

2021 MARKING SCHEME

1. $\frac{-2(5+3) - 9 \div 3 + 5}{-3 \times -5 + (-2) \times 4} = -14\sqrt{\sqrt{}}$
 $= -2 \quad \sqrt{}$

2. LCM of 9, 15 and 21
 $32 \times 5 \times 7 = 315 \text{ minutes}\sqrt{}$
 Last time ringing together

<u>11.00</u>	<u>2300</u>
<u>5.15</u>	<u>515</u>
<u>5.45 p.m.</u>	<u>1745hrs}\sqrt{}</u>

3. let a technician be x and artisan be y

$$3x + 2y = 9000$$

$$4x + 1y = 9500$$

$$8x + 2y = 19000$$

$$3x + 2y = 9000$$

$$\frac{5x}{5} = \frac{10000}{5} = 2000\sqrt{\sqrt{}}$$

Hiring a technician = 2000 $\sqrt{}$
 Hiring artisan
 $4(2000) + y = 9500$
 $Y = 1500$
 $2(2000) + 5(1500) = 11,500\sqrt{}$

4. a) sh 77.24 x 100,000 $\sqrt{}$
 $= \text{sh } 7,724,00\sqrt{}$
 b) Sh 77.24 x 100 000
 $= 63172\sqrt{}$
 $122.27\sqrt{}$

5. $3x + (x-20) = 180^0$
 $4x = 200^0$
 $X = 50^0\sqrt{}$
 $(x-20)n=360$
 $30n=360\sqrt{}$
 $n = 12 \sqrt{}$

6. $\frac{243^{-\frac{2}{5}} \times 125^{\frac{2}{3}}}{9^{-\frac{3}{2}}} = \frac{3^{-2} \times 5^2}{3^{-3}}\sqrt{}$
 $= \frac{27 \times 25}{9}\sqrt{}$
 $= 75 \sqrt{}$

7. let mother's year be x and son's be y now:

$$X+14=2(y+14) \dots\dots\dots(i)$$

$$X+14= 2y+ 28$$

$$x-2y = 14\dots\dots\dots(ii) \sqrt{}$$

$$(x-4)+(y-4) =30$$

$$X+y=38 \dots\dots\dots(iii) \sqrt{}$$

$$(iii)-(ii)$$

$$X+y=38$$

$$\underline{-x+2=-14}$$

$$3y=24$$

$$Y=24 \quad x=30\sqrt{}$$

At son's birth: mother's age
 $30-8=22 \sqrt{}$

8. $\sin(x + 60^0) = \cos 2x$
 $X + 60 + 2x = 90^0$
 $3x = 30\sqrt{}$
 $x = 100$
 $\tan(10 + 60)^0 = \tan 70^0\sqrt{}$
 2.748(4.S.F) from tables $\sqrt{}$

9. $2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh = 154$
 $r = h$
 $2\pi r^3 + 2\pi r^2 = 154\sqrt{}$
 $4\pi r^2 = 154$
 $r = \sqrt{\frac{154}{4 \times 3.142}}\sqrt{}$
 $= 3.500$
 diameter = 2r = 3.500 x 2
 $= 7.00 \text{ (s dp)} \sqrt{}$

10. Volume of plate = $\underline{1.05} \times 100\sqrt{}$
 8.4
 $= 125\text{cm}^3$
 $L^2 = \frac{125 \text{ cm}}{0.2} = 625 \quad \sqrt{}$
 $L = \sqrt{625} = 25\text{cm} \sqrt{}$

