

Охорона Праці

кому Прихована копія: мені ▼

Доброго дня, шановні друзі!

Запрошуємо Вас сьогодні, **09 травня о 13:00**, на урок, який проведе: Ieva Andersone, Ф. праця в металообробній промисловості)



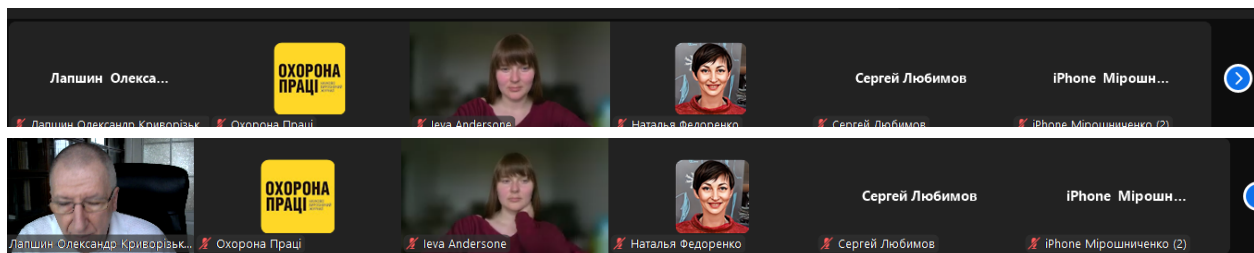
Посилання на зустріч: <https://us02web.zoom.us/j/84494479060>

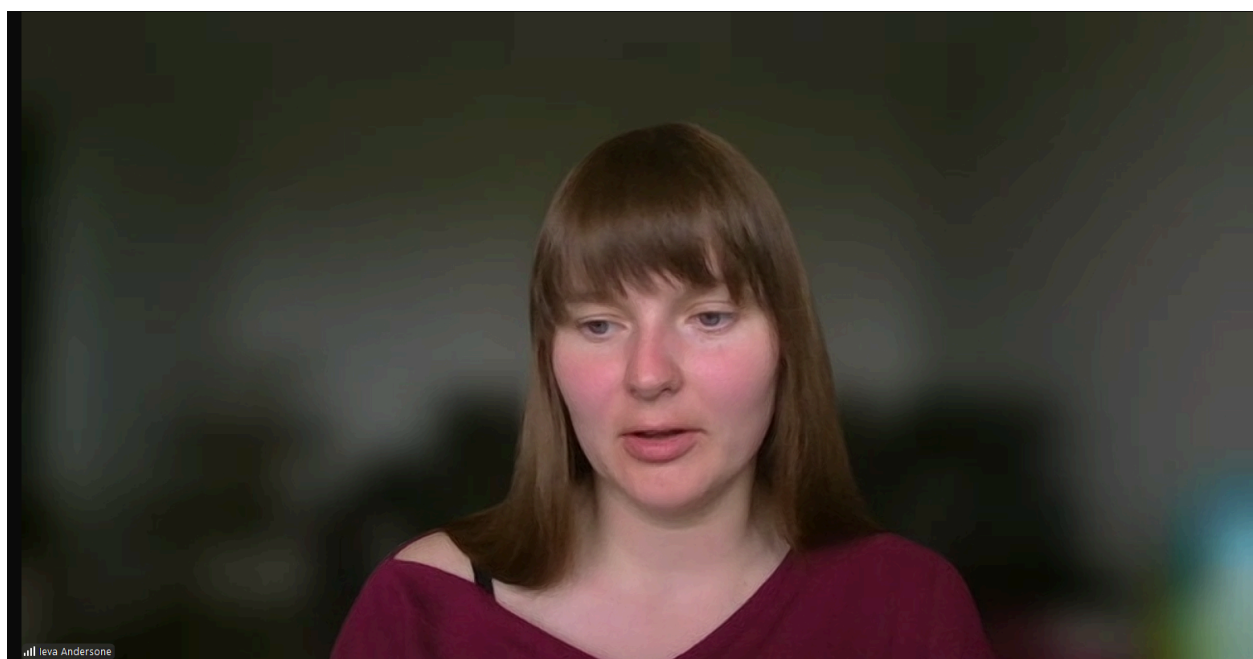
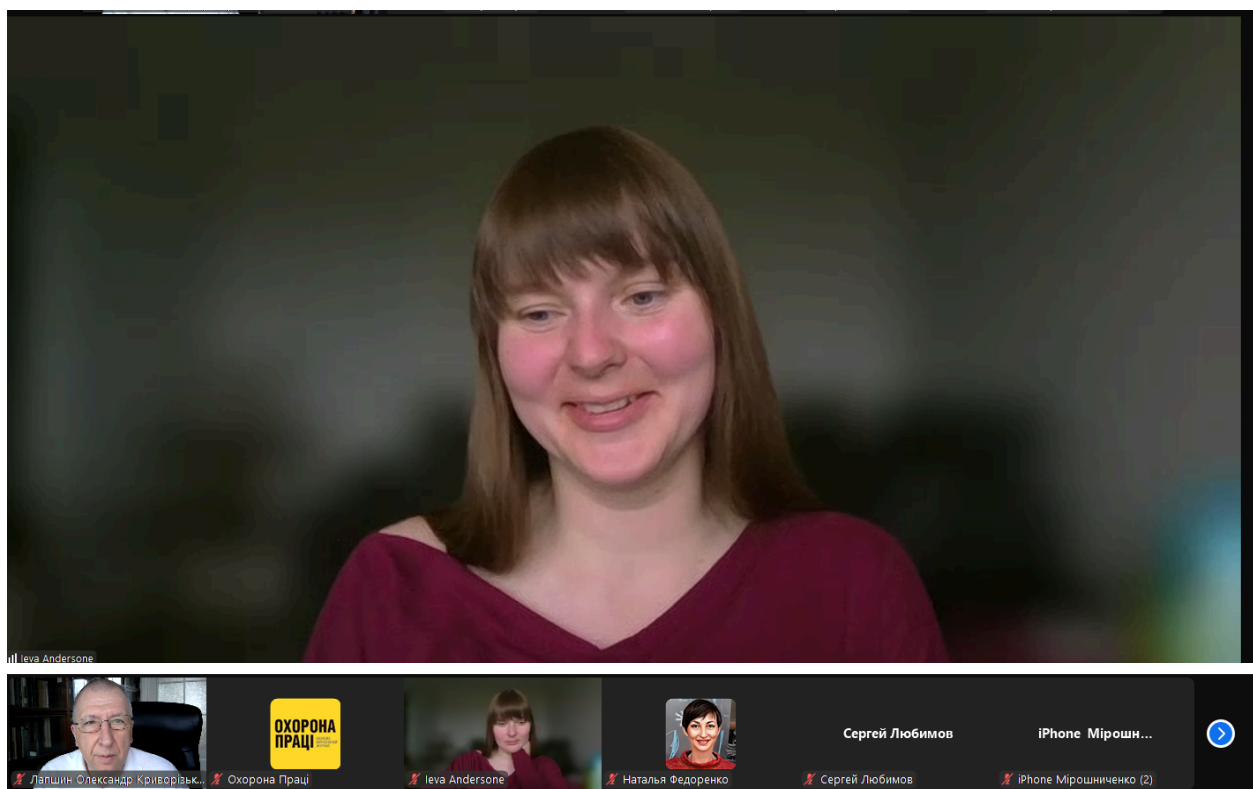
Чекаємо на Вас!

