

## **TITLE OF ARTICLE (Time New Roman (TNR), 14 , Bold)**

**Name of First Author<sup>1\*</sup>, Name of Second Author<sup>2</sup>, and Other Author<sup>3</sup> (TNR, 11 , Bold)**

<sup>1,2</sup>Department, Faculty, University, Country (TNR, 10)

<sup>3</sup> Department, Faculty, University, Country (TNR, 10)

\* Corresponding Author: Author@gmail.com

***Abstract :** The abstract is written in one paragraph, single-spaced, containing a maximum of 150 - 250 words. The abstract should be written in Indonesian and English. The abstract must contain research objectives, methods, research results, and conclusions. At the end of the paragraph, recommendations for limitation and future research can also be given. (TNR, 10, Italic)*

***Keywords :** Include five keywords, each separated by a semicolon (;). Choose keywords that make it easier for your article to be found by search engines. (TNR, 10, Italic)*

### **INTRODUCTION (TIMES NEW ROMAN, 12 pt, BOLD)**

The author must write (in sequence) the background, previous literature review (state of the art) as the basis for "gap analysis", statement of scientific novelty of the article, research problem, and hypothesis (if any). The introduction is not allowed to have a separate literature review in a separate subheading as in the research report, but is written integrated with the explanation of the research background so that the literature review can show the state of the art or novelty of scientific findings. Furthermore, the author should write the research objectives at the end of the introduction where the objectives fill the research gaps that have been described previously in the development of the study. (Times New Roman, 12 pt, 1 Space)

### **METHODOLOGY (TIMES NEW ROMAN, 12 pt, BOLD)**

The method section contains an explanation of the type of research/research design. This section describes the number of subjects and subject characteristics along with demographic data (Azwar, 2007). In quantitative research, if the research uses a certain measuring instrument, it is necessary to convey the name of the measuring instrument, the number of items, the reliability coefficient, and the data analysis method used. In qualitative research, explain the qualitative perspective used, to the method of data collection and analysis (Willig, 2008). (Times New Roman, 12, 1 Space)

### **RESULTS AND DISCUSSION (TIMES NEW ROMAN, 12 pt, BOLD)**

The results and discussion contain two parts, namely the first, the results of the research findings and the second, namely the discussion. Write down scientific findings obtained from the results of research that has been carried out supported by adequate data. Research results and findings must be able to answer the hypothesis and/or research questions in the introduction. Next, the second part, namely the discussion, contains scientific debates on the results or research findings compared with previous studies. Where then you will be able to see the practical and theoretical contribution of this research, generally to the development of the body of knowledge. (Times New Roman, 12, 1 Space)

### **CONCLUSION (TIMES NEW ROMAN, 12 pt, BOLD)**

The Conclusion section describes the answer to the hypothesis and/or research objectives or scientific findings obtained. Conclusions do not contain a repetition of the results and discussion, but rather a summary of the findings as expected by the research objectives. Then also tell us about the practical or theoretical contribution of this research. Especially for development of topics and body of knowledge. At the end of the conclusion, write limitations and further ideas from this research. (Times New Roman, 12 pt, 1 Space)

### **ACKNOWLEDGMENT (Optional) (TIMES NEW ROMAN, 12 pt, BOLD)**

It is optional related if this research article is the result of an activity that has a funding source (grant) from a certain institution, it can also be addressed to parties who are considered very helpful in the preparation process and other matters related to research. (Times New Roman, 12 pt, 1 Space)

### **REFERENCES (TIMES NEW ROMAN, 12 BOLD)**

All references quoted/cited in the article text are only references that are actually cited in the article. For research articles, the bibliography is referenced from around 20% of book texts and 80% of reputable scientific journal articles. The latest article is at least the result of relevant publications in the last 10 years. The bibliography is arranged alphabetically based on the author's name in alphabetical order. Writing citations must use a reference manager application program, for example: Mendeley, Zotero or etc. The writing format used in the Trias Politika Journal is APA (American Psychological Association). (Times New Roman, 12 pt, 1 Space)

#### **Writing Example :**

##### 1. Articles in scientific journals

Written in the following order: author's name. (year). article title. journal name. Volume (number): pages (Journal name in italics). If there is more than one author, the names are written the same and the last author's name.

Example:

Rahmathulla, V.K. Das P. Ramesh, M. & Rajan, R.K. (2007). Growth Rate Pattern and Economic Traits of Silkworm *Bombyx mori*, under the influence of folic acid administration. *J. Appl. Sci. Environ. Manage.* 11(4): 81-84

Suharyanto, A. (2016). Parmalim Belief Ritual Activity Center in Huta Tinggi Laguboti, *UMA Journal of Government and Social Politics*, 4 (2): 182-195.

##### 2. Textbooks

Written in the following order: author's name. (year). book title. volume (if any). edition (if any). publisher city: publisher name (Book title in italics).

Example:

Arikunto, S. (2002). *Research Procedures A Practice Approach*. Jakarta: Rineka Cipta.  
Nawawi, H. (2012). *Social Field Research Methods*. Yogyakarta: Gajah Mada University Press.

