

M.Sc. Mathematics (Semester –4th)
FUNCTIONAL ANALYSIS
SUBJECT CODE: MMAT1-417
Paper ID: [19220518]

Time: 03 Hours

Maximum Marks: 60

Instruction for candidates:

1. Section A is Compulsory.
2. Attempt any THREE questions from Section B.
3. Attempt any TWO questions from Section C.

Section – A

(4 marks each)

- Q1. Let X and Y be normed linear spaces over field F and $T \in B(X, Y)$. Then
$$T = \{x \in D(T) : \sup \left\{ \frac{\|Tx\|}{\|x\|} : x \neq 0 \right\} = \sup_{x \in D(T)} \frac{\|Tx\|}{\|x\|} = \|T\|, \quad x \leq 1 \sup\{Tx\}$$
- Q2. (i) Define equivalent norms, show that two norms $x_1 = \sum_{i=1}^n |x_i|$ and $x_2 = \left(\sum_{i=1}^n |x_i|^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$ on R^n are equivalent.
(ii) A finite dimensional vector space is algebraically reflexive.
- Q3. Let $C[0,1]$ be the space of all continuous functions on $[0,1]$ if $C[0,1]$ is equipped with the L_1 norm $x(t) = \int_{t=0}^1 |x(t)| dt$, then $C[0,1]$ is not complete normed linear space.
- Q4. Let H be a Hilbert space and $T_1, T_2 : H \rightarrow H$ be bounded linear operators. Then
i. $(T_1 + T_2)^* = T_1^* + T_2^*$
ii. $\|T_1^* T_1\| \|T_1\|^2 = \|T_1 T_1^*\|$.

Section – B

(8 marks each)

- Q5. Let M be a subspace of a normed linear space X such that $M \neq X$. Assume that $u \in \frac{X}{M}$ such that $d = \text{dist}(u, M) = \inf_{m \in M} \|u - m\| > 0$. Then there is a bounded linear functional $f \in X^*$ such that
i. $f(x) = 0$ for all $x \in M$.
ii. $f(u) = d$.
iii. $\|f\| = 1$.
- Q6. Let T be a linear transformation from a normed linear space X to a normed linear space Y . Then T is bounded if and only if it is continuous.
- Q7. Let X be a normed linear space over a field K , $f : X \rightarrow K$ be a linear functional on X . then f is continuous if and only if $\ker(f)$ is closed in X .
- Q8. A bounded linear operator T on a Hilbert space H into itself is unitary if and only if T is an isometric isomorphism of H onto itself.

Section – C

(10 marks each)

- Q9. Let H be a complex Hilbert space, $B(H, H)$ be the collection of all bounded linear operator from H onto itself and $T \in B(H, H)$. Then there exists a $T^* \in B(H, H)$. Such that $\|T\| = \|T^*\|$.
- Q10. State and prove the open mapping theorem.
- Q11. Show that the dual/conjugate space of l_p , ($1 < p < \infty$) is l_q ; here, $1 < p < \infty$ and q is the conjugate of p , That is, $\frac{1}{p} + \frac{1}{q} = 1$.