Гарного дня!









leva Andersone

Діпшин Олександр Кривобізьк... ESOSH OFFICE

leva Andersone

ОХОРОНА ПРАЦІ

Охорона Праці

Наталья Федоренко

Сергей Любимов

Manual handling in the metalworking industry

IEVA ANDERSONE
ASSOCIATION OF SECURITY PROFESSIONALS IN LATVIA
CALJAN

app.zoom.us is sharing your screen. [Stop sharing](#) [Hide](#)

Діпшин Олександр Криворізький ESOSH OFFICE Ieva Andersone Охорона Праці Євген Наталья Федоренко

Manual handling in the metalworking industry

IEVA ANDERSONE
ASSOCIATION OF SECURITY PROFESSIONALS IN LATVIA
CALJAN

app.zoom.us is sharing your screen. Stop sharing Hide

Agenda

- Introduction
- Manual handling in general
- Risk factors in metalworking industry
- Challenges in metalworking industry
- Risk assessments
- Hierarchy of controls
- Solutions
- Conclusion

Ieva Andersone

Work and Fire Safety Specialist, Safety podcast host
at Riga Stradins University

8 year experience in the field of occupational, fire
and civil safety

Bachelor's degree at LCC International University
(Lithuania)

Master's degree in Occupational Safety at Riga
Technical University

Member of Association of Security Professionals,
Organizer of Baltic Security Conference



