Test exam 2 : Dates

Monday, 23rd November Irregular verbs

Wednesday, 25th November: Listening and Writing (dictation, definition, composition)

Thursday 26th November: Grammar, Vocabulary, Reading Monday 30th November: Speaking (with me and Lynnae)

REMEMBER TO DO ALL THE EXERCISES OF UNITS 0,1 AND 2 OF THE WORKBOOK AND HAVE ALL YOUR NOTEBOOKS READY FOR INSPECTION

Vocabulary

- Clothes and complements
- Food and adjectives of food
- Travelling

Natural disasters

- Volcano eruption
- Flood
- Landslide
- Oil spill
- Tornado / twister
- Hurricane /cyclone /typhoon
- Pollution (noise, water, air)
- Fire
- Drought
- Greenhouse effect
- Global warming
- Earthquake
- An earthquake **hits**
- Tsunami
- Deforestation
- Renewable energies
- Landslides of mud and rocks
- Nuclear contamination
- Hunger
- Toxic gas
- Acid rain
- Child drowns in flood
- School burns
- People are **missing**
- Homeless people looking for shelter
- First aid
- Flames and smoke coming out of the building
- A fire breaks out
- Firefighters **put out** the fire
- Authorities are searching for the victims

- Authorities must **deal with** the problem
- People **trapped** in a **collapsed** building
- Objects **strike** and **injure** you
- Warnings
- Lava
- Volcanologist
- Survivor
- **Crops** would not grow
- A dangerous volcano

Grammar

- Present simple vs. Present continuous
- Past simple vs. Past continuous
- Past simple vs. Present perfect
- Present perfect: ever, never, just, yet, already, for, since,...
- Will vs. Be going to
- Relative clauses: who (people), which (things / places/ animals), when (time), wehre (place), whose (possession)

I saw a woman yesterday. She said hello \rightarrow Yesterday, I saw a woman **who** said hello.

This is the computer. It doesn't work \rightarrow This is the computer which doesn't work

Today is the day. I do all my exams today \rightarrow Today is the day when I do all my exams.

This is the hotel. I stayed there last week \rightarrow This is the hotel where I stayed last week

This is the man. His mother is famous \rightarrow This is the man whose mother is famous.

- Compounds with some / any /no

Somebody / someone / something /somewhere (affirmative sentences)

Anybody / anyone /anything /anywhere (negative and interrogative sentences)

Nobody / no one / nothing / nowhere (affirmative sentences, negative meaning)

I have nothing \rightarrow I don't have anything

- Past perfect

HAD + PARTICIPLE

When my mum returned home, I had cooked dinner.