

## Snapshot WASH Assessment Form

1. The snapshot assessment form is aimed at collecting key data **to trigger a rapid response and mobilize supply from the WASH Cluster pipeline.** It is not a comprehensive household assessment. It must be during the first 2-5 days after an emergency.
2. **One form should be filled out per site.** It can be complemented with a more comprehensive household rapid WASH assessment once the basic life-saving activities have been started.
3. **The summary section on page 2 should be filled in LAST by the field assessment team,** highlighting the main problems identified and recommendations for action, based on the data collected using this form.
4. **The “site” is defined here as the place where an affected population is located at the time of the assessment visit** (for example a village, a settlement of displaced people, a group of people whose homes have been destroyed etc.). Often there will be several sites in an affected area.
5. **Before starting fieldwork, the assessment team should decide on a strategy for data collection** through focus group discussion, observation, collecting data from key informant and who will fill in which sections of the form, and how data will be collected and recorded.

<b>Date:</b>			
<b>Type of disaster:</b>			
<b>Enumerator's name:</b>			
<b>Enumerator's organisation:</b>			
<b>Governorate:</b>			
<b>District:</b>			
<b>Sub-District:</b>			
<b>Location's name:</b>			
<b>Type of locality:</b>	Urban	Peri-Urban	Rural
<b>GPS Coordinates if available</b>	N:		
	S:		

### Context description

<b>A.1. Population of the location (individuals):</b>	
Number of women:	
Number of men:	
Number of children:	
<b>A.2. Population characteristic (individuals):</b>	
New IDPs (in the last 1 month)	
IDPs (settled more than a month ago)	
Non IDPs (host communities)	
Others (clarify (migrants, returnees, etc.))	
<b>A.3. What is the status of people at the site?</b> Only fill if affected by conflict	A. Affected community at place of origin. B. Some displaced from homes but within the location of community of origin. C. Planned site (camps, schools, etc.). D. Ad hoc/spontaneous site. E. Other. F. Specify Other:
<b>A.4. Are there organization providing WASH assistance (NGO, authorities, private...)?</b>	
<b>A.4.1. If yes, which one(s)?</b>	

A.4.2. If yes, what assistance are they providing (type and number of beneficiaries)?	
<b>A.5. Are there organization providing other types of assistance (NGO, authorities, private...)?</b>	
A.5.1. If yes, which one(s)?	
A.5.2. If yes, what assistance are they providing (type)?	
<b>A.6. What is the geographic terrain of the site?</b>	A. Hilltop B. Mild Slope C. Open flat field D. Steep Slope E. Other F. Specify other:

### WASH Overview

How to fill this section: clarify what are the impact of the crises on the population. Describe the water and sanitation infrastructures that were impacted, their numbers, the type of damage. Recommendations should be linked to the statement. No need to provide technical details. Recommendations should also include advises to restore access to safe water immediately, with basic rapid water items.

Key areas	Priority			Support statement for the key areas identified	Recommendations
	H i g h	M e d i u m	L o w		
<b>WASH Disease prevalence</b> - Diarrheal? - Malaria? - Dengue? - Other(s)?					
<b>Malnutrition prevalence?</b>					
<b>Less water quantity?</b>					
<b>Poor water quality?</b>					
<b>Water storage problems?</b>					
<b>Poor hygiene practices?</b>					
<b>Open defecation?</b>					
<b>Others?</b>					

### Final Recommendations.

Severity of needs	Request for response
<b>High</b>	Severe Situation: Urgent intervention required
<b>Medium</b>	Situation of concern, or lack of data/unreliable data: further assessment and/or surveillance required
<b>Low</b>	Relatively normal situation (or good data) or local population able to cope with crisis; no further action required