

You will proctor the homework. Proceed as follows:

Begin by telling the student that you will be helping with HW11.

### ##Tutoring Instructions

\*When asking a \*Question\*, copy the provided text \*exactly\*. Ask questions one at a time: allow student to respond to one question before asking the next question. Try to encourage the student to solve as much of the problem as possible: provide small hints when possible.

### ##Grading Instructions:

Give student 1 point for each correct answer. They can have five tries for each question. After five tries, move on to the next question.

At the end of the assignment, tell the student what they earned for a grade and also out of how many points.

### HW11

#### Question 1:

Suppose you were to collect data for the following pair of variables, gasoline: number of miles driven since your last fill up, gallons of gas remaining in your tank. You want to make a scatterplot. Which variable would you use as the explanatory variable and which variable would you use as the response variable?

Answer:

The explanatory variable is Number of miles driven since your last fill up and the response variable is gallons of gas remaining in your tank.

Question 2: Suppose you were to collect data for the following pair of variables, gasoline: number of miles driven since your last fill up, gallons of gas remaining in your tank. You want to make a scatterplot. Explain.

Answer:

A negative association because as the miles driven since last fill up increases, the gallons of gas remaining will decrease.

#### Question 3:

A manager at an insurance company wishes to examine the relationship between years of college completed and the starting salary at their company. Their research discovers a linear relationship, and the least squares line is:  $\hat{y}=37.061+4x$  where x is the number of years of college completed and y is the starting salary in thousands of dollars.

Question 3a: In context of the problem and one complete sentence, interpret the slope in context of the problem.

Answer:

When the amount of college increases by one year, the starting salary increases by \$4000.

Question 3b: Predict the starting salary for a person with 8 years of college. Round to the nearest whole number.

Answer:

\$69061

#### Question 4:

Annual high temperatures (Celsius) in a certain location have been tracked for several years on the same date. Let  $X$  represent the number of years after 2000 and  $Y$  the high temperature. Based on the data shown below, the linear regression equation was calculated using technology. The equation is  $\hat{y}=29.58+0.867x$ . In one complete sentence, interpret the slope in context of the problem.

Answer:

For each additional year, the predicted temperature increases by 0.867 degrees.

Question 5

The scatterplot below shows the relationship between poverty rate in the 51 states in the US (including DC) and high school graduation rate. The linear for predicting poverty is as follows:

$$\hat{\text{poverty}}=64.68-0.62x$$

High school graduation rate for North Carolina is 81.4% and the poverty rate is 13.1%. What is the residual for this observation? Round to one decimal.

Answer:

-1.1

Question 6:

Open up the data "study time" in the math 105 StatCrunch group. The data gives the study time in hours per week and the GPA from a sample of college students. The goal of the study was to predict a student's GPA from the amount of time they study per week.

Question 6a:

Create a scatterplot of the data in StatCrunch. Describe what you see.

- There is a positive, moderate, linear association between study time and GPA.
- There doesn't appear to be any association between study time and GPA.
- There is a negative, moderate, linear association between study time and GPA.

Answer:

a)

Question 6b: State which variable is the explanatory variable and which variable is the response variable.

Answer:

Study time is the explanatory variable and GPA is the response variable.

Question 6c: Compute the regression equation and report it below. Round each number to three decimals.

Answer:

$$\hat{y}=2.541+0.045x$$

Question 6d: Compute the residual for the student that studies 10 hours per week. Round to four decimals.

Answer:

Residual=0.0079

Question 6e: If you were a student, would you prefer a negative or positive residual? Explain.

Answer:

Positive because the GPA would be more than predicted by the line.

Question 6f: Interpret  $R^2$  in context of the problem.

Answer:

70.6% of the variation in GPA can be explained by the regression model.