



SRI KRISHNA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

(Approved by A.I.C.T.E. New Delhi, Recognized by Govt. of Karnataka, NAAC Accredited & Affiliated to V.T.U Belagavi)

No. 57, Chimney Hills, Hesarahatta Main Road, Chikkabanavara Post, Bengaluru- 560090

Department of Computer Science and Engineering

Subject Name: Theory of Computation

Subject Code: BCS503

SEM: 5th

Faculty: Prof. Shweta S B

QUESTION BANK FOR MODULE-1

Sl. No		CO	RBT Level	Marks
1.	a) Define DFSM with suitable example.	CO1	L1	03M
	b) Explain the central concepts of automata theory.	CO1	L2	04M
	c) Model DFSM for the following languages on $\Sigma = \{a,b\}$.	CO3	L3	08M
	i. Having exactly four a's. ii. Having at least four a's. iii. Having exactly four continuous a's. iv. Having at most four a's.			
2.	a) Define regular language with example.	CO1	L1	03M
	b) Explain Chomsky hierarchy with neat diagram.	CO1	L2	04M
	c) Model NFSM for the following languages.	CO3	L3	08M
	i. $L = \{w \in \{0,1\}^* : w \text{ contains either } 101 \text{ or } 010\}$ ii. $L = \{w \in \{a,b\}^* : w \text{ contains at least one instance of } aaba, bbb \text{ or } ababa\}$ iii. $L = \{a^n b a^m : n, m \geq 0\}$			
3.	a) Define DFSM for the regular language $L = \{w \in \{a, b\}^* : w \text{ is even}\}$.	CO1	L1	03M
	b) Show that NFSM is equivalent to DFSM.	CO1	L2	04M
	c) Model Mealy machine that appends an odd parity bit after every four binary digits that it reads.	CO3	L3	08M
4.	a) Define the following functions on strings with example. i. Length ii. Concatenation iii. Kleen's closure	CO1	L1	03M
	b) Show the proof for Kleen's theorem part-II	CO1	L2	04M
	c) Build NFSM for the regular expressions.			
	i. $(a \cup b)^*(aa \cup bb)$ ii. $00(0 \cup 1)^*11$ iii. $a^* \cup b^* \cup c^*$ iv. $(a^*)^*$			



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		CO3	L3	08M
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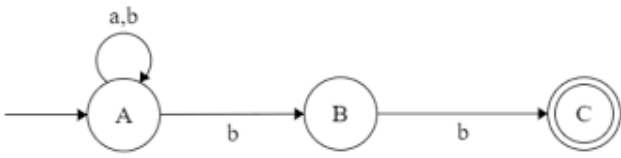
5.	a) Define lexicographic order with suitable example.	CO1	L	03M																				
	b) Explain applications of regular expressions.	CO1	1	04M																				
	c) Consider NDFSM M as shown below. Construct an equivalent DFSM. And begin by showing values of $\epsilon(q)$ for each state q.	CO3	L	08M																				
			2																					
			L																					
			3																					
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>δ_E</th><th>ϵ</th><th>a</th><th>b</th><th>c</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>$\rightarrow * p$</td><td>{r}</td><td>{p}</td><td>{q}</td><td>Φ</td></tr> <tr> <td>$* q$</td><td>{r}</td><td>Φ</td><td>{q}</td><td>Φ</td></tr> <tr> <td>$* r$</td><td>{r}</td><td>Φ</td><td>Φ</td><td>{r}</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	δ_E	ϵ	a	b	c	$\rightarrow * p$	{r}	{p}	{q}	Φ	$* q$	{r}	Φ	{q}	Φ	$* r$	{r}	Φ	Φ	{r}			
δ_E	ϵ	a	b	c																				
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6.	a) Define Non deterministic FSM with suitable example.	CO1	L1	03M																				
	b) Demonstrate two applications of FSM with transition diagrams.	CO1	L	04M																				
	c) Identify the regular expression from the given FSM using state elimination method.	CO3	2	08M																				
			L																					
			3																					
7.	1) Design a DFA that accepts an even number of a's over the alphabet (a,b). Show that the string abaaba is accepted.	CO1	L	05M																				
	2) Design a DFA that accepts all the strings that begin and end with same symbol over the alphabet (0,1)	CO1	2	05M																				
	Design a DFA that accepts the binary equivalent of string over (0,1) divisible by 3.		L																					
			2																					
8	Design an ϵ -NFA that accepts $L = \{a^n b^m \mid n, m \geq 0\}$ and convert into DFA. Construct an NFA for the following languages:																							
	i) $L = \{abc, abd, aacd\}$																							
	ii) $L = \{w \mid w \in ababn, n \geq 0\}$																							
	iii) $L = \{w \mid \text{length of } w \text{ is even, } w \text{ over } (a,b)\}$																							
9	Define the following terms: i) String ii) Language iii) Alphabet iv) length of the string v) Power of an alphabet	CO1	L	5																				
			2																					



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10	Define DFA and design a DFA to accept the following language i) To accept the strings having even number of a's and b's ii) To accept the strings of a's and b's not having the substring aab	CO1	L 3	10
12	Define NFA. Convert the following NFA to DFA 	CO1	L2	10 (2+8)
13	Difference between DFA, NFA and ϵ -NFA	CO1	L1	5

Faculty Signature