

Make the CoR More Just Act

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Preamble

Whereas the Judiciary Act does not clearly specify when the Court of Review may rehear a case;

Article 1: Amending Article 7a of the Judiciary Act

§1. Article 7a is amended to the following:

“Article 7a: Rehearing

§1. If a panel of Judges of the Court of Review has made a decision on a matter, the Court of Review shall not rehear said case unless the appeal is filed to the Supreme Court and the appeal is remanded back to the Court of Review, or a majority of Court of Review Judges vote to rehear an appeal *en banc*.

§2. Rehearing shall not be granted unless there are special reasons for doing so.

§2.1. In this section, “special reasons” shall not include errors on the original conviction or acquittal which do not affect the merits of the case or the jurisdiction of the Court of Review.

§3. In rehearing a case, the Court shall have the power to quash or revise its own decisions, and shall additionally have the powers listed in Article 3 and 7 relating to decisions by other bodies.”