

Заняття 1. ENGLISH-SPEAKING COUNTRIES

Proverbs and sayings

Speech is silver but silence is gold.	Мовчання – золото.
Saying and doing are two things.	Сказати і зробити – різні речі.
He is a good friend that speaks well of us behind our backs.	Той хороший друг, який добре говорить про нас за нашими спинами.

TEXT

“ENGLISH-SPEAKING COUNTRIES”

English is spoken in many countries of the world. Do you know in what countries English is the national language?

First of all you will remember Great Britain, the homeland of the English language.

Great Britain is not a large country. It is much smaller than France or Norway and smaller than Finland. It has four parts: England, Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland. England is the largest part of the country and it has always been the strongest.

English is the national in all parts of Britain.

In the United States of America the national language is also English. Four hundred years ago some English people sailed to North America to live there, and they brought the English language to this new country.

Millions of people driven by poverty immigrated to the United States from different countries of Europe. They brought their own languages and cultures. That's why American English differs from British English. American people say and write some English words differently from how people do in England. So America is called a “melting pot” because it has become a complex of many Old-World cultures and languages.

Canada is to the North of the United States. It is a very large country. In Canada many people speak English because they also came from England many years ago. But in some parts of Canada they speak French. The people who live in these parts came to Canada from France.

If you look at the map of the world you will see that Australia is the fifth continent. It is the smallest continent and the largest island on the map.

Australia is also an English-speaking country.

New Zealand is not far from Australia but it is very far from Britain. The national language in New Zealand is also English. Many people from England, Wales, Scotland and Ireland came to live in Australia and New Zealand many years ago.

ACTIVE VOCABULARY

to say [sei]	сказати (комусь)
to tell [tel]	сказати (комусь); розказувати
to speak [spi:k]	говорити
to talk [tɔ:k]	говорити, розмовляти
to chat [tʃæt]	невимушено розмовляти
to gossip [ˈgɒsɪp]	пліткувати
to discuss [dɪˈskʌs]	обговорювати
to talk over [ˈtɔ:k ˈəʊvər]	детально обговорювати
to quote [kwəʊt]	цитувати
to describe [diˈskraɪb]	описувати
to pronounce [prəˈnaʊns]	вимовляти
to translate [trænsˈleɪt]	перекладати
language [ˈlæŋgwɪdʒ]	мова
tongue [tʌŋ]	язик
dialect [ˈdaɪəlekt]	діалект
slang [slæŋ]	сленг
jargon [ˈdʒɑ:rgən]	жаргон
talk [tɔ:k]	розмова, бесіда
conversation [ˌkɒnvəˈseɪʃn]	розмова, бесіда
chat [tʃæt]	дружня розмова, невимушена бесіда

Answer the questions

1. Where was the English language born?
2. What are the four parts of Great Britain?
3. Which part of Britain is the largest?
4. What is the national language in Britain (the USA)?
5. Who brought the English language to America?
6. Why is America called a “melting-pot”?
7. Where is Canada?
8. What language are spoken in Canada?

Exercise 1. Choose the necessary word and put it in the sentence below. Use these words:

far from (x2), came to live, is spoken, differently, driven by poverty, national language, came from England, a “melting pot”, continent, island

1. English ... in many countries of the world.
2. In the USA ... is also English.
3. Millions of people ... immigrated to the USA from different countries of Europe.
4. American people say and write some English words ... from how people do in England.
5. America is called ... because it has become a complex of many Old-World cultures and languages.
6. In Canada many people speak English because they also ... many years ago.
7. If you look at the map of the world you will see that Australia is the fifth... .
8. It is the smallest continent and the largest ... on the map.
9. New Zealand is not ... Australia but it is very ... Britain.
10. Many people from England, Wales, Scotland and Ireland ... in Australia and New Zealand many years ago.

Exercise 2. Translate the sentences from Ukrainian into English.