11. $\frac{a(a-b)(a+b)}{2(a+b)(a-b)}$
 $\frac{a^2 - ba + ba + b^2}{(2a+2b)(a-b)}\sqrt{}$
 $\frac{a^2 + b^2}{2a^2 - 2ab + 2ab - 2b^2} \sqrt{}$
 $\frac{a^2 + b^2}{2a^2 - 2b^2}$

$$\frac{a^2 + b^2}{2(a^2 - b^2)} \sqrt{\quad}$$

12. From 0700h Monday to 1900h Wednesday

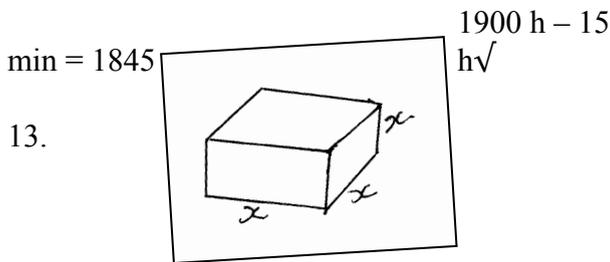
$$= 24 \times 2 + 12 \text{ h}$$

$$= 60 \text{ h} \sqrt{\quad}$$

$$\text{Time lost} = 60 \times 15 = 900 \text{ sec}$$

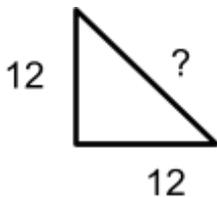
$$= 15 \text{ min} \sqrt{\quad}$$

Time shown on clock:



13.

$$\sqrt[3]{1728} = 12 \sqrt{\quad}$$



$$\sqrt{12^2 + 12^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{288} = 16.97 \text{ cm} \sqrt{\quad}$$

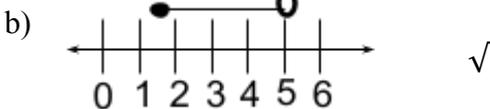
14. a) $x - 5 \leq 3x - 8$

$$-2x \leq -3 \sqrt{\quad}$$

$$3x - 8 < 2x - 3$$

$$x < 5$$

$$\therefore 1.5 \leq x < 5 \sqrt{\quad}$$



15. $\left(\frac{3}{-2}\right) - \left(\frac{2}{3}\right) \sqrt{\quad}$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{-5}\right)$$

$$\text{Magnitude} = \sqrt{1^2 + (-5)^2} \sqrt{\quad}$$

$$= \sqrt{26} \approx 5.1 \sqrt{\quad}$$

16. (a) mode

$$= 22 \sqrt{\quad}$$

(b) Median

15, 15, 16, 19, 19, 20, 20, 21, 22, 22, 22, 26

, 27, 28

$$\text{Median} = \frac{20+21}{2} \sqrt{\quad}$$

$$= 20.5 \sqrt{\quad}$$

17. a) mass after decrease

$$112 \times \frac{15}{16}$$

$$= 105 \text{ kg} \sqrt{\quad}$$

Total decrease

$$(112 - 105) \times 540 \sqrt{\quad}$$

$$= 3780 \text{ kg} \sqrt{\quad}$$

b) (i) no. of 90kg bags

$$\frac{105 \times 540}{90} \sqrt{\quad}$$

$$= 630$$

Least number of trips

$$\frac{630}{120} \sqrt{\quad}$$

$$= 5.25$$

\Rightarrow 6 trips $\sqrt{\quad}$

ii) Expenses

$$\text{Buying price} = 1500 \times 630 = 945000 \sqrt{\quad}$$

$$\text{Transport} = 1500 \times 630 = 945000$$

$$\text{Total } 945000 + 15000 \sqrt{\quad}$$

Selling price per bag:

$$= \frac{960000 \times 1.26}{630} = 1920 \sqrt{\quad}$$

18. a) $10.5 \times 100 \times 6 \times 100 = 630,000 \text{ cm}^3$

$$\text{Area of the tile} = 30 \times 30 = 900 \text{ cm}^2 \sqrt{\quad}$$

$$\text{No of tiles} = \frac{\text{area of the floor}}{\text{area of one tile}}$$

