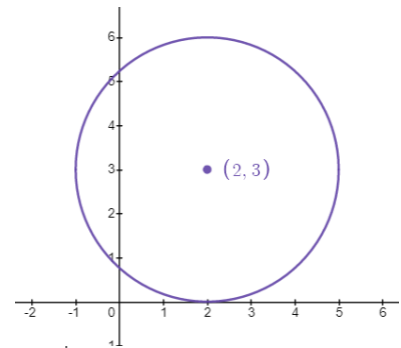


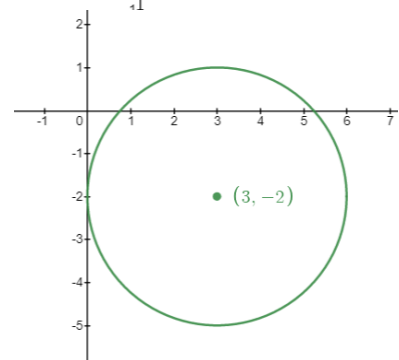
Circles

Complete the square to match each equation with the appropriate graph.

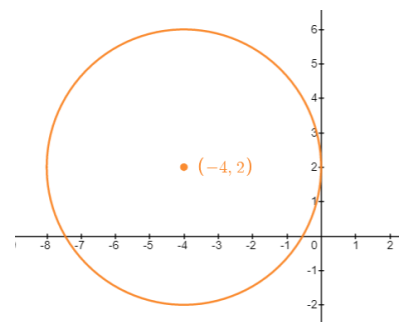
$$x^2 + y^2 - 6x + 8y = 0$$



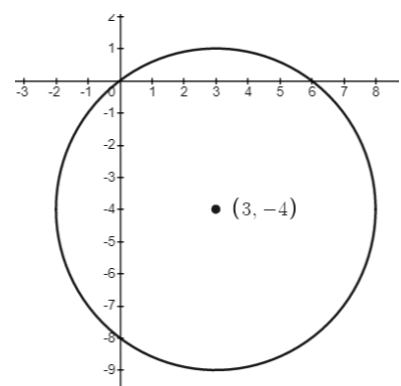
$$x^2 + y^2 - 6x + 4y + 4 = 0$$



$$x^2 + y^2 - 4x - 6y + 4 = 0$$



$$x^2 + y^2 + 8x - 4y + 4 = 0$$



Parabolas

Match each equation with the appropriate focus and directrix.

$$x = -\frac{1}{12}(y+1)^2 - 2$$

Focus $(-2, -3)$

Directrix: $y = -1$

$$y = \frac{1}{20}(x-3)^2 + 1$$

Focus $(8, 0)$

Directrix: $x = 0$

$$y = -\frac{1}{4}(x+2)^2 - 2$$

Focus $(-5, -1)$

Directrix: $x = 1$

$$x = \frac{1}{16}y^2 + 4$$

Focus $(3, 6)$

Directrix: $y = -4$

Ellipses

Match each equation with the appropriate foci.

$$\frac{(x-3)^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1$$

$$(5, -4 \pm \sqrt{8})$$

$$\frac{(x+2)^2}{4} + \frac{(y-2)^2}{25} = 1$$

$$(-1 \pm \sqrt{13}, 2)$$

$$(x-5)^2 + \frac{(y+4)^2}{9} = 1$$

$$(3 \pm \sqrt{7}, 0)$$

$$\frac{(x+1)^2}{49} + \frac{(y-2)^2}{36} = 1$$

$$(-2, 2 \pm \sqrt{21})$$

Hyperbolas

Match each equation with the appropriate asymptotes.

$$\frac{(x+3)^2}{25} - \frac{(y-1)^2}{9} = 1$$

$$y = \pm \frac{4}{3}(x-1) - 1$$

$$\frac{(y+3)^2}{25} - \frac{(x-1)^2}{16} = 1$$

$$y = \pm \frac{3}{5}(x+3) + 1$$

$$\frac{(y-3)^2}{16} - \frac{(x+1)^2}{25} = 1$$

$$y = \pm \frac{4}{5}(x+1) + 3$$

$$\frac{(x-1)^2}{9} - \frac{(y+1)^2}{16} = 1$$

$$y = \pm \frac{5}{4}(x-1) - 3$$

Conic Sections

Choose the correct conic section.

1. $7x^2 + 3x - 4y^2 + 2y - 6xy - 10 = 0$

2. $8xy + 13x - 6x^2 + 2y - 11 + y^2 + 23 = 0$

3. $x - 3x^2 + 2y - 14xy + 4y = 0$

4. $2x^2 - 5xy + 3x + 2y^2 - 6y + 12 = 0$