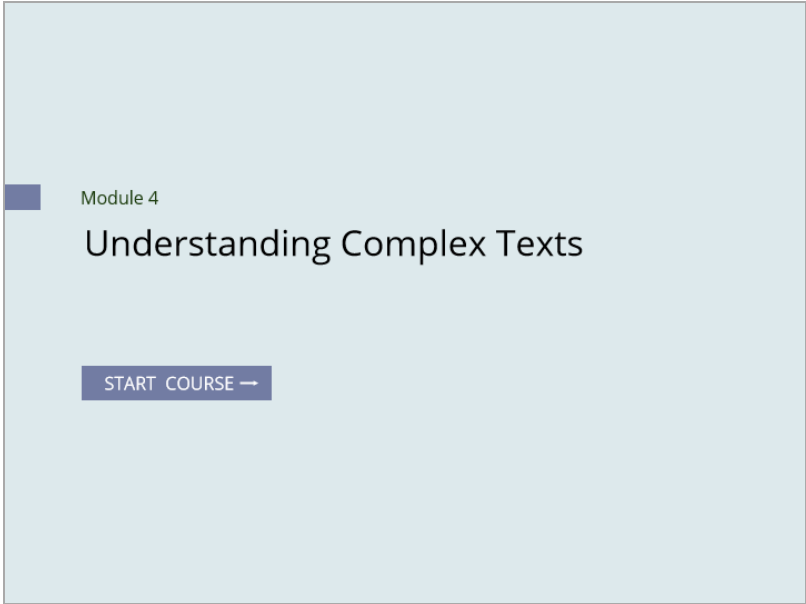


Storyboard with Content: Understanding Complex Texts

Articulate Storyline Translation1.1

Slide 1.1 Title

Slide ID 	407ae110-4b0d-489b-95e4-729ee1615559
Preview Image	

1.2 Introduction

Slide ID 	e85bc8be-9ada-4bcd-836f-50555b7fa883
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**Preview
Image**

Introduction

Some texts are more difficult to read than others. When you have to read a long or complex text, do you have a strategy? If you don't, it may be tempting to skim or to find a summary online. Instead of doing that, you can master a few techniques that will help you understand any text—even dense and boring ones.

[Skip to
Practice Test](#)[Start Learning](#)

1.3 Learning Objective

Slide ID 

f436c8af-2b7c-4aa3-bd66-8e11fcbf7c8c

**Preview
Image**

Learning Objective

Learn how to use chunking as a method for understanding complex texts.

This module is divided into three parts.



1.4 Why should you learn to comfortably read and understand complex texts?

Slide ID 	c53a2ae8-3a2c-405b-be5b-2ae0a6f3d048
Preview Image	■ Why should you learn to comfortably read and understand complex texts?  Have you ever skimmed over an assigned reading and felt dismayed at the task of understanding the text? Most college students experience this feeling at one time or another. What would happen if, every time you felt dismayed by a difficult text, you refused to read it and instead searched for an online summary?

1.5 Avoiding difficult texts may lead to problems . . .

Slide ID 	4ca0d35d-7974-4f56-8318-49ce604c0867
Preview Image	■ Avoiding difficult texts may lead to problems . . . • You may not find a summary. • You may find a summary that is inaccurate. • Your learning will not develop because you do not know how to read complex texts. • You may resort to copying and pasting summaries you haven't written, leading to plagiarism. • Your future job performance may suffer because you have trouble with dense texts.

1.6 Think about what you already know.

Slide ID 	6279fbd2-69fb-429b-88bb-9c90499c33a1
Preview Image	Think about what you already know. You already know that most readings consist of parts. When you write a text, you create an introduction, body paragraphs, and a conclusion. Sometimes you even create headings and subheadings. These are natural dividers that you can use to help chunk information into manageable sections.  Next

1.7 Chunking is a method you can use to break up difficult texts into sections.

Slide ID 	78611628-52a8-4644-af8d-870e0c292cb3
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**Preview
Image**

■ Chunking is a method you can use to break up difficult texts into sections.

To use chunking, skim over a paragraph to figure out its topic.

If the next paragraph is on the same topic, those two paragraphs can be chunked together.

Keep going. If the third paragraph is about the same topic, chunk it with paragraphs 1 and 2. If not, start a new chunk.

