

Article Template

Title

Using Book Antiqua 14, Bold

ABSTRACT

The English abstract was limited to 120 words and contained just one paragraph. The goals of the study or your paper's addition to knowledge (novelty, if available) should be included in the abstract. Provide a brief description of your study technique, samples, and data observation dates, along with the variables or concepts you evaluated (if qualitative). Provide a brief summary of your findings and any implications at the end of the abstract.

Note: Please provide two abstracts, such as an Indonesian and an English version, if the manuscript is written in Indonesian.

Keywords: 3 – 5 words

Keywords: Maximum five keywords here, separated by a comma

Received : Date, Month

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MAXIMUM ARTICLE LENGTH BETWEEN 10 TO 20 PAGES, INCLUDING REFERENCES. PLEASE REMEMBER; EXCELLENT ARTICLES ARE JUST TO THE POINT. UP TO 30% OF THE ARTICLE CONTENT SHOULD INCLUDE INTRODUCTION TO THE METHODOLOGY, AND THE REST, 70% OF THEM, IS TO Elaborate RESULTS OF SERVICE IN THE RESULTS AND DISCUSSION SECTION, AND REFERENCES.

INTRODUCTION

Give the phenomenological and logical justification for your research. Additionally, you must include a concise description of how your paper advances knowledge. It could show up as interesting results (if accessible), theory enrichment, or a description of a niche

sample (catching distinct samples). It is vitally important that this paper have a brief and direct introduction.

Font size and style: single-spaced, justified, using Book Antiqua 12.

THEORETICAL REVIEW (LITERATURE REVIEW)

A survey of academic materials on a particular subject is called a literature review. It gives you a summary of what is currently known, enabling you to spot pertinent hypotheses, approaches, and research gaps.

The theory name here

Explanation of theory here

If your work is quantitative, please provide previous research that agrees or rejects your proposed hypothesis.

H1: Hypothesis one and so on here

The theory name here

Explanation of theory here

H2: Hypothesis two and so on here

After the hypothesis section, if your study is quantitative, please provide a contextual framework here, or your mind map, if qualitative.

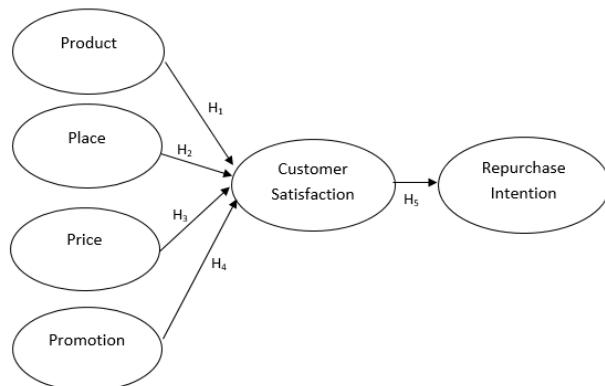


Figure 1. Conceptual Framework (**images must be in good quality**)

METHODOLOGY

Give a concise and understandable summary of your study methodology, population and sample, and data analysis techniques.

OrProvide clear and concise versions of your methods of conducting research, population and samples, and data analysis tools.

RESEARCH RESULT

Describe every action that was taken to complete the investigations. Don't overstate the results of descriptive statistics; instead, present them in a table or graph that is easier to understand. Remember to include the numbers for each table and chart in your paper.
Steps to test your results here

In this section, you should describe each step taken to complete your research. You should not include too many descriptive statistical results here; on the other hand, it should be summarized in a more readable table or graph. You should never forget the numbers for each table and chart presented in your paper.

Table 1. Three Box Method (**Table in good quality and easy to understand**)

Score	Criteria
50,00 – 100,00	Low
100,01 – 150,00	Medium
	High

All formulas or formulas must also be numbered.

$$Y = G + C + I + Nx \dots \dots \dots \quad (1)$$

In this section, each statistical test you perform should be thoroughly explained. This section is very important to describe the research methodology used. Each statistical finding should be summarized and presented in a table or graph; not just copy-paste from your statistics tool.

DISCUSSION

This section allows you to describe your research findings academically. You may not enter figures related to your statistical tests here; instead, you should explain those numbers here. You should structure your discussion with academic support for your studies and a good explanation according to the specific area you are investigating.

OrThis section enables you to provide an academic explanation of your findings. Numbers pertaining to your statistical tests should not be entered here; instead, they should be explained. You must support your talk with scholarly evidence from your research and provide a clear explanation relevant to the particular topic you are studying.

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Provide some conclusions and the implementation of the research results.

FURTHER STUDY

Every research is subject to limitations; thus, you can explain them here and briefly provide suggestions to further investigations.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

You have the chance to express your gratitude to your colleagues who offered suggestions for your papers in this part. By creating this document, you may also express your gratitude for the grants you are receiving.

