1.One hectare equals:
A. $100 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$
B. $1000 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$
C. $10,000 \mathrm{~m}^{2 *}$
D. $100000 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$

Ans:C
2.Chain surveying is most suitable for:
A.Forest area
B.Hill area
C.Undulating area
D.Flat surface*

Ans:D
3.If a measuring tape is too long as compared to standard length,the error will be:
A.Accidental error
B.Instrumental error*
C.Personal error
D.Natural error

Ans:B
4.The boundary of water of a still lake represents:
A.Level surface
B.Horizontal surface

## THANKS FOR YOUR SUPPORT.VISIT WWW.EXAMCHOICES.IN

C.Contour line*
D.Concave line

Ans:C
5.Which method in plane table surveying for locating previous station point?
A.Intersection
B.Radiation
C.Resection*
D.Traversing

Ans:C
6. Multiplying constant for the taheometer is generally:
A. 50
B.100*
C. 150
D. 200

Ans:B
7.The ratio of the length of the object in the drawing to the actual length of the object is called:
A.Full scale
B.Least count
C.Diagonal scale
D.Representative fraction*

Ans:D
8.A 500 sq.m area is represented by 500 sq.mm in a drawing.The scale of the drawing is:
A. $1 \mathrm{~mm}=100 \mathrm{~m}$
B. $1 \mathrm{~mm}=5 \mathrm{~m}$
C. $1 \mathrm{~mm}=1 \mathrm{~m}$ *
D. $1 \mathrm{~mm}=10 \mathrm{~m}$

Ans:C
9.Process of turning the telescope about the vertical axis in a horizontal plane is called:
A.Reversing
B.Transiting
C.Phiging
D.Swinging*

Ans:D
10.The instrument used for measuring area on a contour map is:
A.Clinometer
B.Planimeter*
C.Pantograph
D.Graphometer

Ans:B

## 11.In leveling a station point where

A.Levelling instrument is set up
B.Bench 1 lark is marked
C.Levelling staff is placed*
D.All off these

Ans:C
12.The last reading of leveling is always a:
A.Fore sight*
B.Back sight
C.Intermediate sight
D.Change point

Ans:A
13.Levelling across a river is done by:
A.Fly leveling
B.Cross leveling
C.Trignometrical leveling
D.Recriprocal leveling*

Ans:D
14.The line of collimation should be parallel to:
A.Vertical axis
B.Bubble axis*
C.Plumb axis
D.None of these

Ans:B

## 15.The height of instrument method is:

A.Less todious
B.More rapid
C.Less calculation
D.All of these*

Ans:D
16. While traversing anticlockwise a closed traverse of ' N 'sides,theoretical sum of included angles should be:
A. $(2 \mathrm{~N}-4) \times 90^{0} *$
B. $(2 N+4) \times 90^{\circ}$
C. $(2 N+-4) \times 90^{0}$
D. $360^{\circ}$

Ans:A
17.Angle of dip at pole is:
A. $0^{0}$
B. $30^{\circ}$
C. $45^{0}$
D. $90^{0 *}$

Ans:D
18.An offset more than 15 m in length is called:
A.Oblique offset
B.Short offset
C.Long offset*
D.Right angled offset

Ans:C
19.To calculate the area,the expression
$A=n / 3[(F+L)+20+4 E]$

Where ' $F$ ' is first ordinate,' L 'is the last ordinate,' O 'is odd of ordinates ' $E$ ' is even ordinates and ' $h$ 'is the common distance between the ordinates:
A.Average ordinate rule
B.Mid ordinate rule
C.Trapezoidal rule
D.Simpson's rule*

Ans:D
20.The correction for sag is always:
A.Positive
B.Negative*
C.Zero
D.None of these

Ans:B
21.Metalic tapes are made of:
A.Stainless steel
B.Nickel
C.Steel and nickel
D.Yarn and wire*

