Content Area: English as a Second Language (ESL) Grade: 3

Unit	Enduring Understandings	Essential Questions	Objectives	Skills
Back to School	Students will understand that: Multilingual Learners (MLs): Recognize that school is a community where we learn and play Read and summarize realistic fiction stories Can identify with characters and their feelings in realistic fiction stories Use viewing, active listening, oral language, and reading and writing to discover more about school communities Can relate a swing to a pendulum Use metric units of measurement in mathematics	 How is this story like real life? How does an author make story characters realistic? What patterns does a pendulum follow? Who works at a school? How can you use addition and subtraction to solve problems? How do writers make a song fun? How do artists make different colors? 	Students will build background knowledge by engaging in a scavenger hunt Students will summarize information in realistic fiction texts and engage in collaborative discussions about characters and their feelings Students will use photos and text features to clarify word meanings Students will identify and use prepositions and pronouns when speaking and writing in complete sentences Students will use text evidence when supporting ideas and explanations connected to fiction stories and discussing characters Students will identify the difference between primary and secondary colors	The following skills are reinforced through Being a Reader, Grade 3: Identifying fiction vs. nonfiction Discussing illustrations Identifying themes and lessons learned through texts Explain the purpose of word study Making text to text, text to self, and text to world connections Generate questions and ideas related to reading QVPCR (Questioning, Visualizing, Predicting, Connecting, & Reflecting) Responding through the use of a journal Unit Skills Activate and develop prior knowledge Summarize key ideas and details Use visuals to develop vocabulary and understanding of the text Identify and read high frequency words Recognize the characteristics of realistic fiction as a genre Active listening Brainstorm topics for writing Solve word Problems

The Digital World	Multilingual Learners (MLs): • Use viewing, active listening, oral language, and reading and writing to discover the digital world • Recognize that there are many things to create and many ways to create them • Engage in a design process in engineering and discover inventors of digital technology • Communicate ideas by writing informational texts	 How do text features help us learn more? How do engineers design new products? Who are some of the inventors of computer technology? How can you use multiplication and division to solve problems? How do we listen for important words in a sentence? How can computers be used to create artwork? 	 Students will be able to use illustrations and various text features when reading to deepen their understanding of a text Students will be able to support their ideas about a text by discussing main idea and key details Students will be able to make inferences by honing in on illustrations in the text and utilizing rereading as a strategy Students will be able to discuss how good readers listen for important details in a story Students will be able to explain how present continuous tense is used to describe actions taking place Students will be able to use simple present tense Students will be able to use base words, prefixes, and suffixes, to learn new vocabulary Students will be able to solve problem Students will be able to solve problems using multiplication and division Students will be able to solve problems using multiplication and division Students will be able to solve problems using multiplication and division Students will be able to solve problems using multiplication and division Students will be able to write an informational text by planning a descriptive piece with an introduction and supporting details Students will be able to list characters from media in order to better understand the characters and 	The following skills are reinforced through Being a Reader, Grade 3: Continued focus on questioning, visualizing, and making connections New focus: making inferences, determining importance, summarizing, and synthesizing Decoding polysyllabic words Figurative language Synonyms Unit Skills Main Idea & Details Identify and read high frequency words Make inferences* Use text features

			main idea of the video	
3 Health and Wellness	Students will understand that: Multilingual Learners (MLs): Understand that health and wellness are an important part of everyday life Can use viewing, active listening, oral language, and reading and writing to discover health and wellness Read informational texts to gather ideas and details to build background knowledge related to different topics Understand that financial means and community support can impact families' choices related to healthy choices Understand that there are similarities and differences between how a variety of cultures keep healthy	 What choices lead to wellness? How do poets use sound devices to make meaning? How can the human body adapt and survive? How does a business work? What are fractions? How can a song tell us about real life? Why do artists create still life paintings? 	to evaluate language choices by noticing specific words, phrases, and signal words when reading informational texts Students will be able to identify key details and information in a text by using the TAPS strategy Students will be able to use a dictionary to clarify the meaning of new vocabulary Students will be able Students will be able to se a dictionary to clarify the meaning of new vocabulary Students will be able Students will be able Cite	text features

