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Experimental Probability

Notes	Video Links & Practice Space
Vocabulary	<u>Vocab</u> (1:04)
Experimental Probability: The probability of an event based on data from an experiment.	
Event: A set of possible resulting from an experiment.	
Frequency: The of times an outcome occurs.	
Theoretical probability: A number between 0 and representing the likelihood of an event.	
Experimental Probability	Experimental Probability (1:06)
Experimental Probability $=\frac{\text{Number of times the event occurs}}{\text{Total number of trials}}$	
Simulations: an approximate of a statistical experiment, often done with a computer program.	
Important - Remember a single trial does not affect the outcome of the next trial.	
Example: Flip a coin and get heads. That does not affect the second flip of the coin. Theoretically, I have a ½ chance of getting heads every time I flip a coin.	

Practice



Outcome	Frequency
Red	16
Green	3
Purple	11
Yellow	10

- 1. P(not red) =
- 2. P(yellow or purple) =
- 3. Data collected on the number of hours students' study per week. What is the probability that students studied less than 3 hours?

<u>Hours</u>	Frequency
1	7
2	4
3	6
4	3

Practice (3:52)

Practice (2:10)

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4. Calculate the experimental probability for each outcome.

Outcome	Heads	Tails
Frequency	16	34

Practice (2:26)

Comparing Theoretical and Experimental Probability

Outcome	50 flips	100 flips	1000 flips
Heads	0.62	0.57	0.51
Tails	0.38	0.43	0.49

<u>Comparing Theoretical and Experimental</u>
<u>Probability</u> (0:53)

Law of large numbers: As more trials are run the experimental probability gets closer to the theoretical probability.

Theoretical probability of coin flip: 1/2

Practice

5. What is the theoretical probability of the spinner landing on green?



6. Using the experiment data below, what is the experimental probability of spinning green?

Colors	Frequency
red	2
green	6
yellow	4
purple	6

7. Compare the theoretical and experimental probability

Practice (3:21)

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8. A bag of candy has 20 pieces. There are 6 cherry, 7 grape, 4 orange and 3 apple. Calculate the theoretical probability for each outcome.

Practice (3:22)

9. An experiment was conducted with 40 trials and the data is given below. Calculate the experimental probability for each outcome.

Outcome	Frequency
cherry	13
grape	11
orange	10
apple	6

10. How do the theoretical and experimental probabilities compare?