Ans:D
22.Example for a deep foundation:
A.Grillage foundation
B.Well foundation*
C.Mat foundation
D.Step foundation

Ans:B

## 23.Mechanical advantage equal to:

A.W/P*
B.P/W
C.P $\times W$
D.P-W

Ans:A
24.The resultant of two forces' $P$ ' and ' $Q$ ' acting at angle'theta'is equal to
A.Square root of $P^{2}+Q^{2}+2 P Q \operatorname{Sin}$ (theta)
B. Square root of $P^{2}-Q^{2}+2 P Q \operatorname{Sin}$ (theta)
C. Square root of $P^{2}+Q^{2}+2 P Q \operatorname{Cos}$ (theta)*
D. Square root of $P^{2}-Q^{2}+2 P Q \operatorname{Cos}$ (theta)

Ans:C

## 25.The ratio of stress to strain is:

A.Elasticity
B.Modulus of elasticity*
C.Bulk modulus
D.Poisson's ratio

Ans:B
26. In conics the fixed point is called:
A.Vertex
B.Apex
C.Helix
D.Focus*

Ans:D
27.A regular solid having six square faces is:
A.Hexogon
B.Octa hedron
C.Cube*
D.Tetra hedran

Ans:C
28.The horizontal angle between the true meridian and line is called:
A.Magnetic bearing
B.Azimuth*
C.Arbitrary bearing
D.Reduced bearing

Ans:B
29.The observed fore bearing of a line is $127^{\circ} 18^{\prime}$ then the back bearing is:
A. $322^{0} 18^{\prime *}$
B. $37^{\circ} 42^{\prime}$
C. $322^{\circ} 42$
D. $232^{0} 18$

Ans:A
30.The true bearing of a line is $127^{\circ}$ and declination is $2^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$. The magnetic bearing equals:
A. $125^{0}$

## THANKS FOR YOUR SUPPORT.VISIT WWW.EXAMCHOICES.IN

B. $131^{0}$
C. $129^{0}$ *
D. $135^{0}$

Ans:C
31.The sum of the interior angles of a regular pentagon is:
A. $360^{\circ}$
B. $540^{\circ}$ *
C. $720^{\circ}$
D. $630^{\circ}$

Ans:B
32.The bearing of a line $A B$ is $152^{\circ} 20^{\prime}$ and the angle $B A C$ is $124^{\circ} 38^{\prime}$.The bearing of $A C$ is:

```
A.96}\mp@subsup{}{}{\circ}5\mp@subsup{8}{}{\prime
B. }9\mp@subsup{6}{}{0}1
C.276}\mp@subsup{}{}{\circ}5\mp@subsup{8}{}{*
D. }12\mp@subsup{7}{}{0}1
```

Ans:C
33.The inclination of the compass needle with the horizontal is known as.
A.Declination
B.Dip*
C.True bearing
D.Magnetic Declination

Ans:B

## 34.The angle between the reflecting surfaces of a prism square is:

A. $45^{\circ *}$
B. $60^{\circ}$
C. $75^{0}$
D. $90^{\circ}$

Ans:A
35.The angle of depression in theodolite traverse is:
A.Positive angle
B.Negative angle*
C.Both positive and negative angle
D.Above horizontal angle

Ans:B
36.The bench mark at $A$ is ' 200 ' m and staff reading at $A$ is ' $3.5^{\prime} \mathrm{m}$ and the staff reading at $B$ is ' 2 ' $m$.The reduced level at $B$ is:
A. 203.5 m
B. 202.0 m
C. 201.5 m*
D. 202.5 m

Ans:C
37.Which method is particularly suitable when a contoured map of a hill required?
A.Radial method
B.Square method
C.Cross-section method
D.Tachemetric method*

Ans:D
38.The most common Coagulant is:
A.Alum*
B.Chlorine
C.Bleaching powder
D.All of these