Eminent domain is the power of the government to take private property for public use, with compensation to the owner. This legal authority is grounded in the Fifth Amendment of the U.S. Constitution, which states that private property cannot be taken for public use without just compensation. The government must demonstrate that the taking serves a legitimate public purpose, such as building infrastructure, schools, or parks, ensuring that the needs of the community are prioritized over individual property rights.

Courts have consistently upheld the legality of eminent domain, affirming that the government has the right to acquire private property when it serves the public interest. Landmark cases, such as *Kelo v. City of New London*, have reinforced this

1.8 Chunking Demonstration**Slide ID** 

1896b4eb-5fb4-47f3-af78-09f084e3a14d

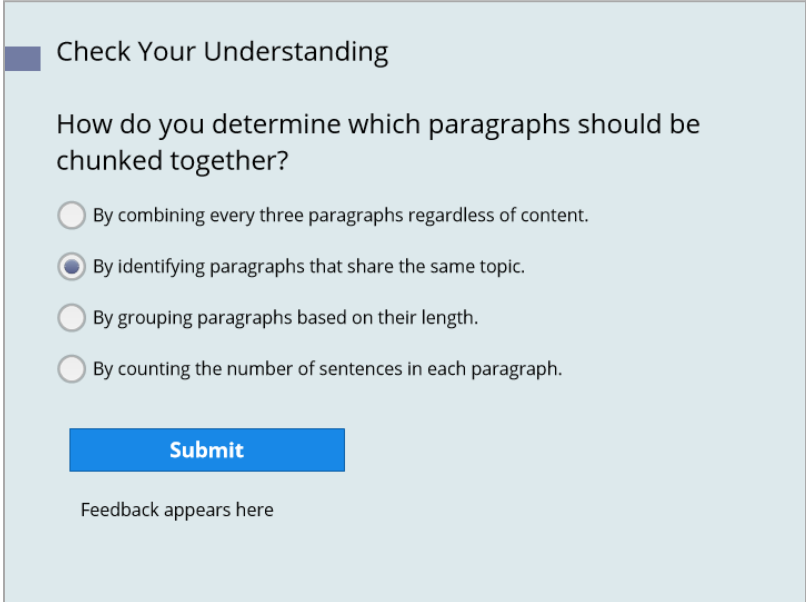
**Preview
Image**

■ Chunking Demonstration

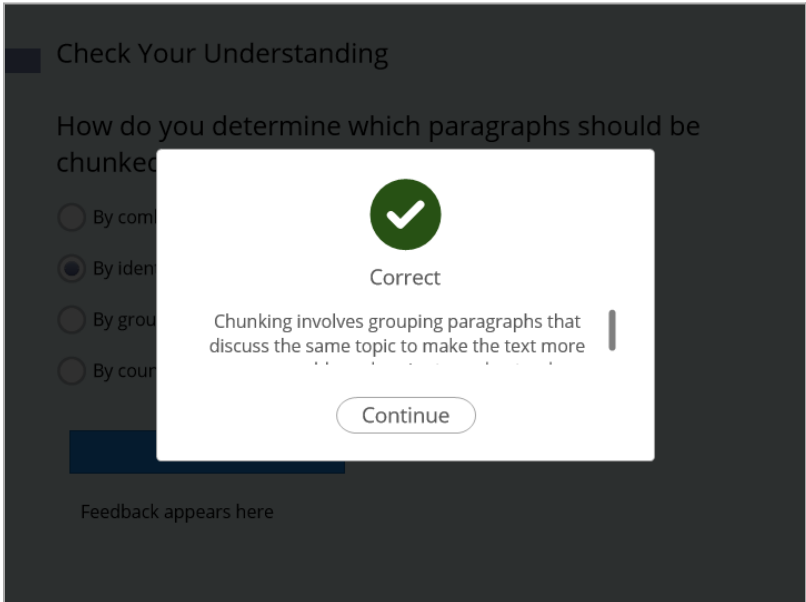
Watch the video to see how to chunk texts into sections.