SILKEBORG
SPAANTAGNING
BALTIC, SIA



RĪGA STRADIŅŠ
UNIVERSITY



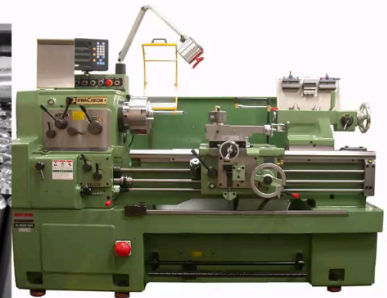
Drošības
Profesionāļu
Asociācija



Baltic Security
Conference

Work experience

Silkeborg Spaantagning
Baltic – milling, turning and
welding company – 5 years

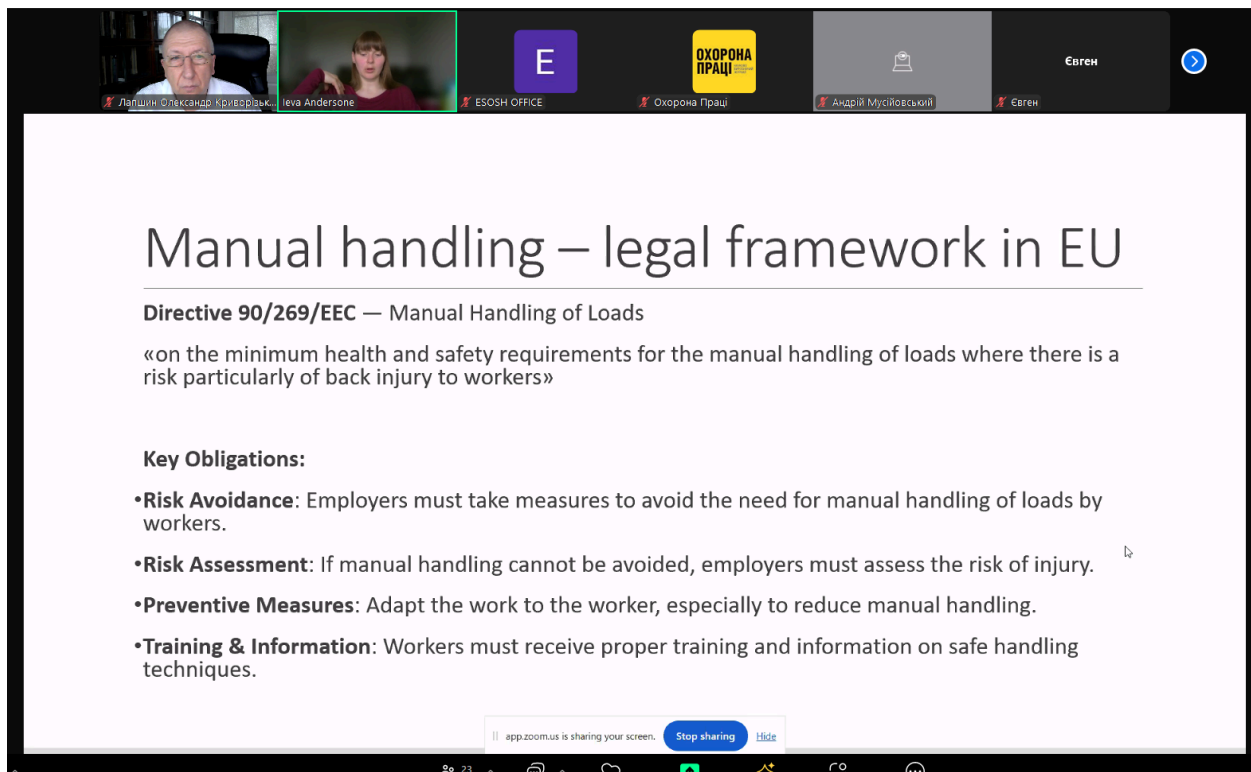


Manual handling

Any activity involving lifting, carrying, pushing, pulling, or holding objects by hand or bodily force.

Relevance in metalworking industry - lifting metal sheets, parts from various materials, tools, welding equipment, or raw materials. Pushing and pulling objects during work processes.





The top of the slide features a header with two video thumbnails on the left: one of a man in a suit and another of a woman. To their right are four icons: a purple square with a white 'E', a yellow square with the text 'ОХОРОНА ПРАЦІ', a grey square with a bell icon, and a dark grey square with the text 'Євген'. Below these icons are labels: 'Лещин Олександр Криворізький', 'Ieva Andersone', 'ESOSH OFFICE', 'Охорона Праці', 'Андрій Мусійовський', and 'Євген'. The main content area of the slide has a light pink background. It contains the title 'Manual handling – legal framework in EU' in a large, dark font. Below the title is a subtitle 'Directive 90/269/EEC — Manual Handling of Loads' followed by a quote: «on the minimum health and safety requirements for the manual handling of loads where there is a risk particularly of back injury to workers». Underneath the quote is the section 'Key Obligations:' followed by four bullet points. At the bottom of the slide, there is a Zoom status bar showing 'app.zoom.us is sharing your screen.' and buttons for 'Stop sharing' and 'Hide'.

