Paper Title (Use style: Bold, Cambria, font size 16)

First Author [1], Second Author [2], Third Author [3] (Bold, Cambria, Font Size 11)

[1] First Author Affiliation
[2] Second Author Affiliation
[3] Third Author Affiliation

Corresponding Author: Author@gmail.com

ABSTRACT

The abstract has to be written within 250 words maximum and followed by three to five keywords and arranged alphabetically. The abstract must contain research objectives, methods, results, conclusion, and limitations (optional). Abstract written in 1 space line and using Cambria, Font 9

INTRODUCTION

The introduction must contain (sortly and consecutively) a general background and a literature review (state of the art) as the basic of the brand new research question, statements of the brand new scientific article, main research problems, and the hypothesis. In the final part of the introduction, the purpose of the article writing should be stated. They should be represented in the literature review to show the brand new of the scientific article.

METHOD

The method explains how the research is conducted, including research design, data collection, research instrument and analytic methods. This part should be narrated.
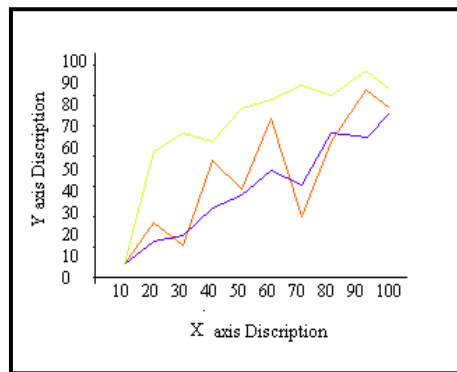
RESULT AND DISCUSSION

This part consists of the research results and how they are discussed. The results obtained from the research have to be supported by sufficient data. The research results and the discovery must be the answers, or the research hypothesis or research question stated previously in the introduction part.

Figures and Tables

Figures and tables must be centered in the column. Large figures and tables may span across both columns. Any table or figure that takes up more than 1 column width must be positioned either at the top or at the bottom of the page.

Figure Captions

Figures must be numbered using Arabic numerals. Figure captions must be in 9 pt Regular font. Captions of a single line must be centered whereas multi-line captions must be justified. Captions with figure numbers must be placed after their associated figures.

Figure.1 ………………………………….
Source:

Table Captions

Tables must be numbered using uppercase Roman numerals. Table captions must be centered and in 9 pt Regular font with Small Caps. Every word in a table caption must be capitalized except for short minor words as listed in Section III-B. Captions with table numbers must be placed before their associated tables, as shown in Table:

Table.1 …………………………………….

Sr. No.	Heading1	Heading2	Heading3	Heading 4	Heading5	Heading 6

Source:

Page Numbers, Headers and Footers

Page numbers, headers and footers must not be used.

Links and Bookmarks

All hypertext links and section bookmarks will be removed from papers during the processing of papers for publication. If you need to refer to an Internet email address or URL in your paper, you must type out the address or URL fully in Regular font.

CONCLUSION

This is the final part containing conclusions, limitations, and recommendations. The conclusions will be the answers to the hypothesis or research question, the research purposes, and the research discoveries. The conclusions should not contain only the repetition of the results and discussions. It should be the summary of the research results as the author expects in the research purposes or the hypothesis. Research limitations and recommendations contain deficiencies in the research and suggestions associated with further ideas from the research.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

REFERENCES

All the references used in the article must be listed in this part. In this part, all the used references must be taken from primary sources (scientific journals and the least number is 80% from all the references) that were published in the last ten years. Each article should have at least ten references. Authors should cite several **Patria Yusticia** articles, 3 articles minimum.

The references should use a reference application management such as Mendeley, EndNote, or Zotero. The writing format used in **Patria Yusticia** follows the format applied by **APA 7th Edition (American Psychological Association).**

Examples:

Bayley, D. H. (2001). Democratizing the police abroad: what to do and how to do it (p.3). US Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, National Institute of Justice Butt, S. (2011). Anti-corruption reform in Indonesia: an obituary?. Bulletin of Indonesian Economic Studies, 47(3), 381-394.

Buttle, J. W., Davies, S. G., & Meliala, A. E. (2015). A cultural constraints theory of police corruption: Understanding the persistence of police corruption in contemporary Indonesia. Australian & New Zealand Journal of Criminology. Chavance, Bernard. (2008). "Formal and informal institutional change: the experience of postsocialist transformation". The

European Journal of Comparative Economics Vol.5, n. 1.

Clark, S. (2012). Courting Corruption in Post-Suharto Indonesia: A Model of Local Corruption Prosecutions in a New Democracy.

Davies, S. G., Meliala, A., & Buttle, J. (2014). Gangnam Style versus Eye of the Tiger: people, police and procedural justice in Indonesia. Policing and Society, (ahead-ofprint), 1-22. Fennell, S. 2010. Rules, rubrics and riches: the interrelations between legal reform and international development, Abingdon England ; New York, Routledge