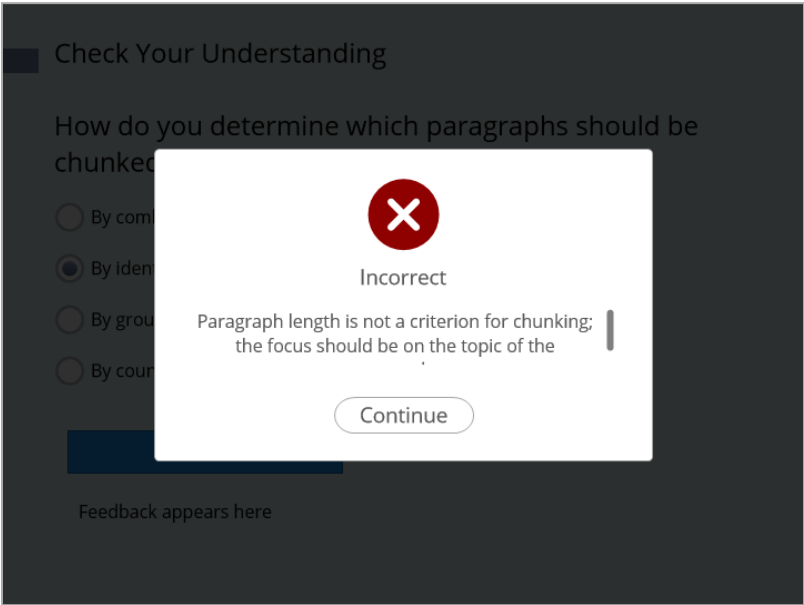
1.9 Check Your Understanding How do you determine which paragraphs should be chunked together?

Slide ID 	2bba090e-53c3-4a99-b3e3-8e024251d4c9
Preview Image	 The slide preview shows a light blue background with the title 'Check Your Understanding'. Below the title is the question 'How do you determine which paragraphs should be chunked together?'. There are four radio button options: 'By combining every three paragraphs regardless of content.', 'By identifying paragraphs that share the same topic.' (which is selected), 'By grouping paragraphs based on their length.', and 'By counting the number of sentences in each paragraph.'. At the bottom of the options is a blue 'Submit' button. Below the button, it says 'Feedback appears here'.

Slide Layer: By identifying paragraphs that share the same topic.

Layer ID 	a49e9ca1-81f8-4d3f-90ec-3c350b15ab8e
Preview Image	 The slide preview shows a dark grey background with the title 'Check Your Understanding'. Below the title is the question 'How do you determine which paragraphs should be chunked together?'. There are four radio button options: 'By combining every three paragraphs regardless of content.', 'By identifying paragraphs that share the same topic.' (which is selected), 'By grouping paragraphs based on their length.', and 'By counting the number of sentences in each paragraph.'. At the bottom of the options is a blue 'Submit' button. Below the button, it says 'Feedback appears here'. A white overlay box is centered on the slide, containing a green checkmark icon, the word 'Correct', and the text 'Chunking involves grouping paragraphs that discuss the same topic to make the text more'. At the bottom of the overlay box is a 'Continue' button.

Slide Layer: By grouping paragraphs based on their length.

Layer ID 	91b23b70-d139-4387-b501-2649cf064fe8
Preview Image	

ID 	Type	Source Text	Translation
OHQ	Text Box	Paragraph length is not a criterion for chunking; the focus should be on the topic of the paragraphs.	Paragraph length is not a criterion for chunking; the focus should be on the topic of the paragraphs.

Slide Layer: By combining every three paragraphs regardless of content.

Layer ID 	b172b925-7e4a-4935-ae3e-b40ee6bcaa33
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Preview Image

Check Your Understanding

How do you determine which paragraphs should be chunked?

☐ By counting the number of sentences in each paragraph.

☒ By identifying the shared topic or theme of the paragraphs.

☐ By grouping paragraphs that are related to each other.

☐ By counting the number of paragraphs in each section.

Incorrect

Chunking is not based on a fixed number of paragraphs but rather on the shared topic or theme of the paragraphs.

Continue

Feedback appears here

ID 	Type	Source Text	Translation
BbU	Text Box	Chunking is not based on a fixed number of paragraphs but rather on the shared topic or theme of the paragraphs.	Chunking is not based on a fixed number of paragraphs but rather on the shared topic or theme of the paragraphs.

Slide Layer: By counting the number of sentences in each paragraph.

Layer ID 	c3be14f1-46fc-4b41-94e6-65b151b1291f
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Preview Image

Check Your Understanding

How do you determine which paragraphs should be chunked?

☐ By comparing the number of sentences in a paragraph to the number of sentences in the previous paragraph.

☒ By identifying the main idea of the paragraph.

☐ By grouping paragraphs that share a common topic.

☐ By counting the number of paragraphs in a section.

