

Works Cited

Primary Sources

Copelin Commercial Photographers. Photograph of Navy Pier Taken by Copelin Commercial Photographers in 1961. Accessed 8 Feb. 2022. This shows what Navy Pier looked like and just how big it is. It helps me with my project by showing how Navy Pier was always a huge part of the city.

Chicago Daily News. "Image of the Construction of Municipal Pier (Navy Pier)." Library of Congress, 18 Oct. 2008
http://rs6.loc.gov/cgi-bin/query/D?cdn:17:./temp/~ammem_45B9. Accessed 8 Feb. 2022. This image shows Navy Pier being built and how massive a project it was. It shows how Navy Pier was destined to be a big part of the city.

"Image of Daniel Burnham." *Chicago Public Library*,
<https://www.architecture.org/learn/resources/architecture-dictionary/entry/burnham-and-root/>. Accessed 22 Feb. 2022. This is an image of Daniel Burnham, the creator of the Plan of Chicago, who had the idea for improving the lakeshore and Navy Pier.

"Photo of Navy Pier Rides." *Travel Channel*, 2014,
https://travel.home.sndimg.com/content/dam/images/travel/fullset/2014/04/04/10/chicago-navy-pier_ss_001.rend.hgtvcom.966.644.suffix/1491584321575.jpeg. Accessed 14 Feb. 2022. This is a photo of the rides at a modern Navy Pier, showing how much the Pier has evolved and progressed.

National Cyclopaedia of American Biography. "Photo of Charles Sumner Frost." *National Cyclopaedia of American Biography*, 3 Jan. 2021,
https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/9/97/Charles_Sumner_Frost.png. Accessed 14 Feb. 2022.

University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign Library, Urbana, IL. "News of the Day Concerning Chicago." *The Day Book*, 10 July 1916,
<https://chroniclingamerica.loc.gov/lccn/sn83045487/1916-07-10/ed-1/seq-6/>. Accessed 3 Feb. 2022. This newspaper shows how Navy Pier always attracted a lot of people and was always a cornerstone of Chicago tourism.

Zol87. USS Chicago Anchor. 18 Feb. 2010,
https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/c/cb/U.S.S._Chicago_Ancor.jpg. Accessed 16 Feb. 2022. This is a photograph of the USS Chicago anchor at Navy Pier. It shows how Navy Pier honors the ship and shows what Navy Pier does for the city in honoring things.

Secondary Sources

Chicago Architecture Center. "1909 Plan of Chicago." *Architecture & Design Dictionary* | *Chicago Architecture Center*,
<https://www.architecture.org/learn/resources/architecture-dictionary/entry/1909-plan-of-chicago/>.
This page helped me understand more about Daniel Burnham and the plan of Chicago, which is helpful because that is what a lot of my project is about.

Harper, Neal. "Rehabilitation of Navy Pier as a City Market." *Cardinal Scholar BSU*, 1986,
https://cardinalscholar.bsu.edu/bitstream/handle/handle/188263/H37_1981HarperNeal.pdf?sequence=1&isAllowed=y. This is an essay about Navy Pier's role as a marketplace. It shows how Navy Pier revolutionized the economy in Chicago.

"Navy Pier through the Years - Timeline of an Icon." *Navy Pier*, 21 May 2020,
<https://navypier.org/support-the-pier/articles/navy-pier-through-the-years/#:~:text=Opened%20to%20the%20public%20in,a%20shipping%20and%20recreation%20facility>. This told me all about the history of the Pier, which is my topic.

"Our History." *Navy Pier*, <https://navypier.org/support-the-pier/mission-and-values/our-history/>.
This source told me about the pier's history, which is my topic.

Smith, James M. "Public Rhetoric, Private Development, And Urban Government In The Postindustrial City: The Case Of Chicago's Navy Pier." *Illinois State*, 2019,
<https://cpb-us-w2.wpmucdn.com/about.illinoisstate.edu/dist/e/34/files/2019/09/smith405.pdf>.
This essay showed me how Navy Pier has grown and developed, which helps my knowledge of the topic by showing me what has changed and when.