical Processes:	Techniques: Directions and Distance: from school, how we travel (walking / types of transport)  Mapping the classroom - pictorial representation
	All about vehicles.	Human Features: Transport - how we travel, where can we go?	Human Processes: Types of travel Physical Processes:	Techniques:
	All about the weather	Physical Features: Describing the weather - weather in different places we know (holidays)?	Physical Processes: How does the weather change? How does the weather affect us? (clothing)	Techniques: Observing and classifying the weather and seasons - weather words
		Human Features:  Location: Holiday location	Human Processes:  Diversity: Change (different weather)	
Recepti on	All about me and my family	Location: Where I live, types of building, places and weather,	Human Processes: Travel: examples of family in different countries and holidays. Transport to different countries.	Techniques: Routes to the park. Mapping the outdoor area (symbolic and pictorial) representations Observing and discussing maps and photographs of the local area. Looking at globes, aerial photographs and maps with children.
	All about the	Physical Features: describing the	Physical Processes:	Observing, recording and classifying

	Seasons and Weather	natural world around us .	Describes the impact of changing weather and seasons on their daily life	the seasons and seasonal changes
	Where animals and plants live (Habitats)	Physical Features: Describing different habitats  Location:	Physical Processes: Describe different habitats around us	Techniques: Maps
		M	ilestone 1	
Year Group	Unit	Place	Pattern	Communicate Geographically
Year 1	Local Area: United Kingdom	Location: Locality: our local area Country: British Isles, U.K., Great Britain Region: The UK is part of the continent of Europe. Capital cities (of the UK)  Physical Features: The British Isles and the seas that surround them.	Human Process: Government and Monarchy	Techniques: Mapping: looking at maps of our local area and the UK.
	Climate & Weather	Physical Features: Weather: what is weather Climate  Location: Climate zones: Hot and cold regions	Physical Process: Weather systems and seasons. Habitats.  Human Features: Climate differences  Diversity: Compare and contrast (parts of the world - Hot and cold)	Techniques: Fieldwork techniques: observe the weather as it is happening. Record weather data.  Mapping: World maps (hot and cold regions) Weather symbols.
	Describing Maps	Location: Create maps of our local area (school,		Mapping: Create maps with a compass rose.

		classroom)		Read maps using a compass rose. Read pictorial representations on a map.  Directions: Follow compass points
Year 2	Continents and Oceans (specific focus on Antarctica)  Describing Maps of the World 2	Location: environment, habitat, climate zones  Physical features: oceans, landscape, resources  Human features: population (of Antarctica)	Physical Processes: climate, habitat  Human Processes: extreme weather  Diversity: compare and contrast (deserts, poles)	Techniques:  (i) fieldwork techniques: symbolic representation  (ii) mapping: map, atlas, globe, continents and oceans  (iii) directions: compass points
	Australia Sydney Great Barrier Reef Daintree Rainforest Aboriginal People/Uluru	Location: country, place, environment, habitat  Physical Features: landscape, climate, weather, resources, oceans, mountains, coasts  Human Features: settlement, urban, rural	Physical Processes: seasons, habitat  Human Processes: tourism, environmental impact, pollution  Diversity: compare and contrast (Australia and UK)	Techniques: (i) fieldwork techniques: symbolic representation (ii) mapping: maps, atlas, globe, continents and oceans (iii) directions: compass points, distance
	The United Kingdom Scotland Edinburgh	Location: locality, country, place, habitat, environment  Physical Features: landscape, climate, weather, mountains, rivers and coasts  Human features: settlement, population, urban, rural	Physical Processes: climate, habitat  Human Processes: travel, tourism, farming, government  Diversity: compare and contrast (London and Edinburgh)	Techniques: (i) fieldwork techniques: symbolic representation  (ii)mapping: maps, symbols, pictorial representations, atlas  (iii) compass points, distance

	Milestone 2					
Year Group	Unit	Place	Pattern	Communicate Geographically		
Year 3	Describing Maps of the World #2			Mapping: hemispheres, tropics and Equator		
	Europe	Location: Locality and Place, Country, Region, Continent		Mapping: countries of Europe (identify, label, describe) Borders, Atlas (explain) Compass points. OS Map Symbols - Route Plans Hemispheres, Tropics and Equator,		
	Europe: Population	Human features: Settlement, Population	Human Processes: Tourism, borders  Diversity: Compare and contrast Similarity & difference	Mapping: Maps, Atlas, Globe, Continents and Oceans, Direction: compass points,		
	Europe: Rivers Danube	Physical Features: landscape, climate, weather, resources, rivers and coasts,  Human Features: Settlements, Transport Networks	Physical Processes: Climate, Ocean Currents, erosion, weathering, water cycle, ecosystem, habitat  Human Processes: Travel, Tourism, Economy, Trade,	Mapping: Maps, Atlas, Countries, Regions Continents		
	Europe: Mountains Alps	Physical Features: Mountains, landscape	Physical Processes: Weathering			
	Transportation: Cities  National and	Location: Locality, country, region, place	Physical Processes: Climate	Mapping: Maps, routes,		
	International Networks	Physical Features: landscape, climate,	Human Processes: Travel, Import & Export,	Direction: compass points, distance, travel		

