Chapter 2 Self Tutorial Exercises

- 1. Does not appear in Latin
- 2.1accusative case
- 2.2 genitive
- 2.3 nominative
- 2.4 ablative case
- 2.5 vocative case
- 2.6 dative case

#	case	number	syntactical usage
3.1	accusative	plural	direct object
3.2	nominative, ablative, or vocative	singular	subject, object of preposition, noun of direct address
3.3	accusative	singular	direct object
3.4	nominative, vocative	plural	subject, noun of direct address

#	case	number	English Preposition
4.1	genitive	plural	of
4.2	nominative, ablative, vocative	singular	by, with, from
4.3	genitive, dative (sg) normative, vocative (pl)	sg and pl	of, to/for,
4.4	dative, ablative	pl	to/for, by/with/from

#	translation	syntactical usage
5.1	the girl	direct object
5.2	the girl, a girl, o girl	subject, noun of address
5.3	the girls	direct object
5.4	girls, the girls	subject, noun of address

5.5	the fatherlands	direct object
5.6	the fatherland	direct object
5.7	fatherland, o fatherland	subject, noun of direct address
5.8	fatherlands, o fatherlands	subject, noun of direct address
5.9	the money	direct object
5.10	money, the money, o money	subject, noun of direct address
5.11	the penalties	direct object
5.12	the penalty	direct object

- 6.1 of the girl
- 6.2 of the girls
- 6.3 O fatherland
- 6.4 of the fatherland, to/for the fatherland
- 6.5 money
- 6.6 of money, to/for money
- 6.7 to/for the penalties, by/with/from the penalties
- 6.8 penalty, o penalty
- 6.9 of the penalties
- 7.1 multae pecuniae, multum pecunium
- 7.2 magnae famae, magna fama
- 7.3 vitae meae, vitae meae
- 7.4 fortunam tuam, fortunas tuas
- 7.5 magnae patriae, magnarum patriarum
- 7.6 fortuna mea, fortunis meis
- 7.7 magnae poenae, magnis poenis
- 7.8 multis philosophiis, multis philosophiis,
- 8.1 multa pecunia
- 8.2 multarum puellarum
- 8.3 patriae meae
- 8.4 magnam vitam
- 8.5 poenis tuis

- 8.6 multae patriae
- 8.7 multis puellis
- 8.8 vitae meae
- 8.9 O fortuna
- 8.10 puellae
- 8.11 puellarum
- 8.12 puellae
- 8.13 puellas
- 8.14 puellae
- 9. Goodbye, my country
- 10. The fortune of the girl is great
- 11. The girl praises the fortune of your country
- 12. O girl, save your country
- 13. Many girls love money
- 14. You give nothing to the girl
- 15. He sees the money of the girl
- 16. You don't see the money of the girls
- 17. We ought to warn the girls
- 18. They ought to praise the girl
- 19. Life gives fortune to many girls
- 20. You save my life with your money
- 21. Fame is nothing without fortune
- 22. You do not love life without money
- 23. Without fame and fortune the country is not strong
- 24. You ought not to praise the anger of the girls
- 25. We love the life without penalty
- 26. We are not strong without philosophy
- 27. What is life without philosophy?

Chapter 2 Sententiae Antiquae

- 1. Hello, o country
- 2. rumor and opinion fly
- 3. Give favor to the girl, please
- 4. Your clemency saves many lives
- 5. He carries away a lot of money
- 6. You often praise both the fortune and the life of the ancient country, but you reject it.
- 7. You order me to avoid the crowd
- 8. I give myself to philosophy
- 9. Philosophy is the art of life

- 10. Save the sound form of life
- 11. Immoderate anger creates insanity
- 12. What are you thinking? We ought to avoid anger
- 13. No avarice is without penalty
- 14. He oppresses me with cruel chains
- 15. They do not fear the wheel of fortune
- 16. Puellae vitam poetae servant
- 17. Sine philosophia, saepe erramus et damus poenas
- 18. Si patria tua valet, nihil nautas terret et fortunam magnam laudare debes
- 19. saepe poenam irae meae videtis et me monetis
- 20. Porta antiqua est magna.

