

Title (10-15 words, Arial, 14 pt bold, center, capitalize each word)

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¹ Afiliation; Email

² Afiliation; Email

³ Afiliation; Email

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Keywords

keyword 1; keyword 2; keyword 3 (List three to five pertinent keywords specific to the article yet reasonably common within the subject discipline.)

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DOI: <https://doi.org/xx.xxxx/xxx.xxx>

In writing an abstract for a research article, authors are advised to compose a single paragraph, not exceeding 250 words, that offers a pertinent overview of the work. This structured abstract should unfold seamlessly, without using explicit headings: (1) Begin by setting the Background, placing the research question in a broad context and highlighting the study's purpose. (2) Proceed with a brief description of the Methods, detailing the main methods or treatments applied. (3) Summarize the main Results, clearly presenting the significant findings of the study. (4) Then, articulate the Conclusions, indicating the main conclusions or interpretations drawn from the research. (5) Finally, discuss the Practical Implications, illustrating how the research findings can be applied in real-world situations or contribute to the field. The abstract should be an objective representation of the article, containing only the results that are presented and substantiated in the main text, and should avoid exaggerating the main conclusions. This format ensures a comprehensive and succinct summary, encapsulating the essence of the research in a structured manner.



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Introduction

The introduction should briefly place the study in a broad context and highlight why it is important. It should define the purpose of the work and its significance. The current state of the research field should be carefully reviewed and key publications cited. Please highlight controversial and diverging hypotheses when necessary. Finally, briefly mention the main aim of the work and highlight the principal conclusions. As far as possible, please keep the introduction comprehensible to scientists outside your particular field of research. In accordance with APA Style 7th edition, references should not be numbered. Instead, use author-date citations within the text. For instance, single citations should be formatted as (Author, Year), like (Smith, 2020). When directly quoting, include the page number, such as (Smith, 2020, p. 15). If citing multiple works, organize them alphabetically in the same parenthesis, separated by semicolons, like (Jones, 2019; Smith, 2020). For works with up to 20 authors, list all names in the first in-text citation and use 'et al.' for subsequent citations. For example, first citation: (Smith, Johnson, Brown, White, & Green, 2021), and subsequent citations: (Smith et al., 2021). Avoid the use of footnotes for citations; include all source information in the reference list at the end of the document.

Literature Review

This section is dedicated to the significant literature resources that have influenced the research. The author is required to conduct a comprehensive survey of scholarly articles, books, and other sources

pertinent to the research area. In this part of the paper, each work should be methodically described, summarized, and critically evaluated. The assessment should focus on how each source contributes to the research topic, highlighting its relevance, strengths, and limitations.

Crucially, the Literature Review must also establish and articulate the theoretical framework of the study. This framework is derived from the literature reviewed and serves as the cornerstone for the research methodology and analysis. It involves identifying, discussing, and integrating relevant theories, concepts, and models that align with the research question. The theoretical framework essentially offers a structured perspective for investigating the research problem and underpins the analytical approach of the study.

By effectively synthesizing the existing literature and clearly defining the theoretical framework, this section not only situates the research within the broader academic field but also demonstrates a scholarly understanding of the subject area. It sets the foundation for the research by linking it to the existing body of knowledge and outlining the theoretical approach that guides the study.

Materials and Methods

The Materials and Methods should be described with sufficient details to allow others to replicate and build on the published results. Please note that the publication of your manuscript implicates that you must make all materials, data, computer code, and protocols associated with the publication available to readers. Please disclose at the submission stage any restrictions on the availability of materials or information. New methods and protocols should be described in detail while well-established methods can be briefly described and appropriately cited.

Research manuscripts reporting large datasets that are deposited in a publicly available database should specify where the data have been deposited and provide the relevant accession numbers. If the accession numbers have not yet been obtained at the time of submission, please state that they will be provided during review. They must be provided prior to publication.

Interventionary studies involving animals or humans, and other studies that require ethical approval, must list the authority that provided approval and the corresponding ethical approval code.

Results

This section may be divided by subheadings. It should provide a concise and precise description of the experimental results, their interpretation, as well as the experimental conclusions that can be drawn.

Subsection

1. Subsubsection

Bulleted lists look like this:

- First bullet;
- Second bullet;
- Third bullet.

Numbered lists can be added as follows:

1. First item;
2. Second item;
3. Third item.

The text continues here.

