CPM-UDL Crosswalk Planning Tool

Student Centered Problem Based Inquiry Driven Lessons			Universal Design for Learning	
Lesson Phase	Look Fors	Common Barriers	Principles and Guidelines	How do we do it?
Launch & Lesson	Teacher communicates student learning goals & expectations for the lesson (learning targets).			
Introduction	Teacher connects the lesson to prior experience and/or real world context			
Understanding the problem setting, mathematical context, and the challenge 10 min. (20%) of a 50 minute	for students. If necessary, teacher provides the background information necessary for students to engage in the lesson (including vocabulary).			
lesson Purposeful Questions: What questions will help us set-up the lesson and connect to prior learning?	Teacher spends adequate time on introducing the lesson without spending too much time. Teacher quickly reminds students of prerequisite math skills that might keep them from accessing today's			
Explore with	lesson.* Students grouped appropriately for the type of lesson.			
Classwork &	Teacher moves about the classroom			
Teamwork	as students are working, observing, and selecting the math ideas			
Students engage in the problem as the teacher moves about the classroom.	students are using that will advance the classes thinking during closure. Teacher asks open-ended questions			
25 minutes (50%) of 50 min. lesson)	to probe student thinking, getting them to explain their thinking, generate discussion, and meet a wide range of learners.			
Purposeful questions: What questions will help assess student thinking and advance the math as students work through core problems?	Students are talking to each other about the math			
	Students use a variety of representations & models to demonstrate thinking			

Summary & Closure Teacher guides students to reach the mathematical goals of the problem and to connect their new understanding to prior math goals. (15 minutes (30% of a 50 min. lesson) Purposeful questions: What questions will support reflect, justification, and making connections to bring closure to the lesson?	Teacher sequences student thinking when facilitating a class discussion of the lesson, providing coherent and compelling story line for the lesson. Students make connections between today's various approaches and the math ideas at the heart of the lesson. Teacher paraphrases and summarizes student thinking to make connections to larger math ideas. Teacher assesses where students are in their understanding of math in the lesson (formally or informally)		
Review & Preview Problem sets of mixed, spaced practice to support mastery over time. Purposeful Question: Are teachers intentional about the problem sets they assign?	Provides opportunities for mastery over time. Promotes student retention of essential topics. Solidifies students understanding of recent and previous content. Built for review and retention of math concepts.		
Assessments for Learning Standards Referenced assessments designed to reveal students mathematical thinking Purposeful Question: How do teachers use information from the assessments to guide future instruction?	Allow for mastery over time student learning Provide feedback to students and the teacher of the students mathematical understanding, misconceptions that need to be addressed, and the effectiveness of instruction.		