

1. Describing the photocard - GCSE speaking exam

When you describe a photo in English, what tense do you use?

You use the present tense and will do the same in French BUT ...

In English there are **two** present tenses and in French there is only **one**.

Je regarde = I watch **OR** I am watching

Elle joue = she plays **OR** she is playing

Il sourit = he smiles **OR** he is smiling

Elles mangent = _____ **OR** _____ (feminine)

Ils écoutent = _____ **OR** _____ (masculine)

1. Translate into English:

Je regarde = **I watch / I am watching**

A. **Elle joue** = _____ / _____

B. **Il travaille** = _____ / _____

C. **Ils portent** = _____ / _____

D. **Elles écoutent** = _____ / _____

E. **Il parle** = _____ / _____

F. **Il utilise** = _____ / _____

G. **Elles regardent** = _____ / _____

H. **Elle mange** = _____ / _____

Prepositions - where things are	
On the right	à droite
On the left	à gauche
In the background	à l'arrière-plan
In the centre (middle)	au centre

2. Translate into English using an **-ING verb:**

A. A l'arrière-plan le prof utilise son portable.

B. A gauche, il y a une mère. Je pense qu'elle parle avec le petit garçon.

C. A droite, il y a des enfants et ils regardent la télé.

D. A l'arrière-plan, les adolescents jouent au tennis car il fait beau.

E. Au centre, les enfants jouent aux échecs.

Translate into French:

1. On the left, the teacher is speaking to the children.

2. On the right, the parents are eating (some) pizza.

3. In the background, the teenagers are wearing (some) t-shirts because it is nice weather.

4. In the centre, the little boy is watching (the) television.

5. On the left, there are some children. I think that they are playing basketball.

6. On the right, the teacher is listening to the children.