$$= \frac{630000}{900} = 700 \text{ tiles} \sqrt{\quad}$$

b) i) 1 carton = 20 tiles

$$? = 700 \text{ tiles}$$

$$\frac{700 \times 1}{20} = 35 \text{ cartons.} \sqrt{\quad}$$

$$1 \text{ carton} = 800 \text{ sh.}$$

$$35 \text{ Cartons} = \frac{35 \times 800}{1} = 28,000 \text{ sh} \sqrt{\quad}$$

$$1 \text{ room} = 28,000 \text{ sh.}$$

$$15 \text{ rooms} = \frac{28000 \times 15}{1} = 420,000 \text{ sh}$$

$$= \text{sh. } 420,000 \sqrt{\quad}$$

ii) Transport = 2000

$$\text{subsistence} = 600$$

$$2000 + 600 = 2600 \text{ sh} \sqrt{\quad}$$

$$\text{Total cost} = 420,000 + 2600$$

$$= \text{Ksh. } 422,600 \sqrt{\quad}$$

$$\frac{12.5}{100} \times 422,600 = 52,825 \text{ sh}$$

$$\text{Profit} = 52,825 \text{ sh}$$

$$\text{Cost price} = 422,600 \text{ sh}$$

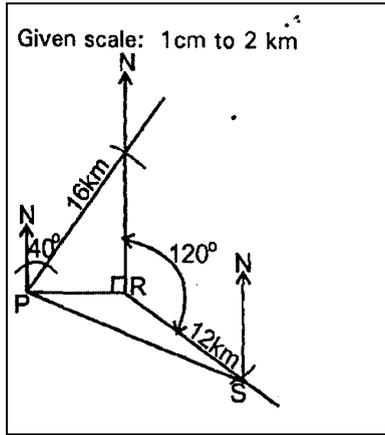
$$\text{Selling price} = 422,600 \text{ sh} + 52,825 \sqrt{\quad}$$

$$= 475,425 \text{ sh}$$

$$35 \text{ cartons} = 475,245$$

1 carton = 475425

1 carton = $\frac{475,425 \times 1}{35} = 13,584$



19. a)

b) i) Distance of P from S = 10.8 + 0.1 cm

ii) $\angle PSN = 74 + 10\sqrt{}$
 bearing of P from S = 286 + 10

c) area of PQR = $\frac{1}{2} \times 10.2 \times 12.2$
 = 63.44 km²

Area of PRS = $\frac{1}{2} \times 10.2 \times 2 \sin 60^\circ$
 = 30.6 km²

Area of ranch PQRS
 = 62.22 + 30.6
 = 92.82 km²

20.

(a) Equation of L

Gradient = $\frac{6-3}{-1--2}$
 = 3

Equation = $\frac{y-6}{x+1} = 3$

= $y - 3x = 9\sqrt{}$

(b) Equation of P

= $\frac{y-6}{x+1} = -\frac{1}{3}$
 = $3y + x = 17\sqrt{}$

(c) Equation of Q

= $\frac{y-2}{x-1} = 3$
 = $y = 3x - 1\sqrt{}$
 x intercept

When $y = 0 \Rightarrow x = +\frac{1}{3}$

y intercept $\sqrt{}$

When $x = 0 \Rightarrow y = -1\sqrt{}$

(d) Intersection of lines P and Q

$3y + x = 17\sqrt{}$(i)

$y - 3x = -1\sqrt{}$ (ii)