Incorrect

The number of sentences in a paragraph does not determine whether it should be chunked

Continue

Feedback appears here

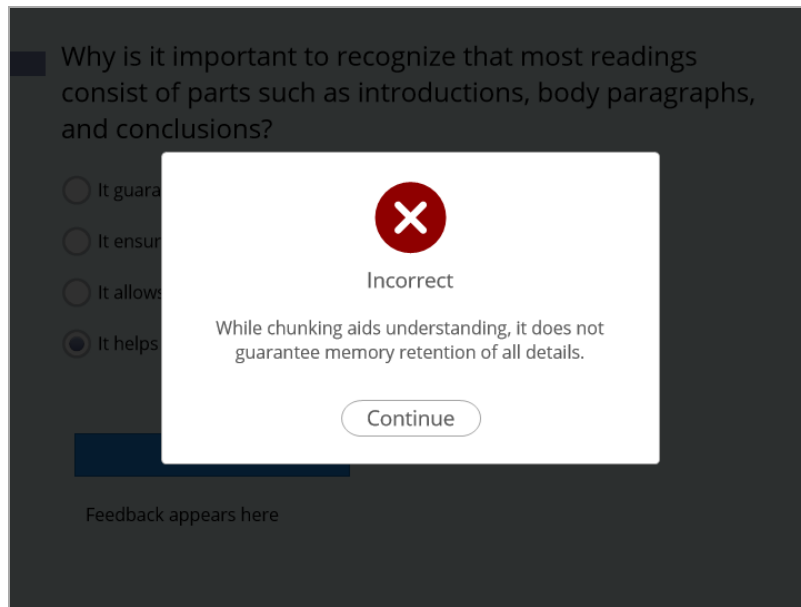
ID 	Type	Source Text	Translation
qPk	Text Box	The number of sentences in a paragraph does not determine whether it should be chunked with another paragraph.	The number of sentences in a paragraph does not determine whether it should be chunked with another paragraph.

1.10 Why is it important to recognize that most readings consist of parts such as introductions, body paragraphs, and conclusions?

Slide ID 	1fa2828f-06e2-4f6f-9eea-0cf3b4e793bb
Preview Image	Why is it important to recognize that most readings consist of parts such as introductions, body paragraphs, and conclusions? ☐ It guarantees that you will remember all the details in the text. ☐ It ensures that you can skip sections that seem unimportant. ☐ It allows you to rewrite the text in your own words immediately. ☒ It helps in identifying natural dividers for chunking information. Submit Feedback appears here

Slide Layer: It guarantees that you will remember all the details in the text.

Layer ID 	9a9f8345-303d-4167-a464-c36af8f536d8
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**Preview
Image**

ID 	Type	Source Text	Translation
9QM	Text Box	While chunking aids understanding, it does not guarantee memory retention of all details.	While chunking aids understanding, it does not guarantee memory retention of all details.

Slide Layer: It ensures that you can skip sections that seem unimportant.

Layer ID 	4268468f-776b-4278-8e1c-4f21c8af1d37
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Preview Image

Why is it important to recognize that most readings consist of parts such as introductions, body paragraphs, and conclusions?

It guar

It ensu

It allow

It helps

Incorrect

Skipping sections without understanding their relevance can lead to missing critical information.

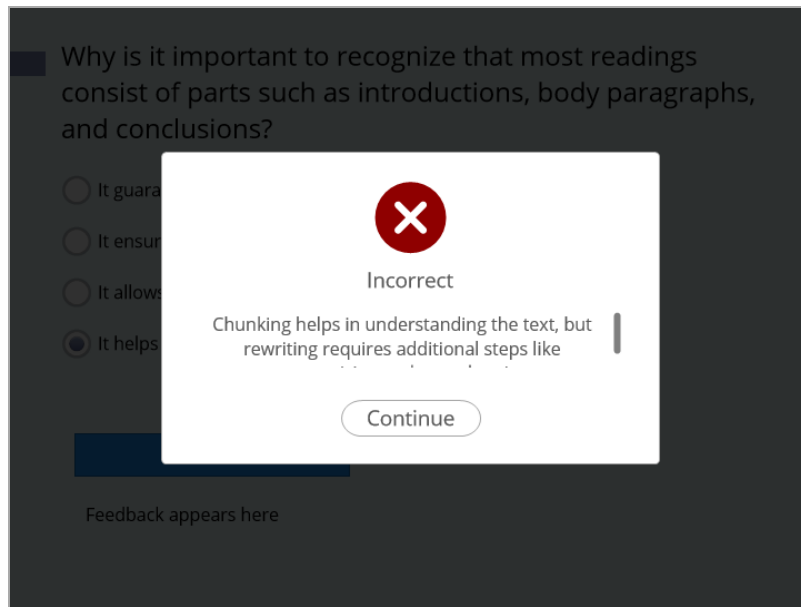
Continue

Feedback appears here

ID 	Type	Source Text	Translation
49o	Text Box	Skipping sections without understanding their relevance can lead to missing critical information.	Skipping sections without understanding their relevance can lead to missing critical information.