		Human Features: Settlement, population, density, transport network,	Diversity: Sustainability and Change (Environmental, Climate, Pollution)	
Year 4	Describing Maps of the World #3	Location: Locality, country, region, place, environment,		Techniques i) Fieldwork Techniques: Observation, Measurement (distance, temperature, frequency) ii) Mapping: Maps, Atlas, Globe, Continents and Oceans, iii)Directions: distance
	Erosion and Deposition  - Rivers  - Coasts  - Coastal Management	Location: Locality, environment,  Physical Features: Landscape, oceans, mountains, rivers and coasts,  Human Features: Settlement, population,	Physical Processes: Ocean Currents, erosion, weathering,  Diversity i) Compare and Contrast ii) Changes iii) Impact	Techniques i) Fieldwork Techniques: Observation
	The Water Cycle	Location: environment  Physical Features: weather, mountains, rivers and coasts, atmosphere	Physical Processes: water cycle, weather systems, seasons  Diversity: i) Compare and Contrast i) Interconnections	
	Clouds and precipitation	Physical Features: climate, weather, oceans, mountains, rivers and coasts, atmosphere	Physical Processes: Climate, water cycle, weather systems, seasons	Techniques: i) Fieldwork Techniques: Observation (Going outside to observe the different types of clouds)

		Diversity: i) Compare and Contrast (Comparing the different types of cloud) i) Interconnections (Connecting with the water cycle)	
Climate Change	Physical Features: climate, atmosphere  Human Features: population, transport, land use: urban	Physical Processes: Climate  Human Processes: Travel, Industry, Farming, Environmental impact, Climate Change, Pollution, Extreme weather, Population Growth  Diversity: ii) Changes iii) Impact iv) Sustainability	
International Trade: Natural Resources Tourism Food and drink	Location: Locality, country, region, place, environment,  Physical Features: landscape, climate, weather, resources, oceans, atmosphere  Human Features: population, density, transport network, land use: urban, rural	Physical Processes: Climate, weather systems, seasons  Human Processes: Travel, Tourism, Economy, Trade, Import & Export, Migration, Industry, Farming, Government, Politics, borders  Sustainability: i) Change (Environmental, Climate, Pollution) ii) Impact (Extreme weather, growth) iii) Compare and contrast iv) Similarity & difference	Fieldwork Techniques: Observation, Measurement (distance, temperature, frequency), recording data, classification, graphs, symbolic representation (using symbols)  Mapping: Maps, routes, symbols, Pictorial Representations, Atlas, Globe, Continents and oceans  Direction: distance, travel

	Milestone 3					
Year Group	Unit	Place	Pattern	Communicate Geographically		
Year 5	Mapping The World (M1) Revision	Location Country, continents, Climate Zones  Physical features Oceans	Human processes Borders	Mapping: 4 figure grid references Globe, continents, pictorial representations, atlas, maps,		
	North America: (Population, Rivers and Mountains)	Physical Features Rivers (Colorado), Mountains (Rockies), landscape, climate, weather, atmosphere  Human Features settlement, population density, land use, urban, rural	Physical Processes Erosion (Colorado river), habitat (Lacandon rainforest), tectonics (Rockies mountain range), climate change, faming, extreme weather  Human Processes Travel, migration, colonialism, population growth	Mapping Continents and oceans.		
	Biomes: Taiga, Tropical Rainforest,	Physical Features Rainforest, Biome,	Physical Processes Ecosystem, weather systems, habitat, environmental impact	Mapping: Climate Zones (Deserts and Tropical)		
	Earthquakes and Volcanoes Pacific Ring	Physical Features Volcanoes, mountains, earthquakes	Physical Processes Ecosystem, tectonics, ecosystem	Mapping Map, Atlas, Globe, continents		
Year 6	Using Maps: Six Figure Grid References			ii) Mapping: Maps, routes, symbols, Pictorial Representations, Coordinates Atlas, Globe, Continents and Oceans,  iii) Directions: Compass points, distance, travel routes		

Water Cycle (revision topic)  Local Study - Silk Stream Flood Management Project  This is a proposed unit in development	Physical Features Rivers (Silkstream), weather, atmosphere, landscape,  Human Features settlement, population density, land use	Physical Process: The Water Cycle Rivers & Flooding (Local Study)  Diversity: Sustainability - Natural Flood Management Impact (flooding)	Techniques: i) Fieldwork Techniques: Observation, Measurement (distance, temperature, frequency), recording data, classification, photography, graphs,
Biomes and climate zones  Ocean Currents	Location: Locality, country, region, place, environment, biome, habitat, climate zones	Physical Processes: Climate, Ocean Currents, ecosystem,	Mapping: Features of the Globe & Atlas, Regions, Hemispheres, Tropics and Equator
Ice/ Polar Biome  Marine Biome  Freshwater Biome	Physical Features: landscape, climate, weather, resources, oceans, mountains, rivers and coasts, atmosphere  Human Features: Settlement, population, density, transport network, land use: urban, rural	Diversity i) Compare and Contrast i) Interconnections ii) Changes iii) Impact iv) Sustainability	