Ans:A
39.The whole circle bearing of a line is $165^{\circ}$. Its reduced bearing is:
A. $N 75^{\circ} E$
B.N $75^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$
C.S $15^{\circ} \mathrm{E}^{*}$
D.S $15^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$

Ans:C
40.To locate an electric post near the plane table station which of the following method is suitable:
A.Intersection
B.Radiation*
C.Resection
D.Traverse

Ans:B
41.If distance between two points $A$ and $B$ is 1 km , then combined correction for curvature and refraction will be:
A. $0.0673 D^{2} \mathrm{~m}^{*}$

B.1.0673 $\mathrm{D}^{2} \mathrm{~m}$<br>C.0.673 $\mathrm{D}^{2} \mathrm{~m}$<br>D.1.673 D²m<br>Ans:A

42.The process of establishing intermediate points between two end points which are not intervisible, with the help of a theodolite is called:
A.Lining in
B.Ranging
C.Balancing-in*
D.Random line

Ans:C
43.The observation is taken on a change point is:
A.Fore sight
B. Back sight
C.Intermediate sight
D.Both fore sight and back sight*

Ans:D

## 44.The isometric projection of a square is:

A.Rectangle
B.Rhombus*
C.Parallelogram
D.Trapezoid

Ans:B
45. In a simply supported beam the point where the maximum bending moment occurs is at:
A.Support point
B.Mid point
C.The point where SF is zero*
D.End point

Ans:C
46.Which of the following is used for checking vertically of masonry wall?
A.Spirit level
B.Water level
C.Trowel
D.Plumb bob*

Ans:D
47. Departure co-ordinate related to:
A.North and South
B.East and West*
C.South and West
D.South and East

Ans:B
48.Bureau of Indian standards has recommended the use of folding staff as:
A. 2 m
B. 3 m

## THANKS FOR YOUR SUPPORT.VISIT WWW.EXAMCHOICES.IN

C. 4 m *
D.4.5m

Ans:C
49.The observation with level is:
A.Horizontal linear measurement
B.Vertical linear measurement*
C.Angular measurement
D.Horizontal angular measurement

Ans:B
50.The box of the compass is made of:
A.Aluminium
B.Iron
C.Copper
D.Brass*

Ans:D
51.A fixed point of known elevation is:
A.Bench Mark*
B.Station pint
C.Change point
D.Intermediate point

Ans:A
52.Ring contours of higher values interval represents inside:
A.Ridge
B.Pond
C.Hill*
D.Valley

Ans:C
53.The closing error of theodolite traverse where'L'is the latitude and ' $D$ 'is the departure:
54.The horizontal angle between true meridian and a survey line is:
A.Dip
B.Magnetic Declination
C.Magnetic bearing
D.Azimuth*

Ans:D
55.The method used for calculating the earth work with more accuracy is:
A.Trapezoidal Rule
B.Mid-ordinate rule
C.Prismoidal rule*
D.Average ordinate rule

Ans:C
56.The length of long chord is:
A.2Rcos (theta)/2
B. 2 Rsin (theta)/2*
C.R $\cos ($ theta) $/ 2$
D.R $\sin ($ theta) $/ 2$

Ans:B
57.An instrument which is used for measuring horizontal angle,vertical angle and direct distance accurately is:
A.Tacheometric survey
B.Theodolite survey
C.Box-sexiant
D.Total station*

Ans:D
58.The value of deflection angle is:
A. $0^{\circ}$ to $90^{\circ}$
B. $0^{\circ}$ to $180^{0 *}$
C. $0^{\circ}$ to $270^{\circ}$
D. $0^{\circ}$ to $360^{\circ}$

Ans:B
59.In telescope the ratio of the focal length of the object to that of an eye-piece is known as:
A.Magnification*
B.Sensitivity
C.Definition
D.Brightness

Ans:A
60.For accurate measurement of distance which tape is better?
A. Metallic tape
B.PVC coated tape
C.Steel tape
D.Invar tape*

