### Lesson 0.3 - Build Your First Game

#### **Duration**

60-65 minutes

# **Learning Objectives**

By the end of this lesson, students will be able to:

- 1. Understand the concept of programming as giving instructions to a computer.
- 2. Identify and use basic motion and control blocks in CreatiCode.
- 3. Use conditional "if then" and sensing "touching" blocks
- 4. Use a loop to repeat actions.
- 5. Add a score variable to track game progress
- 6. Build an interactive game where a cat moves to collect apples.

# **Preparation Steps**

- Ensure all students have access to CreatiCode accounts.
- Confirm internet access and working computers.
- Tutorial Reference: "New features of the CreatiCode playground"

# **Lesson Outline**

- 1. Introduction to Programming (5 minutes)
  - Programming is giving instructions to a computer to make it do what you want.

 "Today we're going to make a game where you use the keyboard to move the dog sprite to "eat" the apple!"

#### 2. Step-by-Step Progression (60 minutes)

- Step 1: Reopen Last Lesson's Project (5 mins)
- Step 2: Set the Start Point (5 mins)

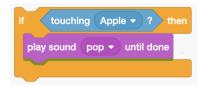


Key Points:

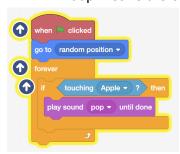
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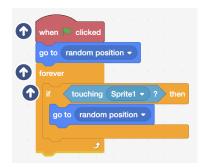
- Each sprite has its own code area. You need to add the same blocks to both the dog and the apple.
- Step 3: Build the Core Game for the Dog (10 mins)
  - o If...then...



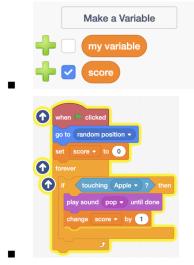
- P.S. Students will find out that there is no sound played when run this code because there is a lack of a forever loop.
- Step 4: Add a Forever Loops (15 minutes)
  - Introduce *loop* 
    - A loop means the code runs again and again.



- Step 5: Build the Core Game for the Apple (10 mins)
  - Student activity



- Step 6: Add a Score (10 minutes)
  - Introduce variables
    - A variable is a value that can change while the game is running like a score or timer.
  - Teacher's Demonstration:



- Students' Practice
  - Add a variable
  - (Optional) Students could change the variable name and how much it increases.
    - E.g. if touching Dog, then change BOOM by 200
- Step 5: Clean-up and Feedback (10 minutes)
  - The order doesn't matter.
  - o Ask students to name, save, share their project
  - Invite 1–2 students to share or explain what they added

## **Assessment**

#### **Formative**

- Are students able to:
  - o move the dog and detect apple contact
  - o use if then, forever, and change score blocks correctly

#### **Student Evidence**

- A working game where dog moves, apple disappears, and score updates
- Use of motion + conditional + loop + variable blocks

## **Extensions & Differentiation**

#### For Advanced Students

- Use different sprites
- Change the size of the apple when play the game
- Change the size of the dog when play the game (snake game)
- Set a victory sound when score reaches certain amount

### For Students Needing Extra Support

- Provide starting blocks as scaffolding
- Pair programming or peer walkthroughs

## **Notes for Teachers**

- Guide students step by step—don't show the full code at once.
- Emphasize testing after adding each block.
- Remind students to start scripts with the green flag.
- Use errors as learning moments (e.g., "Why didn't the score increase?").
- Encourage saving and naming projects clearly.
- Provide block examples or pair students if needed.