Consider a standard <u>52-card deck of cards</u> with 13 card values (Ace, King, Queen, Jack, and 2-10) in each of the four suits (clubs, diamonds, hearts, spades).

Answer each of the below. Note that "or" in this question refers to inclusive, not exclusive, or.

- a) If a card is drawn at random, what is the probability that it is a heart?
- b) If a card is drawn at random, what is the probability that it is a spade or a two?
- c) If one card is drawn at random, and then a second card is drawn at random from the same deck (without replacing the first card), what is the probability that both cards are eights?
- d) If one card is drawn at random, and then a second card is drawn at random from the same deck (without replacing the first card), what is the probability that both cards have the same value?

Answers

- a) TODO
- b) TODO
- c) TODO
- d) TODO

Imagine flipping two fair coins, where each coin has a Heads side and a Tails side, with Heads coming up 50% of the time and Tails coming up 50% of the time. The possible outcomes are:

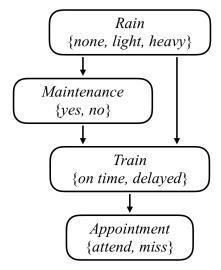
- 2 heads
- 1 head, 1 tail
- 2 tails

Give the probability distribution over these three events.

Answer

TODO

Consider the Bayesian Network shown in lecture, reproduced below.



- a) Does whether the train is on time or not change the probability that the appointment is attended? Why or why not?
- b) Assume you know there is heavy rain. Does whether there is track maintenance or not change the probability that the train is on time? Why or why not?
- c) Assume you know there is heavy rain. Does whether there is track maintenance or not affect the probability that the appointment is attended? Why or why not?
- d) Assume you know the train is on time. Does whether there is heavy rain or not affect the probability that the appointment is attended? Why or why not?

Answers

- a) TODO
- b) TODO
- c) TODO
- d) TODO

Two factories — Factory A and Factory B — design batteries to be used in mobile phones. Factory A produces 60% of all batteries, and Factory B produces the other 40%. 2% of Factory A's batteries have defects, and 4% of Factory B's batteries have defects.

Assuming the above information, answer each of the below (you may round answers to three decimal places).

- a) What is the probability that a battery is both made by Factory A and defective?
- b) Given no additional information, what is the probability that a battery is defective?
- c) If a battery is defective, what is the probability that it was made by Factory A?

Answers

- a) TODO
- b) TODO
- c) TODO