



Article Title

(Arial, 16pt bold, does not exceed 15 words)

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Abstrak

Comprising two languages, Indonesian and English. It presents the purpose of the research, research methods, results and discussion, and contribution to the fields of tourism. Abstract should not exceed 250 words. Typed in Arial, font size 10, single space.

Kata kunci: 3-5 keywords from specific to general.

Abstract

Comprising two languages, Indonesian and English. It presents the purpose of the research, research methods, results and discussion, and contribution to the fields of tourism. Abstract should not exceed 250 words. Typed in Arial, font size 10, single space.

Keywords: 3-5 keywords from specific to general.

Received: Month, Year	Accepted: Month, Year	Published: Month, Year
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INTRODUCTION

The introduction clearly describes the background of the study, research context, research problems, research gap, research objectives, and state of art/novelty. Please DO NOT PUT LITERATURE REVIEW of different sub chapters. Authors can include the literature or previous research on Introduction. This is very important. After you provide a brief introduction and the problem you want to study, you need to put previous research (literature review) that has been done related to your research problem and how they are different from your research. This will lead to the novelties of your paper.

METHODS

It explains the materials, methods, etc. used for the study. It contains research design, population and sample, participant/subject/sample, data collection techniques, research/study models, and analysis techniques. The explanation includes at least the types and sources of data as well as the analytical methods or tools used.

The body of the manuscript includes: (a) the introduction (15-20%) comprising background, problem formulation, literature review, objectives and benefits, (b) research methods (5-10%), (c) results and discussion (60-70 %) and conclusions (5%).

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Sub bab 1

It contains the results of data analysis/policy analysis, hypothesis testing, answering research/study questions, findings, and interpreting findings. The results are supported by evidence that is strongly reliable and properly validated. It contains the results of the research/study and their discussion. The discussion should be related to the previous findings, both the author's past research and other researchers' finding. Discussion of the results is based on analysis of data; results are not overstated or overgeneralized. Avoid repetition of the same statement previously mentioned. It highlights the results in accordance with the existing literature and previous findings. The discussion should explore the significance of the results of the work, not repeat them. Compare results of the study to previous research and point out similarities and differences, explain these if possible. Return to the aim and research question and show how the aims have been met, and the research question answered.

- **Table:** Title of the table is put on the top of the table, centered margin, Arial Font size 10. Table should be typed in Arial, font size 9, and 1,15 spacing.

Table 1. Uji Regresi Linear

Variabel	Estimate	SE	t	p	Stand. Estimate
Intercept	3,232	1,1206	2,88	0,004	
SA	0,286	0,0366	8,73	< .001	0,397
SN	0,148	0,0445	3,32	0.001	0,154
PBC	0,285	0,0326	7,81	< .001	0,358

Source: Author, 2024

- **Figure:** Title of figure is written under the figure and graph using centered margin. Title of figure/graph is typed in Arial, font size 9.

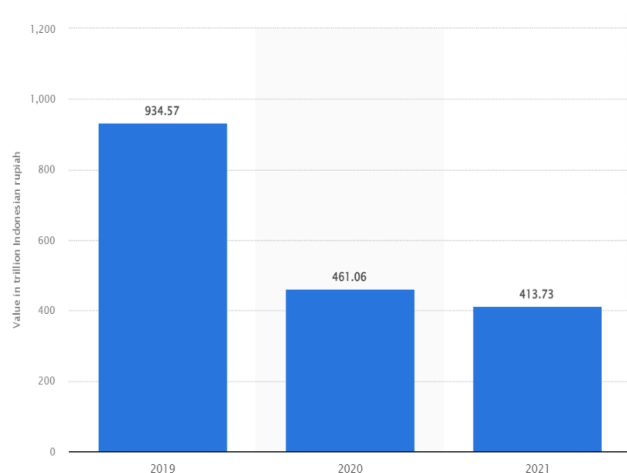


Figure 1. Contribution of travel and tourism sector to GDP in Indonesia (2019 - 2021)
Source: Statista, 2023

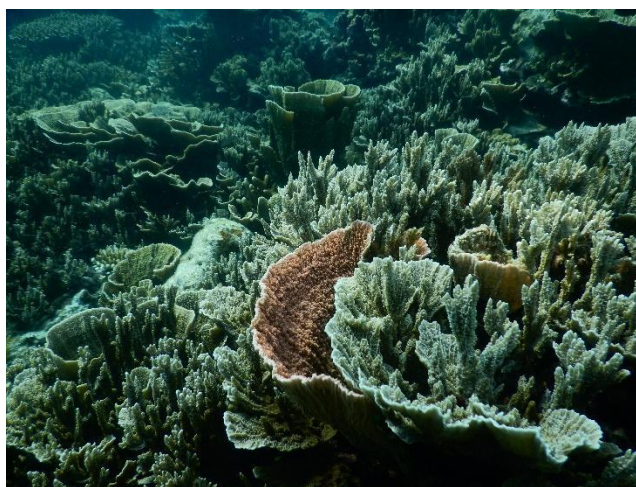


Figure 2. Coral Reefs in Karimunjawa Island
Source: Author, 2019

- **Equation:** The writing of formulas must be numbered consecutively according to the following example. Formulas are written using the Equation Editor in Microsoft Word and numbers are written on the right side. Example, Equation (1):

$$RT = \frac{0.161V}{A} \dots\dots\dots[1]$$

Formula descriptions are explained descriptively in the paragraph.

CONCLUSION

Conclusion should explain how the objectives of the study are accomplished. Containing summary of main findings of the research/study and suggestion for further research/study. Avoid repetition of the same sentences written previously under the Results and Discussion section. Suggestions are required in the form of recommendations, actual follow-ups, implications of the conclusions obtained, and implications for tourism policy in general.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT (IF ANY)

Acknowledgments are made for significant contributions such as special funds, commercial firms or the author's professional associates.

REFERENCES

All references should be in American Psychological Association (APA) 7th edition format and presented inside the main body of the article. You should attach at least 20 references. References should be in the last 10 years. Please use reference managers such as Mendeley, Zotero, or EndNote to write the reference. The use of primary sources for the references is strongly recommended.

Example:

Paper in journal.

Li, S., & Seale, C. (2007). Learning to do qualitative data analysis: An observational study of doctoral work. *Qualitative Health Research*, 17(10), 1442–1452. <https://doi.org/10.1177/1049732307306924>.

Paper in conference proceedings.

Author 1, A. A., & Author 2, B. (year). Title of article. *Title of Conference*, volume, page.

Bruner, J. (2000). Reading for possible worlds. *Yearbook of the National Reading Conference*, 49, 31–40.

Reference from book.

Author, A. A. (Year of publication). *Title of work: Capital letter also for subtitle*. City: Publisher Name.

Stoneman, R. (2008). *Alexander the Great: A life in legend*. USA: Yale University Press.