Slide Layer: It allows you to rewrite the text in your own words immediately.

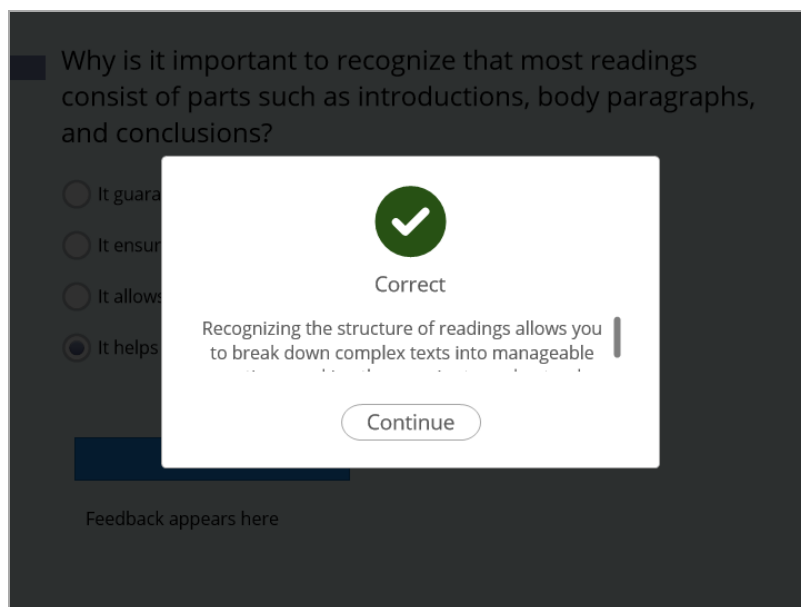
Layer ID 	b409af9d-3118-4efe-b711-70e22f6e9c0c
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**Preview
Image**

ID 	Type	Source Text	Translation
79A	Text Box	Chunking helps in understanding the text, but rewriting requires additional steps like summarizing and paraphrasing.	Chunking helps in understanding the text, but rewriting requires additional steps like summarizing and paraphrasing.

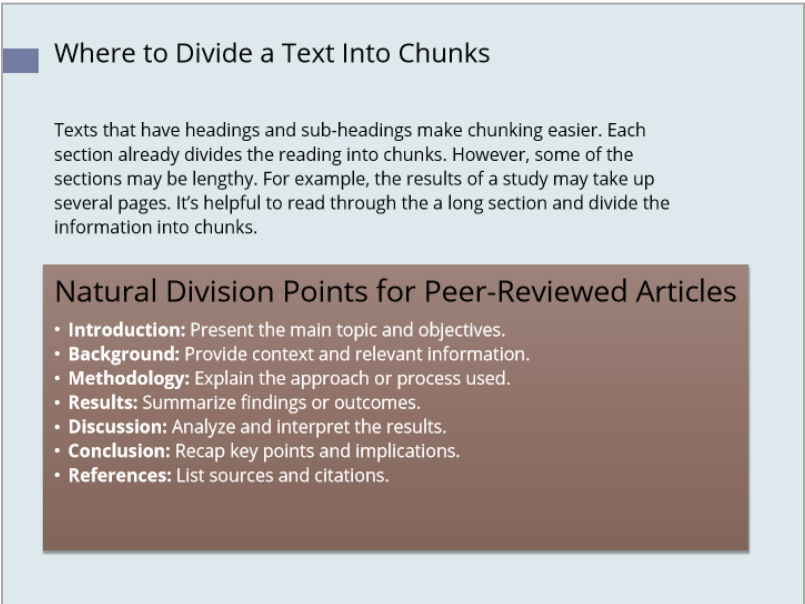
Slide Layer: It helps in identifying natural dividers for chunking information.