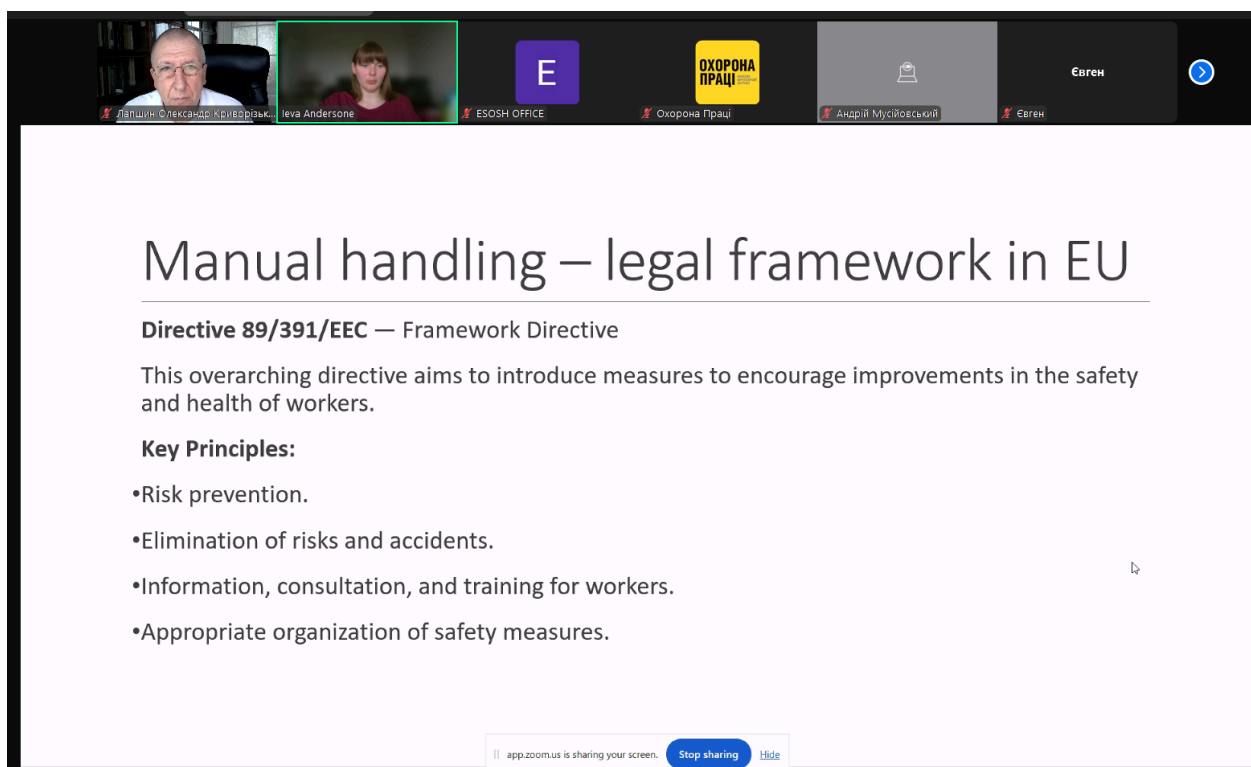
Manual handling – legal framework in EU

Directive 90/269/EEC — Manual Handling of Loads

«on the minimum health and safety requirements for the manual handling of loads where there is a risk particularly of back injury to workers»

Key Obligations:

- Risk Avoidance:** Employers must take measures to avoid the need for manual handling of loads by workers.
- Risk Assessment:** If manual handling cannot be avoided, employers must assess the risk of injury.
- Preventive Measures:** Adapt the work to the worker, especially to reduce manual handling.
- Training & Information:** Workers must receive proper training and information on safe handling techniques.



The top of the slide features a header with two video thumbnails on the left: one of a man in a suit and another of a woman. To their right are four icons: a purple square with a white 'E', a yellow square with the text 'ОХОРОНА ПРАЦІ', a grey square with a bell icon, and a dark grey square with the text 'Євген'. Below these icons are labels: 'Лещин Олександр Криворізький', 'Ieva Andersone', 'ESOSH OFFICE', 'Охорона Праці', 'Андрій Мусійовський', and 'Євген'. The main content area of the slide has a light pink background. It contains the title 'Manual handling – legal framework in EU' in a large, dark font. Below the title is a subtitle 'Directive 89/391/EEC — Framework Directive' followed by a paragraph: 'This overarching directive aims to introduce measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health of workers.' Underneath the paragraph is the section 'Key Principles:' followed by four bullet points. At the bottom of the slide, there is a Zoom status bar showing 'app.zoom.us is sharing your screen.' and buttons for 'Stop sharing' and 'Hide'.

Manual handling – legal framework in EU

Directive 89/391/EEC — Framework Directive

This overarching directive aims to introduce measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health of workers.

Key Principles:

- Risk prevention.
- Elimination of risks and accidents.
- Information, consultation, and training for workers.
- Appropriate organization of safety measures.

Лашин Олександр Криворізьк...

Ieva Andersone

ESOSH OFFICE

ОХОРОНА ПРАЦІ

Андрій Мусійовський

Євген

Manual handling - common injuries

- Musculoskeletal disorders (MSDs)
- Back injuries
- Cuts and bruises
- Slips and falls due to improper lifting



Лашин Олександр Криворізьк...

Ieva Andersone

ESOSH OFFICE

ОХОРОНА ПРАЦІ

Андрій Мусійовський

Uliana Bilach

Manual handling – statistics regarding injuries

Approximately **34.5%** of workers in the EU-25 reported carrying or moving heavy loads, with the figure reaching **38.0%** in the EU-10.

In 2021, the EU recorded more than **2.17 million work accidents** resulting in absences of four days or more. Dislocations, sprains, and strains—often associated with manual handling—accounted for **24.6%** of these injuries.

Injuries to the back, including the spine and vertebrae, constituted **10.0%** of all reported workplace injuries in 2021.



app.zoomus is sharing your screen.

Stop sharing

Hide

11

Учасники (23)



-  Л Лапшин Олександр Криво... (Я)  
-  Охорона П... (Організатор)   
-  IA Ieva ... (Соорганізатор)   
-  Наталья ... (Соорганізатор)   
-  A Alona  
-  D darmenko-io  
-  D Dmytro  
-  E ESOSH OFFICE  
-  Galyna Kryvenko  
-  IM iPhone Мірошніченко (2)  
-  N Nataliia 
-  R roman  
-  UB Uliana Bilach  
-  V Viktoriia  
-  VN Volodymir Nadtochii  
-  A Андрій Мусійовський  
-  B Вікторія  
-  Є Євген  
-  M Маргарит Давтян  
-  Мирослава Новосядла  
-  O Олена  

