

Roll No.....

Total No. of Printed Pages: 1

Total No. of Questions: [13]

M. Pharma (Pharmacology) (Semester-2nd)

PRINCIPLES OF DRUG DISCOVERY

Subject Code: MPL203T

Paper ID: [17250307]

Time: 03 Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

Instruction for candidates:

1. Section A is compulsory. It carries 20 marks. It consists of 5 questions of 4 marks each.
2. Section B consist of 9 questions of 5 marks each. The student has to attempt any 7 questions out of it.
3. Section C consist of 3 questions of 10 marks each. The student has to attempt any 2 questions.

Section – A

(4 marks each)

Q1. Attempt the following:

- a. Classify types of molecular docking with suitable examples?
- b. Differentiate between traditional versus rational drug design?
- c. Define G score? Enumerate various programs used in docking process?
- d. Differentiate between SAR and QSAR?
- e. Write a short note on the role of nucleic acid microarrays in drug discovery process?

Section – B

(5 marks each)

- Q2. Describe in brief about Hansch analysis of QSAR modeling?
- Q3. Write a brief account on the rationale of prodrug design and practical considerations involved in the prodrug design?
- Q4. Write a brief note on Comparative Molecular Field Analysis (COMFA)?
- Q5. Describe the concept of pharmacophore mapping?
- Q6. Explain the role of transgenic animals in target validation?
- Q7. Enumerate the advantages and limitations of Free Wilson Analysis?
- Q8. Discuss the applications of combinatorial chemistry in lead identification?
- Q9. Write the brief note on Zinc finger proteins?
- Q10. Write a brief account on partial least square analysis (PLS)?

Section – C

(10 marks each)

- Q11. Write an elaborated note on the structure and pharmacophore based drug designing approaches with suitable example?
- Q12. Define lead? Explain lead seeking methods with suitable example, How the identified lead is optimized?
- Q13. Explain in detail on the role of genomics and proteomics in target discovery and validation?