REFERENCES

Every supporting study is here **and follows the APA 7th referencing guide**. We strongly advise you to use referencing tools like **Mendeley**. Write your references as follows:

- Caprara, G. V., & Zimbardo, P. G. (2004). Personalizing politics: A congruency model of political preference. *American Psychologist*.
<https://doi.org/10.1037/0003-066X.59.7.581>
- Diener, E. (2000). Subjective well-being: The science of happiness and a proposal for a national index. *American Psychologist*.
<https://doi.org/10.1037/0003-066X.55.1.34>
-

TULISKAN JUDUL BAHASA INDONESIA DENGAN KETENTUAN *UPPERCASE, BOLD*, Book Antiqua, 14PT

TULISKAN JUDUL ENGLISH DENGAN KETENTUAN *UPPERCASE, BOLD, ITALIC*, Book Antiqua, 14PT

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NAMA PENULIS KEDUA TANPA TITEL ATAU GELAR AKADEMIK

Nama Instansi, Alamat Instansi, dan email penulis
#Dst..nya jika ada penulisa ke 3 ataupun ke 4

ABSTRAK

Abstrak berisi tentang latar belakang masalah, perumusan masalah, metode analisis yang digunakan oleh penulis naskah, serta kesimpulan. Abstrak ditulis dalam Bahasa Indonesia dan Bahasa Inggris dengan jumlah kata antara 200 - 250 kata. Abstrak diketik dalam satu alenia dengan ketentuan justify, times new roman, spasi 1 dan 12pt.

Kata kunci: 3 – 5 kata

ABSTRACT



Abstract consist of the background of the problem, research question, method of analysis, and conclusions. Abstract is written in Indonesian and English with the number of words between 200-250 words. Abstract should be in one paragraph, justify, times new roman, single spaced and 12pt.

Keywords: 3 – 5 words

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I. PENDAHULUAN

I.1 Latar Belakang

Bagian latar belakang mengurai mengenai hal-hal yang menjadi alasan-alasan sehingga dipandang penting sehingga dilakukannya penelitian, analisis/tinjauan putusan lembaga peradilan, kajian teori, studi kepustakaan atau gagasan kritis konseptual yang akan disajikan di dalam jurnal ini.

Pengutipan/sitasi dilakukan dalam bentuk reference dengan format *APA Style*.

I.2 Pembatasan Masalah

Pada bagian ini dimuat rumusan masalah yang disusun dalam bentuk pertanyaan atau paragraf. Rumusan malah ini yang kemudian menjadi alur pemikiran yang akan dibahas di dalam bagian selanjutnya.

I.3 Kajian Teori

Bagian ini menguraikan mengenai teori yang dipergunakan untuk memecahkan permasalahan.

I.4 Metodologi

Bagian ini menguraikan mengenai metode penelitian yang digunakan dalam penelitian yang dilakukan oleh penulis. Metode penelitian mencakup pola pendekatan masalah, teknik pengumpulan data, jenis data dan cara penyajian data.

II. HASIL DAN PEMBAHASAN

Bagian ini menjabarkan hasil penelitian dan pembahasan berdasarkan metode analisis yang digunakan. Penulisan hasil dan pembahasan dapat ditambahkan dengan grafik, tabel, atau gambar yang mendukung. Sistematika hasil dan pembahasan harus merujuk pada rumusan masalah penelitian. Penulisan dapat dibuat dengan format subjudul berdasarkan permasalahan yang dibahas.

Pengutipan/sitasi dilakukan dalam bentuk reference dengan format *APA Style*.

III. KESIMPULAN

Bagian ini memuat kesimpulan yang diperoleh dalam bentuk uraian paragraf dengan mengacu pada rumusan masalah. Penulisan kesimpulan tidak menggunakan penomoran atau *bullet points*, tetapi berupa narasi dalam bentuk paragraf.

IV. DAFTAR PUSTAKA

Daftar pustaka disusun dengan menggunakan aplikasi referensi seperti Mendeley, EndNote atau Zotero dengan format *APA Style* yang dikategorisasi berdasarkan jenis sumber berupa buku, artikel jurnal, karangan esai dalam buku kumpulan tulisan, dan internet. Sumber disusun berdasarkan abjad dalam setiap kategorinya.

Buku

Pompe, Sebastian. *Runtuhnya Institusi Mahkamah Agung*. Jakarta: Lembaga Kajian dan Advokasi Untuk Independensi Peradilan, 2012.

Packer, Herbert L. *The Limits of the Criminal Sanction*. California: Stanford University Press, 1968.

Saldi Isra. *Pergeseran Fungsi Legislasi : Menguatnya Model Legislasi Parlementer Dalam Sistem Presidensial Indonesia*. Jakarta: Raja Grafindo Persada, 2010.

Artikel Jurnal

Moh. Mahfud MD, "Aspek Hukum Negara dan Administrasi Negara Kelembagaan Pengadilan Pajak," *Jurnal Hukum dan Peradilan* 04, no. 3 (November 2015): 355

Firman Floranta Adonara, "Prinsip Kebebasan Hakim Dalam Memutus Perkara Sebagai Amanat Konstitusi," *Jurnal Konstitusi* 12, no. 2 (Juni 2015): 222

Karangan Esai dalam Buku Kumpulan Karangan

Paul Tillich, "Being and Love," in Moral Principles of Action, ed. Ruth N. Anshen (New York): Harper & Bros., 1952), 663.

Internet

Hukumonline. "PERADI, HKHPM dan AKHI Surati Ketua MA Soal Sumpah Advokat." Berita, <http://www.hukumonline.com/berita/baca/lt5731d94e12b88/peradi--hkhpmdan-akhi-surati-ketua-masoal-sumpah-advokat> (diakses pada tanggal 11 Mei 2016)



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