	Historical event	Historical event	Historical event	Historical event	Historical event
Sam and Nidhin (F), Alec and Srijan (I), David and Liam (A), Stefan (M)	Royal Proclamation of 1763 (3) The Royal Proclamation was when the King of Britain declared he had authority over what would become Canada. It involved attempts to assimilate Quebec into English tradition by imposing English law. It also declared that First Nations were a responsibility of the government and were under the king's protection. The west was designated off limits to colonists and was instead reserved for First Nations, at least for a while.	Quebec Act of 1744 (4) - After receiving royal assent, in 1744 the Quebec act revoked the royal proclamation of 1763, which was previously aimed at diminishing French identity among the English populace in Canada. This effectively gave quebec autonomy over the regions represented by its people, and played a critical role in modern day Canada. This act also had consequences on a continental level, due to the conflict and unrest that resulted in the 13 colonies. Eventually an accumulation of other events would eventually lead to what we now know as the american revolution. That is why we consider it to be the 4th most significant although an argument could be made for it being higher up on our rankings due to the significant and revolutionary consequences of the act.	Multiculturalism Act - 1988 (5) The multiculturalism act is a significant act that was passed in 1988. The act served to protect citizens' rights to practice their culture and religion freely. It worked to celebrate differences in society and incorporate them while allowing different views to exist together and respect one another. It particularly stood up for minority groups, but could represent the freedom of many cultures to exist in society. The act was part of an attempt for justice for minority groups that had previously been excluded or there had been an attempt to assimilate. It also worked towards the inclusion of diverse cultures and perspectives to better society as a whole. It encouraged the idea of respecting other cultures, beliefs and way of life despite what yours are and attempted to eliminate much of the idea of superiority and ethnocentrism. That is why we consider it to be the 5th most significant event.	Indian act - 1876 (2) The Indian Act was made as an attempt to assimilate the Indigenous people. This made it illegal for them to practice their traditions and customs. This act is important, because this was the Act that caused a lot of the major discriminatory events that happened to the Indigenous people. This act still exists today, however, the act has been annexed multiple times to make it less discriminatory. The annexes done to this act are kind of a symbol of how the Canadian government has changed over the years.	Charter of Rights and Freedom - 1982 (1) - The Charter of Rights and freedoms is a part of Canada's constitution that protects the rights of every person who is a citizen of Canada, regardless of their beliefs or differences. It was originally preceded by the Canadian Bill of Rights, though the bill's contents are not included in today's Charterthe Charter includes the rights of all people. We made this the most significant event due to the all encompassing nature of this piece of legislation. It protects all canadians and guarantees all members of our society regardless of creed entitlement to a fundamental set of rights.
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