1. Великобританія є батьківщиною англійської.
2. Англія, Уельс, Шотландія та Північна Ірландія є частинами Британії.
3. Англія - найбільша частина Великобританії.
4. Імігранти принесли до США свої мови та культури.
5. Чому американська англійська та британська англійська відрізняються?
6. США знаходиться на південь від Канади.
7. Багато хто в Канаді розмовляє англійською, тому що приїхало з Англії багато років тому.
8. Якщо ви подивитесь на карту, ви побачите, що Австралія – найменший континент та найбільший острів.
9. Австралія також є англійською країною.
10. Яка мова є державною в Новій Зеландії?

Exercise 3. Are these sentences true (T) or false (F)?

1. Great Britain is a large country. It is much larger than France or Norway and larger than Finland.
2. Australia is also an English-speaking country.
3. So America is called a “melting pot” because it has become a complex of many Young-World cultures and languages.
4. English is the national in all parts of China.
5. English is spoken in many countries of the world.

Exercise 4. Read and study.

WORDS AND WORD COMBINATIONS

Nationality. Origin	Національність. Походження.
What's your nationality?	Яка ваша національність?
Are you Ukrainian?	Ви - українець?

I'm an (a) American (Englishman / Englishwoman, Australian, Canadian, German, Italian, Frenchman / Frenchwoman).	Я американець / американка (англієць / англійка, австралієць / австралійка, канадець/ канадка, німець / німка, італієць/ італійка, француз / французенка)
What country are you from?	Звідки ви родом?
What are you by origin?	Хто ви за походженням?
I'm from France.	Я родом з Франції.
Language	Мова
Does anyone here speak English?	Тут хтось говорить англійською?
Do you speak English?	Ви говорите англійською?
Do you understand English?	Ви розумієте англійську?
What language do you know?	Якими [іноземними] мовами ви володієте?
I speak a little Spanish.	Я трохи розмовляю іспанською.
I'm learning Ukrainian.	Я вчу українську.
Do you understand me?	Ви мене розумієте?
I do not understand you.	Я не розумію вас.
I understand you well, but it's hard to speak.	Я вас добре розумію, але говорити мені складно.
I didn't quite catch what you said.	Я не зовсім зрозуміла, що ви сказали.
Say it again, will you?	Повторіть, будь ласка.
Could you write it down (translate it), please?	Напишіть (перекладіть) це, будь ласка.
He talks too fast.	Він говорить дуже швидко.
Would you speak a little slower?	Ви не могли б говорити повільніше?
What does this word mean?	Що означає це слово?
Will you call an interpreter, please?	Запросіть, будь ласка, перекладача.

Exercise 5. Read, translate and dramatize the dialogue.

Dialogue 1

Jack: Hi, Jane. Let me introduce my friend, Nick. He is not from England, he is from France.

Jane: Hi, Nick. Do you speak English?

Nick: Of course, I do. I have been living in London for more than a year.

Jane: It's great. And what about your family? Is it in France or in England?

Nick: I have a **big family**. There are seven of us: my **parents, a grandmother, a grandfather, two sisters and a brother**. They all live in Paris except my **junior sister** Helen. She lives with me in a hotel.

Jane: And what's your occupation?

Nick: I am a dentist. I graduated from the college two years ago and came to London to start my career here.

Jane: What about your sister? How old is she?

Nick: She is eighteen. She is a beautiful young lady. Helen wants to become a designer.

Jane: It's good. I am crazy about design, too.

Dialogue 2

Teacher: Good morning, children. I want to introduce you a new classmate. **His name is Edward, Ed for short.**

Pupil 1: Ed, how old are you?

Ed: Ok. **Let me introduce myself.** My name is Edward and I am twelve years old.

Pupil 2: **Where are you from?**

Ed: **I am from** Scotland.

Pupil 1: Have you got any brothers or sisters?

Ed: **I have neither a brother nor a sister.**

Pupil 1: Is your family large?

Ed: **My family is small. There are only three of us** – my parents and me.

Exercise 6. Use these phrases for making your own dialogues:

- to be good at languages
- pronounce these words
- have been gossiping
- to talk about
- to have a long telephone conversation
- to chat with my best friend