Ans:D
61.The number of links in a 30 m metric chain is:
A. 100 links
B. 150 links*
C. 180 links
D. 200 links

Ans:B
62.The process of turning the telescope about the vertical axis in horizontal plane is called:
A.Transiting
B.Reversing
C.Plugging
D.Swinging*

Ans:D
63.During chaining a straight line, the leader of the party has 4 arrows in his hand while the follower has 6 arrows in his hand from the starting point is:
A. 4 chains
B. 6 chains*
C. 120 metre
D. 180 metre

Ans:B
64.The permissible error in compass survey is:
A. 15 minutes*
B. 15 seconds
C. 30 seconds
D. 1 degree

Ans:A
65.In first angle projection the object is placed:
A.Above HP and behind VP
B.Above HP and infront of VP*
C. Below HP and behind VP
D.Below HP and Infront of VP

Ans:B
66.In Engineering drawing chain lines are used for:
A.Visible out lines
B.Dimension lines
C. Hidden lines
D.Centre lines*

Ans:D
67.A well conditioned triangle has angles not less than and not more than respectively:
A. $10^{\circ}$ and $90^{\circ}$
B. $20^{\circ}$ and $120^{\circ}$
C. $30^{\circ}$ and $120^{0 *}$
D. $90^{\circ}$ and $120^{\circ}$

Ans:C

## 68.A scale representing either three units or only one unit and its

 fractions upto second place of decimal points is:A.Diagonal scale*
B.Plane scale
C.Vernier scale
D.Comparative scale

Ans:A
69.Important points selected at the ends of the chain lines to command the boundaries of the survey are called:
A.Tie stations
B.Subsidiary stations
C.Main stations*
D.Check stations

Ans:C
70.The error due to bad ranging is:
A.Compensing error
B.Cumulative positive error*
C.Cumulative negative error
D.Both B and C

Ans:B
71.The reduced bearing of a line whose whole circle bearing is $40^{\circ}$
A.S $40^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$
B. $50^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$
C. $N 40^{\circ} E^{*}$
D.N $40^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$

Ans:C
72.Fore bearing of a line is $\mathrm{S} 60^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$, The back bearing is:
A.N $60^{\circ} E^{*}$
B. $N 30^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$
C. $60^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$
D.S $30^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$

Ans:A
73.Geocletic survey is different from plane surveying because of:
A.Very large area is covered
B.Undulations of the topography
C.Curvature of the earth is considered*
D.Large difference of elevations

Ans:C
74.The type of theodolite classified as:
A.Diameter of upper plate
B.Diameter of lower plate*
C.Diameter of vertical plate
D.Diameter of telescope

Ans:B
75.The traverse slope provided on the surface of the road to remove the rain water:
A.Crown
B.Gradient

## THANKS FOR YOUR SUPPORT.VISIT WWW.EXAMCHOICES.IN

C.Super elevation
D.Camber*

Ans:D
76.Volume of a solid sphere is:
B. 4 (pie) $r^{3}$
C. $4 / 3$ (pie) $)^{3 *}$
D. $3 / 4$ (pie) $r^{3}$

Ans:C
77.The actual size of standard brick is:
A. $20 \times 10 \times 10 \mathrm{~cm}$
B. $19 \times 9 \times 9 \mathrm{~cm}$ *
C. $20 \times 20 \times 10 \mathrm{~cm}$
D. $19 \times 19 \times 9 \mathrm{~cm}$

Ans:B
78.Full form of"CAD":
A.Computer Aided Drafting
B.Computer Aided Demonstration
C.Computer Aided Designing*
D.Computer Aided Dimensioning

Ans:C
79.A command which is used to pick points like end point,mid-point,tangent etc.of entities very precisely which geometrical accuracy:
A.GRID
B.ZOOM
C.DIM
D.OSNAP*