Пригласить

Включить свой звук

Task related

Repetitive tasks

Heavy or awkward loads

Long distances

Фактори ризику в металообробці
Пов'язані із завданнями
Повторювані завдання
Виконання робіт на великі відстані

Risk Factors in Metalworking

Environment-related

Slippery floors
Poor lighting
Clutter



Risk Factors in Metalworking

Environment -related

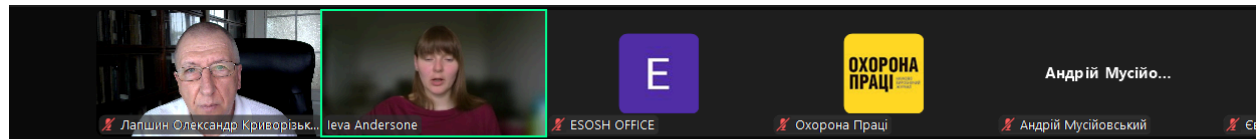
Slippert floors

Poor lighting

Clutter

Фактори ризику в металообробці

Пов'язані з навколишнім середовищем
Слизькі підлоги
Погане освітлення
Безлад



Risk Factors in Metalworking

Individual factors

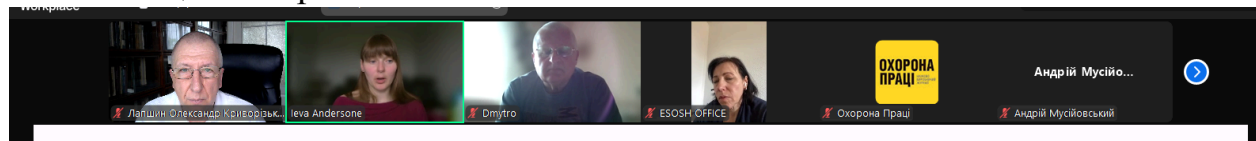
Physical fitness
Fatigue
Training level
Psycho-emotional overload

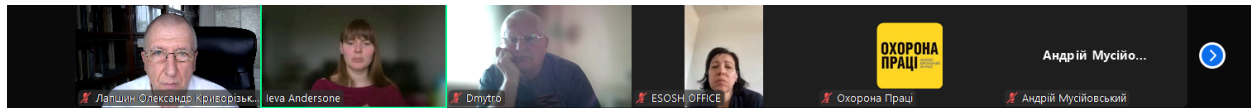


app.zoom.us is sharing your screen. Stop sharing Hide

Individual factors
Physical fitness
Fatigue
Training level
Psycho-emotional overload

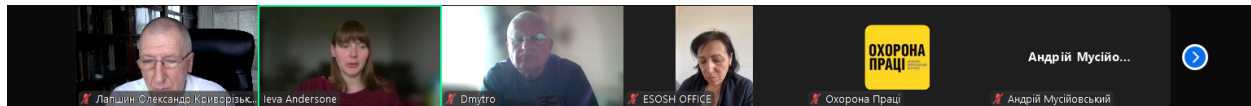
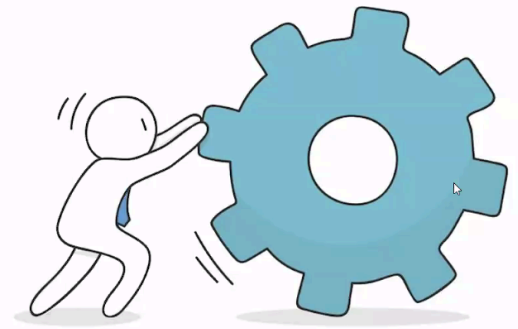
Індивідуальні фактори
Фізична підготовка
Втома
Рівень тренувань
Психоемоційне перевантаження





Challenges in Metalworking

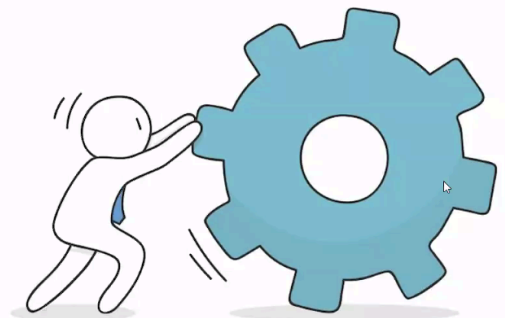
Very diverse working conditions



Challenges in Metalworking

Very diverse working conditions

Physical strain (e.g. pushing, pulling etc.) is as prominent as traditionally perceived manual handling



very diverse working conditions

Physical strain (e.g. pushing, pulling etc.) is as prominent as traditionally perceived manual handling

Very often materials and parts are uncomfortable/traditional tools and mechanical aids do not work

дуже різноманітні умови праці

Фізичне напруження (наприклад, штовхання, тягнення тощо) є таким же помітним, як і традиційно сприймане ручне переміщення

Дуже часто матеріали та деталі є незручними/традиційні інструменти та механічні допоміжні засоби не працюють

Very often materials and parts are uncomfortable / traditional tools and mechanical aids do not work

«Light» loads can mount up to several tonnes during a shift

Often employees don't know the weight of the objects they have to lift

Часто працівники не знають ваги предметів, які їм доводиться піднімати.