Discussion

Authors should discuss the results and how they can be interpreted from the perspective of previous studies and of the working hypotheses. The findings and their implications should be discussed in the broadest context possible. Future research directions may also be highlighted. This section may be divided by subheadings.

Subsection

1. Subsubsection

Bulleted lists look like this:

- First bullet;
- Second bullet;
- Third bullet.

Numbered lists can be added as follows:

1. First item;
2. Second item;
3. Third item.

The text continues here.

Figures, Tables and Schemes

All figures and tables should be cited in the main text as Figure 1, Table 1, etc.

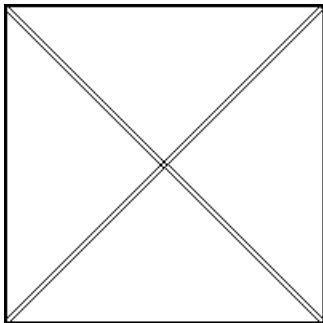
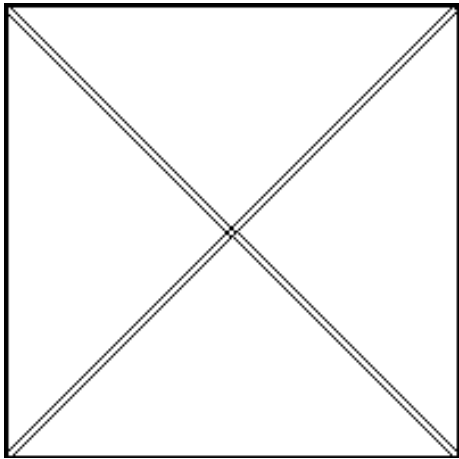


Figure 1. This is a figure. Schemes follow the same formatting

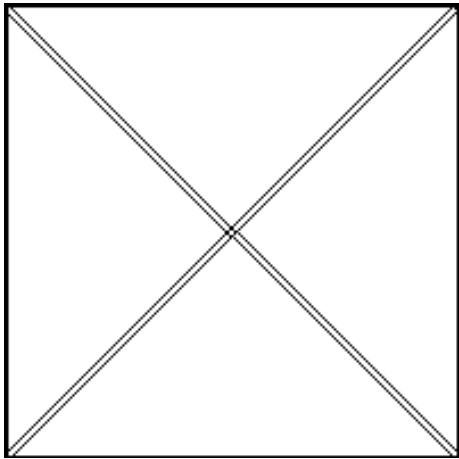
Table 1. This is a table. Tables should be placed in the main text near to the first time they are cited.

Title 1	Title 2	Title 3
entry 1	data	data
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The text continues here (Figure 2 and Table 2).



(a)



(b)

Figure 2. This is a figure. Schemes follow another format. If there are multiple panels, they should be listed as:
(a) Description of what is contained in the first panel; (b) Description of what is contained in the second panel.

Figures should be placed in the main text near to the first time they are cited.

Table 2. This is a table. Tables should be placed in the main text near to the first time they are cited.

Title 1	Title 2	Title 3	Title 4
entry 1	data	data	data
	data	data	data
	data	data	data
entry 2	data	data	data
	data	data	data
entry 3	data	data	data
	data	data	data
	data	data	data
	data	data	data
entry 4	data	data	data
	data	data	data

Conclusion

Write a conclusion in one to two paragraphs, without using dot points or numbering. Does not contain a bibliography, references to tables or graphs.

References

In the APA Style 7th edition, referencing within the text should be done using the author-date citation method. Authors are encouraged to use bibliography software packages such as EndNote, ReferenceManager, or Zotero for managing references. This helps in avoiding typing errors and duplicated references. For every reference, if available, include the digital object identifier (DOI).

In-text citations should mention the author's last name and the year of publication within parentheses. For instance, use (Smith, 2020) or (Smith, 2020, p. 123) for a direct quote. When citing multiple works, arrange them alphabetically within the same parentheses, as in (Doe, 2019; Smith, 2020). The reference list at the end of the manuscript should be alphabetically organized by the first author's last name. Each entry should include the author(s), year, title of the work, and publication details. For journal articles, list the journal name, volume, issue, and page range along with the DOI. For books, include the edition, editor(s), publisher, and publication location. Online resources should be cited with their full URLs.

This approach ensures that your manuscript is in line with APA Style guidelines, providing a clear and consistent format for academic writing.

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