Catullus Bids His Girlfriend Farewell

My girl does not love me.

Goodbye, girl.

Catullus is firm: the poet does not love the girl, he does not call the girl, he does not praise the form of the girl, he does not give roses to the girl, and he does not kiss the girl.

My anger is great

I am firm, my girl--but without you I am not strong

Chapter 3 self-tutorial exercises:

#	case	number	syntactical usage
1.1	accusative	sg	direct object
1.2	nominative	pl	subject
1.3	nominative	sg	subject
1.4	accusative	pl	direct object
1.5	vocative	sg	direct address

#	case	number	English Preposition
2.1	dative, ablative	sg	to/for; by/with/from
2.2	genitive	pl	of
2.3	genitive	sg	of
2.4	dative, ablative	pl	to/for; by/with/from

#	translation	syntactical usage
3.1	sons	direct object
3.2	sons,	subject,
3.3	son	direct object
3.4	people	direct object
3.5	O people	direct address
3.6	people	subject
3.7	man	subject
3.8	men	direct object
3.9	men	subject
3.10	man	direct object
3.11	O friend	direct address
3.12	friends	subject
3.13	friends	direct object
3.14	friend	direct object

- 4.1 of my sons
- 4.2 by my son
- 4.3 of the Roman people
- 4.4 by the Roman people
- 4.5 by the men
- 4.6 of the man
- 4.7 of the men
- 4.8 of few friends
- 4.9 by few friends
- 4.10 by my friend
- 4.11 of my friend
- 4.12 by many boys

5.1 populi Romani populo Romano

- 5.2 magnos viros, magnis viris
- 5.3 pueris meis
- 5.4 magno numero
- 5.5 magne vir, magni viri
- 5.6 filii mei filiorum meorum
- 6.1 puerorum multorum
- 6.2 populo romano
- 6.3 filios meos
- 6.4 filii mei
- 6.5 numerum magnum
- 6.6 numero magno
- 6.7 vir magne
- 6.8 pueris multis
- 6.9 vir magnus
- 6.10 populi Romani
- 7. Farewell, my friend
- 8. The Roman people praise the wisdom of your son
- 9. O great man, save the Roman people
- 10. The number of Roman people is great
- 11. Many boys love girls
- 12. You give nothing to my son
- 13. I see men in the field
- 14. You see the friend of my son
- 15. He does not see the friend of your son.
- 16. We ought to warn my sons.
- 17. They ought to praise your son.
- 18. Life gives fame to few men
- 19. You have me in the number of your friends
- 20. Great men often have few friends
- 21. My friend is always thinking
- 22. The son of a great man is not always a great man.
- 23. We do not always see the wisdom of great men.
- 24. We ought to praise the philosophy, the wisdom of great men.

p.28

Exercitationes

- 1. We see the son of the Roman sailor in the fields
- 2. The boys call the girls today

- 3. Oh my daughter, he always praises the wisdom of your friends
- 4. Many men and women preserve ancient philosophy
- 5. If anger is strong, o my sons, often we err and receive the penalty
- 6. Fortune loves great men
- 7. The farmer gives money to his daughter.
- 8. Sine pauci Amici, vita non valet
- 9. Hodie multam famam in patria tua habes
- 10. magnam fortunam in vitis filiarum tuarum videmus, mi amice
- 11. meis filiabus et filiis rosas semper dat

Sententia antiquae

- 1. Friends, we ought to think of the Roman people
- 2. Macenas, friend of Augustus, considers me in the number of his friends
- 3. My little book and my thoughts advises the lives of men
- 4. Few men are eager for wisdom
- 5. Adverse fortune does not terrify men of great wisdom
- 6. Cimon, a man of great fame, has great benevolence
- 7. A greedy man is always in need
- 8. No abundance of money satisfies a greedy man.
- 9. Money excites the greedy, it does not satisfy
- 10. In secret warn friends; praise them openly
- 11. We ought to hold to moderation

The farmer often praises both life and fortune of the sailor The sailor often praises the great fortune and life of the poet

The poet praises the life and lands of the farmer Without philosophy, greedy men always think of money

They have a lot of money, but nothing satisfies a greedy man