Лашин Олександр Криворізький

Ieva Andersone

Dmytro

ESOSH OFFICE

ОХОРОНА ПРАЦІ

Андрій Мусійовський

Андрій Мусійо...

Risk assessments

Risk assessments are crucial just like in any other field, but especially they are important to assess **Task specific risks.**

The image shows a person's hands holding a clipboard with a 'RISK ASSESSMENT MATRIX' chart. The chart has columns for 'Risk Type', 'Severity', 'Frequency', 'Control Measures', and 'Residual Risk'. It features a grid of colored squares (green, yellow, orange, red) representing different risk levels. A hand is pointing at one of the squares. The background is blurred, showing an office environment.

Risk assessments are crucial just like in any other field, but especially they are important to assess

Task specific risks

Оцінка ризиків є критично важливою, як і в будь-якій іншій галузі, але особливо важливо оцінити ризики, пов'язані з конкретним завданням.

A. Arm and Wrist Analysis

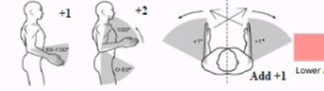
Step 1: Locate Upper Arm Position:



Step 1a: Adjust...
If shoulder is raised: +1
If upper arm is abducted: +1
If arm is supported or person is leaning: -1

Upper Arm Score

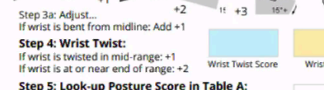
Step 2: Locate Lower Arm Position:



Step 2a: Adjust...
If either arm is working across midline or out to side of body: Add +1

Lower Arm Score

Step 3: Locate Wrist Position:



Step 3a: Adjust...
If wrist is bent from midline: Add +1
If wrist is twisted in mid-range: +1
If wrist is at or near end of range: +2

Wrist Twist Score

Step 4: Wrist Twist:

Step 5: Look-up Posture Score in Table A:
Using values from steps 1-4 above, locate score in Table A

Wrist Score

Step 6: Add Muscle Use Score

If posture mainly static (i.e. held >10 minutes), Or if action repeated occurs 4X per minute: +1
If load < 4.4 lbs. (intermittent): +0
If load 4.4 to 22 lbs. (static or repeated): +2
If more than 22 lbs. or repeated or shocks: +3

Posture Score A

Step 7: Add Force/Load Score

If load < 4.4 lbs. (intermittent): +0
If load 4.4 to 22 lbs. (static or repeated): +2
If more than 22 lbs. or repeated or shocks: +3

Muscle Use Score

Step 8: Find Row in Table C

Add values from steps 5-7 to obtain Wrist and Arm Score. Find row in Table C.

Force / Load Score

Wrist / Arm Score

RULA Score

Scores

Table A: Wrist Score

Upper Arm	Lower Arm	Wrist Twist	Wrist Twist	Wrist Twist	Wrist Twist
1	1	1	2	2	3
2	2	2	2	2	3
3	2	3	3	3	4
4	2	3	3	3	4
5	2	3	3	3	4
6	2	3	3	3	4

Table B: Neck, Trunk, Leg Score

Neck	Trunk	Leg	Score
1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6

Table C: Neck, Trunk, Leg Score

Neck	Trunk	Leg	Score
1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6

Table D: Trunk Posture Score

Posture Score	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6

Table E: Neck Posture Score

Neck Posture Score	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6

Table F: Neck Posture Score

Neck Posture Score	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6

Table G: Neck Posture Score

Neck Posture Score	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6

Table H: Neck Posture Score

Neck Posture Score	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6

Table I: Neck Posture Score

Neck Posture Score	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6

Table J: Neck Posture Score

Neck Posture Score	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6

Table K: Neck Posture Score

Neck Posture Score	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6

Table L: Neck Posture Score

Neck Posture Score	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs	Legs
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6

B. Neck, Trunk and Leg Analysis

Step 9: Locate Neck Position:



Step 9a: Adjust...
If neck is twisted: +1
If neck is side bending: +1

Neck Score

Step 10: Locate Trunk Position:



Step 10a: Adjust...
If trunk is twisted: +1
If trunk is side bending: +1

Trunk Score

Step 11: Legs:

If legs and feet are supported: +1
If not: +2

Leg Score

Step 12: Look-up Posture Score in Table B:

Using values from steps 9-11 above, locate score in Table B.

Posture B Score

Step 13: Add Muscle Use Score

If posture mainly static (i.e. held >10 minutes), Or if action repeated occurs 4X per minute: +1
If load < 4.4 lbs. (intermittent): +0
If load 4.4 to 22 lbs. (static or repeated): +2
If more than 22 lbs. or repeated or shocks: +3

Muscle Use Score

Step 14: Add Force/Load Score

If load < 4.4 lbs. (intermittent): +0
If load 4.4 to 22 lbs. (static or repeated): +2
If more than 22 lbs. or repeated or shocks: +3

Force / Load Score

Step 15: Find Column in Table C

Add values from steps 12-14 to obtain Neck, Trunk and Leg Score. Find column in Table C.

