

Criteria of students' theoretical knowledge and practical skills assessment during practical classes in neurology

The student's knowledge of the relevant topic of the discipline is assessed by a 4-point system.

The mark "**excellent**" is put if the student:

- gives a complete and correct answer to oral and written questions, fully outlining the signs of damage of a structure, function (propaedeutic neurology) or etiology, pathogenesis, clinical manifestations, diagnosis and treatment of the disease under study;
- logically and consistently presents the material;
- has good practical skills in neurological patient examination and analyzes the pathology detected in the patient;
- is able to apply the acquired knowledge, skills, abilities and creative abilities in solving clinical situational cases and tasks from the licensing exam "Step 2".

A mark of "**good**" is given if the student:

- gives a correct but incomplete answer to oral or written questions;
- insignificant inaccuracies in the sequence of teaching the material are assumed;
- shows the ability to examine a neurological patient, but there are inaccuracies in the analysis of the detected pathology;
- is able to apply the acquired knowledge, skills and abilities in solving clinical situational cases and tasks from the licensing exam "Step 2".

The mark "**satisfactory**" is given if the student:

- gives an incomplete answer to questions during an oral communication or written assignments;
- teaches material with a violation of logic and sequence;
- during the examination of the patient makes mistakes, gives a superficial explanation of the pathology during studying;
- is not able to apply the acquired knowledge, skills and abilities in solving clinical situational cases and tasks from the licensing exam "Step 2".

The mark "unsatisfactory" is given if the student:

- does not know the answers to the questions asked during the oral examination or written assignments;
- teaches material with a violation of logic and sequence;
- does not show the ability to examine a neurological patient during a testing of practical skills;
- is not able to apply the acquired knowledge, skills and abilities in solving clinical situational cases and tasks from the licensing exam "Step 2".

Approved at the methodical meeting of the department on 30.08.21y.

Head of the Department of Neurology, Professor

LI Sokolova