##### 3. Translated Books

Written in the following order: original author's name. (year). translation book. translated book title (Book title in italics). volume (if any). edition (if any). translation. publisher city: publisher name.

Example:

Bourdieu, P. 2010. *Masculine Domination*. Translated by Stephanus Anwar Herwinarko. Yogyakarta: Jalasutra. Steel, R.G.D. Torrie, J.H. 1991. *Principles and Procedures of Statistics: A Biometric Approach*. Translated by B. Sumantri. Jakarta: PT Gramedia Pustaka Utama

#### 4. Articles in the book are a collection of articles

Written in the following order: name of the author of the article. article title. in: editor's name if any followed by (Ed) (if single) or (Eds) (if more than one) in brackets. (year). book title. volume (if any). edition (if any). publisher city: publisher name (Book title in italics).

Example:

Ancok, D. Validity and Reliability of Research Instruments. in: Singarimbun M and Efendi (Eds). (1999). Survey research method. Jakarta: LP3ES

Stephan, A. Some Thoughts on Decentralization, Devolution and The Many Varieties of Federal Arrangements. In: Joshua K (Ed). (2001). Crafting Indonesian Democracy. Bandung: Mizan Publishers

#### 5. Articles in Proceedings

Written in the following order: author's name. (year). seminar script title. title of proceedings. venue for holding seminars. implementation time (Article title is italicized).

Example:

Setiawan, D. (2015). Implementation of Character Education in the Global Era. Proceedings of Strengthening Teacher Competencies in Building Civic Character in the Global Era. National Seminar to Commemorate Teachers' Day. Medan 28 November 2015.

#### 6. Unpublished scientific work (for example: theses, dissertations and research reports)

Written in the following order: author's name. (year). title of research report. name of the research project. city of publisher: publishing agency/institution (Thesis/thesis/dissertation/research reports are in italics).

Example:

Latifah, S.S. (2011), Differences in Natural School Students' Scientific Work in Science Learning with an Integrated PJBL Approach, Thesis. Indonesian University of Education Graduate School.

Adjuh, R. (2001). The Influence of Cultural Factors on the Poverty of Fishermen in Percut Village, Deli Serdang Regency. Thesis. UNIMED Graduate School.

#### 7. Articles in newspapers/magazines

Written in the following order: author's name. (year). article title. name of newspaper/magazine. city, publication date and page (Article title is italicized).

Example:

Syamsuddin, A. (2008). Law Discovery or Chaos Behavior? Compass. Jakarta. January 4. P.16  
Kukuh, A. (2008). Free Education Obsession in Semarang. Suara Merdeka. Semarang March 5. Pg. 1-2

#### 8. Online articles (internet) without place of publication and publisher

Written in the following order: author's name. (year). article title. Downloaded at the website address date (Article title in italics).

Example:

Hariyanto, M, (2012). Social Science and Western Hegemony: Challenges for Muslim Social Scientists. Downloaded at <http://muhsinhar.staff.umy.ac.id/ilmu-social-dan-hegemoni-barat-tantangan-bagi-ilmuan-social-muslim/> dated 09 July 2017

Levy, M. (2000). Environmental scarcity and violent conflict: a debate. Downloaded at <http://wwics.si.edu/organiza/affil/WWICS/PROGRAMS/DIS/ECS/report2/debate.htm> on 4 July 2019

Guide To Inserting Images And Tables

Table 1. Table Title (Times New Roman, 12 pt)

Type	Jumlah	Persentase
a) type 1	80	9.8 %
b) Type 2	92	90.2 %
<b>Total</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>100 %</b>

Source: etc (Time New Roman, 10 pt)

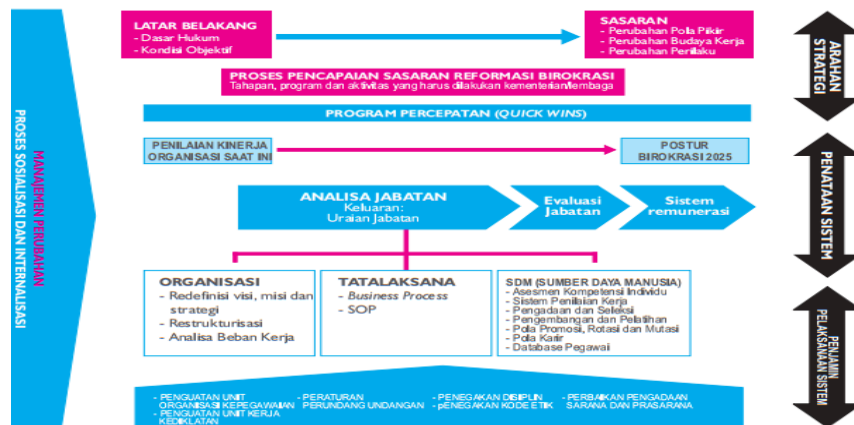


Figure 1. Figure Title (Times New Roman, 12 pt)

Source: etc (Time New Roman, 10 pt)