Workplace

Конференция

IA: Dmytro (Ieva Andersone)

Участники (23)

Q: Найти участника

Лашкин Александр Криво... (И) [X]

Охорона ПЛ... (Организатор) [X]

Ieva ... (Соорганизатор) [X]

Наталья ... (Соорганизатор) [X]

Alona [X]

darmentio-io [X]

Dmytro [X]

Dmytro [X]

ESOSH OFFICE [X]

Galyna Kruyenko [X]

iPhone Мрошчанченко (2) [X]

Natalia [X]

Oleksii [X]

Uliana Bilach [X]

Viktorlia [X]

Volodymyr Nadtochi [X]

Андрій Мусійовський [X]

Вікторія [X]

Євген [X]

Маргарит Давлен [X]

Мірослава Новосада [X]

Пригласить

Включить свой звук

ERGONOMICS PLUS

RULA Employee Assessment Worksheet

Task Name:

Date:

A. Arm and Wrist Analysis

Step 1: Locate Upper Arm Position:

Step 1a: Adjust...

Upper Arm Score

Step 2: Locate Lower Arm Position:

Step 2a: Adjust...

Lower Arm Score

Step 3: Locate Wrist Position:

Step 3a: Adjust...

Wrist Twist Score

Step 4: Wrist Twist:

Step 5: Look-up Posture Score in Table A:

Step 6: Add Muscle Use Score

Step 7: Add Force/Load Score

Step 8: Find Row in Table C

Wrist / Arm Score

RULA Score

Scores

Table A: Wrist Score

Table B: Neck, Trunk, Leg Score

Table C: Neck, Trunk, Leg Score

Table D: Trunk Posture Score

Table E: Neck Posture Score

Table F: Neck Posture Score

Table G: Neck Posture Score

Table H: Neck Posture Score

Table I: Neck Posture Score

Table J: Neck Posture Score

Table K: Neck Posture Score

Table L: Neck Posture Score

B. Neck, Trunk and Leg Analysis

Step 9: Locate Neck Position:

Step 9a: Adjust...

Neck Score

Step 10: Locate Trunk Position:

Step 10a: Adjust...

Trunk Score

Step 11: Legs:

Step 12: Look-up Posture Score in Table B:

Step 13: Add Muscle Use Score

Step 14: Add Force/Load Score

Step 15: Find Column in Table C

Posture B Score

Muscle Use Score

Force / Load Score

Neck, Trunk, Leg Score

Workplace Конференція

Лапшин Олександр Кривонозко Ieva Andersone Dmytro ESOSH OFFICE Охорона Праці Oleksii

Last-minute risk assessment (LMRA)

A **Last Minute Risk Assessment (LMRA)** is a quick, on-the-spot safety check performed just before starting a task to ensure that all potential risks are identified and controlled in real-time. It's especially useful in dynamic, high-risk environments like the **metalworking industry**, where conditions can change rapidly.



Оцінка ризиків в останню хвилину (LMRA)

LMRA – це швидка перевірка безпеки на місці, яка виконується безпосередньо перед початком завдання, щоб переконатися, що всі потенційні ризики виявлені та контролюються в режимі реального часу. Вона особливо корисна в динамічних середовищах з високим рівнем ризику, таких як металообробна промисловість, де умови можуть швидко змінюватися.

Лапшин Олександр Кривонозко Ieva Andersone Dmytro ESOSH OFFICE Охорона Праці Oleksii

Key Features of an LMRA

1. Performed at the Job Site
2. Worker-Led
3. Simple and Fast
4. Focus on Immediate Hazards
5. Decision-Making Tool



STOP

THINK

DO

Ключові характеристики LMRA

1. Виконується на робочому місці

2. Керується працівником
3. Простий та швидкий
4. Зосереджений на безпосередніх небезпеках
5. Інструмент прийняття рішень

Учасники (23)



-  Л Лапшин Олександр Криво... (Я)  
-  Охорона П... (Організатор)   
-  IA Ieva ... (Коорганізатор)   
-  Наталья ... (Коорганізатор)   
-  Д Dmytro  
-  A Alona  
-  D darmenko-io  
-  D Dmytro  
-  E ESOSH OFFICE  
-  Galyna Kryvenko  
-  IM iPhone Мірошніченко (2)  
-  N Nataliia 
-  O Oleksii  
-  UB Uliana Bilach  
-  V Viktoriia  
-  VN Volodymir Nadtochii  
-  A Андрій Мусійовський  
-  B Вікторія  
-  Є Євген  
-  M Маргарит Давтян  
-  Мирослава Новосядла  

13:58

Solutions

Engineering controls – additional aids, changes in the design of the lifted parts

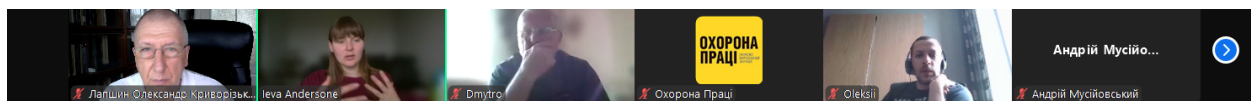
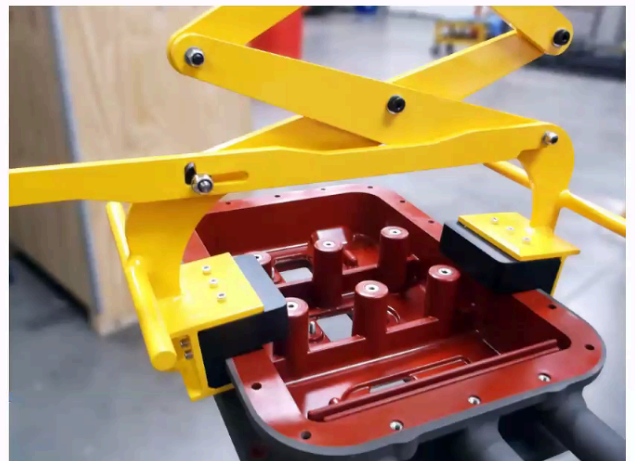