Ans:D
80.The Bench Marks established by the survey of India Department:
A.Permanent Bench Marks
B.GTS Bench Marks*
C.Arbitrary Bench Marks
D.Temporary Bench Marks

Ans:B
81.The pass located at the Southern end of the Nilgiri Hills in South India is called:
A.Palghat gap*
B.Bhorghat pass
C.Thalgat pass
D.Bolan pass

Ans:A
82.The Gulf of mannar is situated along the coast of which state in India?
A.Karnataka
B.Kerala
C.Andhra Pradesh
D.Tamil Nadu*

Ans:D
83.Which of the following rivers originate near Mahabaleshwar?
A.Godavari
B.Krishna*
C.Kaveri
D.Tapti

Ans:B
84.How many National Waterways are there in India?
A.3*
B. 5
C. 7
D. 9

Ans:A
85.Which river is referred as Kalindhi in Puranas?
A.Ganga
B.Yamuna*
C.Saraswathi
D.Brahmaputra

Ans:B
86.BhagatSingh was sentenced to death in which case?
A.Kakori case
B.Chauri-Chaura case
C.Assembly bomb case
D.Lahore conspiracy case*

Ans:D
87.Who was the governor general of India when the I war of Indian Independence broke oil in 1857?
A.Lord Canning*
B.Lord Dalhousie
C.Lord Ripon
D.Lord Dufferin

Ans:A
88.Who was the President of the Indian National Congress in the Gaya Session of 1922?
A.Motilal Nehru
B.C.R.Das*
C.Sardar Patel
D.Bal Gangadhar Tilak

Ans:B
89.The founder of Satya Shodhak Samaj:
A.Dr.Atmaram Pandurang
B.Gopal Hari Deshmukh
C.M.G.Ranade
D.JyotiRao Phule*

Ans:D
90. Inclusion of the word Fraternity in the preamble of Indian Constitution is proposed by?
A.Jawaharlal Nehru
B.Dr.B.R.Ambedkar*
C.Rajendra Prasad
D.J.B.Kripalani

Ans:B

## 91.The founder of Atma Vidya Sangham?

A.Vagbhatananda Gurudeva*
B.Vaikunda Swami
C.Chattampi Swami
D.Sree Narayana Guru

Ans:A
92.Who was the editor of Mitavadi?
A.K.Ayyappan
B.C.Krishnan*
C.Rama Krishna Pillai
D.K.Kelappan

Ans:B
93.Who is known as the father of Kerala Renaissance?
A.Ayyankali
B.Dr.Palpu
C.Sree Narayana Guru*
D.A.K.Gopalan

Ans:C

## 94.When was the historic Temple Entry Proclamation made?

A.April 12,1936
B.March 12,1936
C.June 12,1936
D.November 12,1936*

Ans:D
95.Who among the following is the leader of Malayalee Memorial?
A.C.Kesavan
B.Dr.Palpu
C.Barister G.P.Pillai*
D.Kumaranasan

Ans:C
96.'Operation protective Edge'is the name of which country's controversial military action launched on its neighbor?
A.Israel*
B.Syria
C.Jordan
D.Iran

Ans:A
97.Which day is observed as World Population Day?
A.June 11
B.July 11*
C.March 11
D.April 11

Ans:B
98.Who received the Golden Ball award for the best player of FIFA World Cup 2014?
A.Lionel Messi*

## THANKS FOR YOUR SUPPORT.VISIT WWW.EXAMCHOICES.IN

B.Karim Bensema
C.Christiano Ronaldo
D.Angel D'Maria

Ans:A
99.With which game is Davis cup associated?
A.Football
B.Cricket
C.Hockey
D.Lawn Tennis*

Ans:D
100.Who is the present united nations deputy secretary General?

A.Ban-Ki-Moon<br>B.Jose Graziano<br>C.Joan Closi Mathew<br>D.Jan Eliasson*<br>Ans:D

