Star-Spangled Banner by FounderChurch

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O say, can you see, By the dawn's early light, What so proudly we hailed At the twilight's last gleaming?

Whose broad stripes and bright stars, Thro' the perilous fight, O'er the ramparts we watched, Are so gallantly streaming?

And the rockets' red glare, The bombs bursting in air, Gave proof thro' the night That our flag was still there.

O say, does that star-spangled Banner yet wave O'er the land of the free And the home of the brave?

On the shore, dimly seen thro' the mists of the deep,

Where the foe's haughty host in dread silence reposes, What is that which the breeze, o'er the towering steep, As it fitfully blows, half conceals, half discloses?

Now it catches the gleam of the morning's first beam,

In full glory reflected, now shines on the stream: 'Tis the star-spangled banner: O, long may it wave O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave!

And where is that band who so vauntingly swore

That the havoc of war and the battle's confusion,
A home and a country should leave us no more?
Their blood has wash'd out their foul footsteps' pollution.

No refuge could save the hireling and slave

From the terror of flight or the gloom of the grave: And the star-spangled banner in triumph doth wave O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave.

O thus be it ever when free-men shall stand

Between their loved home and the war's desolation; Blest with victory and peace, may the heaven-rescued land Praise the Power that hath made and preserved us a nation!

Then conquer we must, when our cause it is just,
And this be our motto: "In God is our trust!"
And the star-spangled banner in triumph shall wave
O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave!

Origin of the Star-Spangled Banner (The Defense of Fort McHenry)

On Sept. 13, 1814, Francis Scott Key visited the British fleet in Chesapeake Bay to secure the release of Dr. William Beanes, who had been captured after the burning of Washington, D.C. The release was secured, but Key was detained on ship overnight during the shelling of Fort McHenry, one of the forts defending Baltimore.

In the morning, he was so delighted to see the American flag still flying over the fort that he began a poem to commemorate the occasion. First published under the title "Defense of Fort McHenry," the poem soon attained wide popularity as sung to the tune of "To Anacreon in Heaven." This melody Francis Scott Key used for his song was the popular English tune known as "To Anacreon in Heaven." Anacreon was an ancient Greek lyric poet. Go To: Google Search & Wikipedia.

The origin of this tune is obscure, but John Stafford Smith, a British composer born in 1750, may have written it. Congress officially made "The Star-Spangled Banner" the National Anthem in 1931, although it already had been adopted as such by the Army and the Navy.

When the national anthem is played, all present should stand facing the U.S. Flag (or music if no flag is present), right hand over your heart, with head covering removed. Persons in uniform should stand at attention, remain silent, and render the proper salute until the completion of the national anthem.