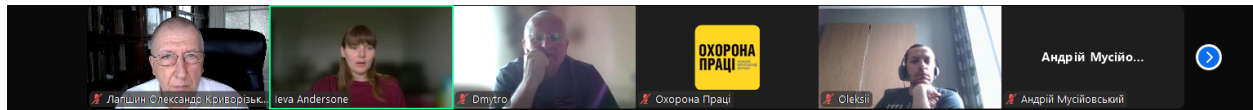
app.zoom.us is sharing your screen. [Stop sharing](#) [Hide](#)

Solutions

Engineering controls – example

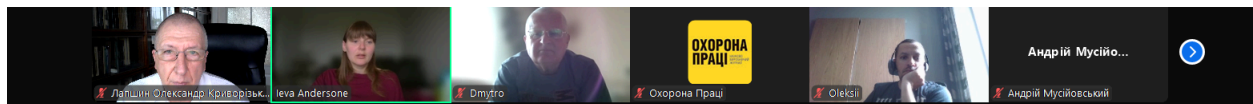
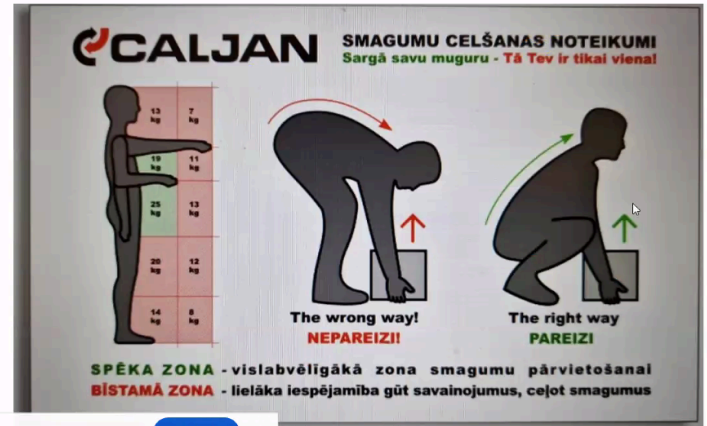
Adding special attachment places or designing individual lifting aids to lift uncomfortable parts.





Solutions

Administrative controls –
additional breaks, extra training.



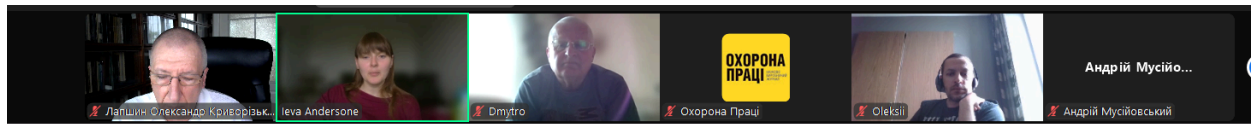
Solutions

PPE – appropriate PPEs in order to avoid injuries during work process, e.g. gloves so the parts do not slip out of hands and impact resistant shoes in case something falls.

Exoskeletons are gaining popularity in works where no other measures can be implemented.

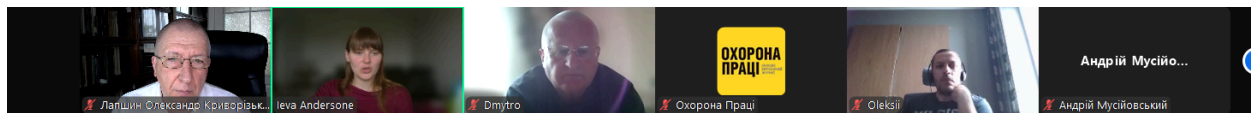
E.g. neck protection.





Ergonomics in Metalworking

Workstation Design: Height-adjustable benches, anti-fatigue mats



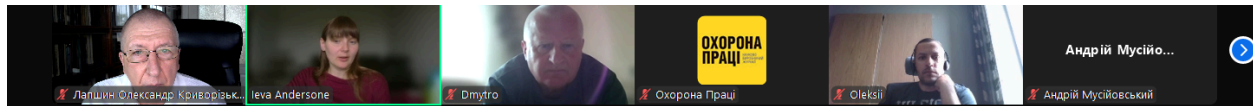
Ergonomics in Metalworking

Workstation Design: Height-adjustable benches, anti-fatigue mats

Job Rotation to prevent repetitive strain

Storage Solutions: Reduce reaching and bending





Conclusion

By proactively identifying risks, providing proper training, and enforcing the use of mechanical aids and safe techniques, you help create a safer, more efficient workplace.



Thank you!

Ieva Andersone
leva.andersone@caljan.com