4 My Community	Students will understand that: Multilingual Learners (MLs): Can understand how people can work together to help their community Sequence to remember order of events when reading Can explore a problem or issue in the community by writing opinion pieces Use grade-level skills related to spelling conventions and grammar when speaking, listening, reading, and writing	 How does sequencing help good readers? How can a community work together to solve a problem? How can students learn about their community? Why do some animals live in groups? What are the branches of the US government? How can we measure using the metric system? What can art tell us about a community? How can people help their community? 	Students will be able to sequence key actions and events in order by referring back to The Show Must Go On Students will be able to define multiple meaning words Students will describe the key characteristics of historical fiction as a genre Students will be able to identify and read high frequency words with automaticity Students will be able to identify cause and effect relationships and problem/solution in historical fiction texts Students will make inferences based on background knowledge and details in a text Students will be able to identify singular and plural nouns when reading and completing sentences Students will distinguish between facts and opinions when reading to gain information Students will identify common and proper nouns and suffixes through reading and writing activities Students will be able to explain the roles of the three branches	Sequencing events Defining Multiple-Meaning Words
			Students will be able to explain the roles	
5 The World Around Us	Students will understand that: Multilingual Learners (MLs): Can read stories that explain what we see in the world around us Use viewing, active listening, oral language, and reading and writing to discover different aspects of the world	 How does dialogue change the way you visualize a story? Why does the moon look different during a month? What is the difference between climate and weather? How does the world around us look? How can you find the 	Students will be able to develop characters by writing dramas, or plays, that include facts about animals and the world in which we live Students will be able to visualize key ideas and details presented in a	 Identify central idea/theme Using prior knowledge Defining vocabulary in context Making and confirming/adjusting predictions Compare/contrast

	Gather information by reading a variety of texts and genres Make connections across content areas (e.g., science, social studies, art, music) Gather information by reading a variety of texts and genres Make connections across content areas (e.g., science, social studies, art, music)	perimeter and area of a shape? How can a song help you visualize the setting? How do artists show the world around us?	fantasy text Students will be able to identify and read high frequency words Students will be able to make and adjust predictions when reading a drama by using the "Keep It or Junk it" strategy Students will be able to use their five senses to recall details from a fiction text Students will be able to identify and use simple past tense verbs when reading or writing Students will be able to recognize when irregular past tense verbs are used when speaking or writing Students will be able to describe the phases of the moon by reading an informational text Students will be able to compare and contrast climate and weather Students will be able to describe landforms by engaging in close reading of an informational text Students will be able to describe landforms by engaging in close reading of an informational text Students will be able to use polygon classroom object to calculate perimeter and area	
6 The Natrual World	Students will understand that: Multilingual Learners (MLs):	 How are people and nature connected? How are people and bees connected? How can we conserve water? What happens to animals when natural resources are overused? How can you use multiplication and division to solve 	 Students will be able to identify the characteristics of a folktale by reading Why Earthworms Help Farmers Students will be able to read and identify high frequency words in a text Students will be able to identify cause and effect by rereading a 	 Discuss Author's Purpose Cause and effect Identify Claims

	world and the cause/effect interaction	problems? • How can a song show	text • Students will be able	
	between nature and humans	animals acting like people? What is the purpose of public art?	to use conjunctions to connect ideas in complete sentences Students will be able to identify compound subjects when writing and discussing ideas with classmates Students will be able to ask and answer questions posed by classmates about a text or topic Students will be able to analyze genre and identify claims about a topic	
Finding Your Way	Multilingual Learners (MLs): Recognize people often work hard to achieve a goal Use viewing, active listening, oral language, and reading and writing to discover different types and aspects of communities Use timelines to track	Your Way" mean? Why does an author's purpose matter? How does the main character reach her goal? How can an author make a text realistic? What technologies help ships find their way?	to recognize open and closed syllables by applying grade level phonics rules Students will be able to identify author's purpose by considering opportunities to entertain, inform, or persuade Students will be able	and closed syllables Identify author's purpose Define vocabulary in context Use background knowledge to monitor comprehension
	Use timelines to track events in sequential order	 How has navigation changed? What is weight? What are the different ways people can sing together? What kind of art can you make from the ocean? 	Students will be able to identify and read high frequency words Students will be able to recognize characteristics of a biography and track information about characters Students will be able to connect words in compound sentences by using conjunctions and writing in response to prompts Students will be able to identify subject pronouns and possessive adjectives	

8 Changes	Students will understand that: Multilingual Learners (MLs): Recognize that everybody experiences change Use viewing, active listening, oral language, and reading and writing to discover different types and aspects of change Gain information and build background knowledge by reading informational texts and scientific articles Personal narratives help writers express their ideas about life and changes in our lives	 What are changes? What changes does the main character experience? How does an animal character change? What changes do all plants experience? How can a house be designed for a desert climate? How can you use addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division to solve problems? How does the song change? How do artists portray change? 	Students will be able to compare and contrast the elements of literary texts by participating in book clubs Students will be able to distinguish shades of meaning among related words that describe states of mind or degrees of certainty by studying characters and changes Students will be able to recognize the characteristics of a memoir by thinking about life events Students will be able to make inferences by listening for character's actions, words, and thoughts Students will be able to engage in close reading in order to determine the meaning by using visual and context clues	 Identify and use figurative language Make inferences Identify main idea Close reading
			determine the meaning by using visual and context	