

3.3 - liking things - *mít rád*



mít rád

The construction for saying that you like someone or something is the verb *mít* in combination with the word *rád/a/i*. The person or thing you like should be put into the accusative case since it is the direct object of your liking. See the following examples:

Mám rád guláš.

I like goulash.

Sára má ráda Václava.

Sára likes Václav.

Zbyněk a Lucie mají rádi pivo.

Zbyněk and Lucie like beer.

The verb *mít* is conjugated normally

<i>já</i>	<i>mám rád mám ráda</i>	<i>my</i>	<i>máme rádi / rády¹</i>
<i>ty</i>	<i>máš rád máš ráda</i>	<i>vy</i>	<i>máte rádi / rády</i> <u>singular formal</u> <i>máte rád</i>

¹ *rádi* is used for masculine animate subjects, *rády* for feminine

			<i>máte ráda</i>
<i>on, ona, ono</i>	<i>má rád má ráda</i>	<i>oni / ony (ona)</i>	<i>mají rádi / rády</i>

Expressing you ***don't like*** - *nemít rád*



If you wish to express 'don't/doesn't like' in Czech, then the verb *mít* is negated, as in the examples which follow:

Nemám rád pivo.

I don't like beer.

Sára nemá ráda guláš

Sára doesn't like goulash.

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