$3y + x = 17\sqrt{}$

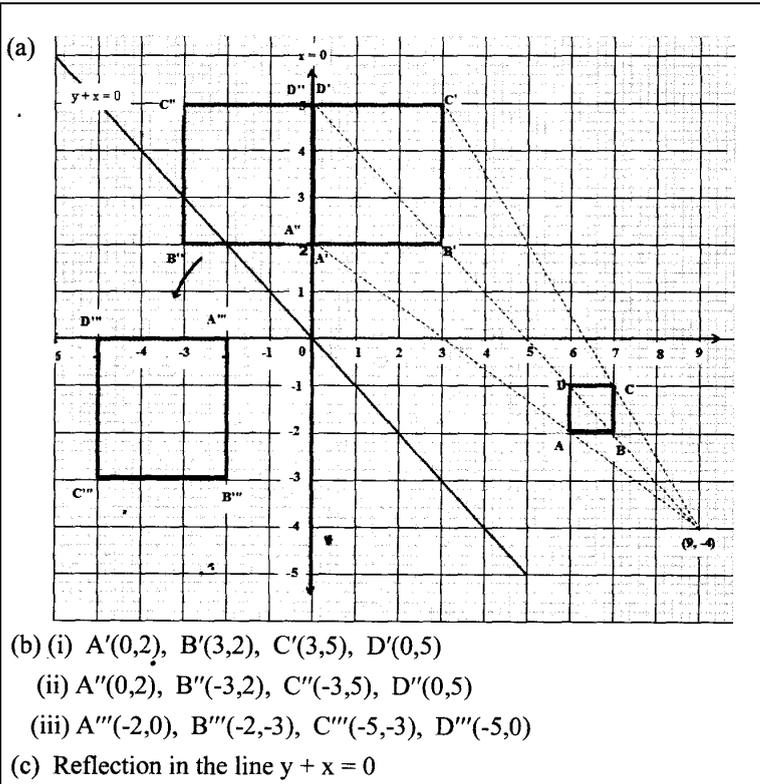
$$3y - 9x = -3$$

$$10x = 20 \Rightarrow x = 2$$

$$\text{Subst } 3y + 2 = 17 \Rightarrow y = 5$$

\therefore point of intersection (2, 5) \checkmark

21.



22. a) i) $\frac{r}{9} = \frac{4}{12}$

$$R = \frac{9 \times 4}{12} = 3 \text{ cm}$$

ii) Volume of material drilled out

$$= \frac{1}{3} \pi \times 3^2 \times 4 = 12\pi$$

b) Slant height of cone

$$= \sqrt{9^2 + 12^2} = 15 \text{ cm}$$

c) Surface area of solid after conical has been drilled

$$\begin{aligned} & \pi \times 9 \times 9 \times 15 + \pi \times (9^2 - 3^2) + \pi \times 3 \times 5 \\ & = \pi(135 + 72 + 15) \\ & = 222\pi \end{aligned}$$

23.

(a) 15m/s

(b) Maximum speed

$$\frac{1}{2}(15 + h) \times 10 + \frac{1}{2}(10 + 30)h = 825$$

$$75 + 5h + 20h = 825$$

$$25h = 750$$

$$h = 30 \text{ m/s}$$

(c) (i) $= \frac{30-15}{10}$

$$= 1.5 \text{ m/s}^2$$

(ii) $= \frac{0-30}{20} = -1.5 \text{ m/s}^2$

(d) $[\frac{1}{5}(15 + 30) \times 10 + 10 \times 30] \div 20$

$$= (225 + 300) \div 20$$

$$= 26.25 \text{ m/s}$$

24. (a) total sales = sh 360 x 500

$$= \text{sh.} 180,000 \sqrt{\quad}$$

Commission

$$= \text{sh} (180,000 - 100,000) \times \frac{2}{3}$$

$$= 13600 \sqrt{\quad}$$

(b) (i) New salary

$$= \text{sh.} (12000 + 12000 \times \frac{10}{100}) \sqrt{\quad}$$

$$= \text{sh.} 13200 \sqrt{\quad}$$

Commission paid

$$= \text{Sh} (17,600 - 13,200)$$

$$= \text{Sh.} 4400 \sqrt{\quad}$$

Commission is paid on sh. 4400 x $\frac{100}{2}$

$$= 220,000 \sqrt{\quad}$$

Total sales = sh. 220,000 + 100,000 $\sqrt{\quad}$

$$= 320,000 = \sqrt{\quad}$$

(ii) No of handbags sold = $\frac{320,000}{500} = 640 \quad \checkmark$