Layer ID 	ecec26e2-2b11-4c26-bced-0e6594958156
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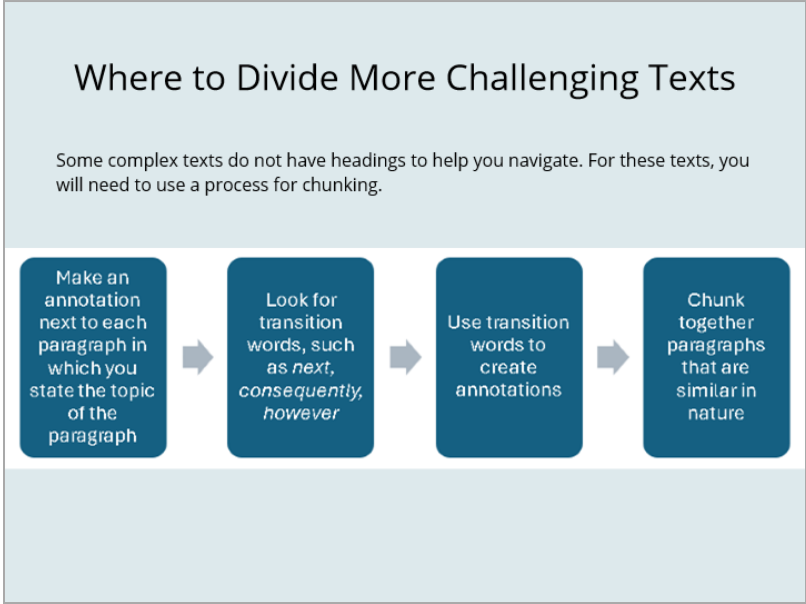
**Preview
Image**

ID 	Type	Source Text	Translation
ZtQ	Text Box	Recognizing the structure of readings allows you to break down complex texts into manageable sections, making them easier to understand.	Recognizing the structure of readings allows you to break down complex texts into manageable sections, making them easier to understand.

1.11 Where to Divide a Text Into Chunks

Slide ID 	03a07614-2664-4dfe-b0cb-417b1e2d94cb
Preview Image	 Where to Divide a Text Into Chunks Texts that have headings and sub-headings make chunking easier. Each section already divides the reading into chunks. However, some of the sections may be lengthy. For example, the results of a study may take up several pages. It's helpful to read through the a long section and divide the information into chunks. Natural Division Points for Peer-Reviewed Articles • Introduction: Present the main topic and objectives. • Background: Provide context and relevant information. • Methodology: Explain the approach or process used. • Results: Summarize findings or outcomes. • Discussion: Analyze and interpret the results. • Conclusion: Recap key points and implications. • References: List sources and citations.

1.12 Where to Divide More Challenging Texts

Slide ID 	8c882879-b6a8-4364-ab96-998c967b66e8
Preview Image	 The slide preview image displays a light blue background with the title "Where to Divide More Challenging Texts" at the top. Below the title, a paragraph states: "Some complex texts do not have headings to help you navigate. For these texts, you will need to use a process for chunking." Below this text is a horizontal flowchart with four blue rounded rectangular boxes connected by right-pointing arrows. The first box contains the text "Make an annotation next to each paragraph in which you state the topic of the paragraph". The second box contains "Look for transition words, such as <i>next</i>, <i>consequently</i>, <i>however</i>". The third box contains "Use transition words to create annotations". The fourth box contains "Chunk together paragraphs that are similar in nature".

1.13 Mateo's Chunking Process

Slide ID 	5bb37fe2-b12f-4de7-be7b-79e99850b0a9
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**Preview
Image**

Mateo's Chunking Process

Mateo is a student in a history class. Watch as Mateo shows how he uses chunking on a dense historical document.

[Mateo's video is embedded. Mateo will also talk about how he dreaded reading the text until he chunked it into parts (so as to address affective domain issues.)]



1.14 Try It! First, annotate each of the fifteen paragraphs.

Slide ID

3224800f-8c82-4ac7-9614-74baabe8bdf0

**Preview
Image**

Try It!

First, annotate each of the fifteen paragraphs.

Paragraph 1

The significance of voting rights for women is profound. It represents a fundamental shift in societal norms, empowering women to participate in the democratic process. This empowerment has led to greater representation and advocacy for issues affecting women and families.

Paragraph 2

Historically, women fought tirelessly for the right to vote. The suffragette movement, which gained momentum in the late 19th and early 20th centuries, was pivotal. Women organized marches, protests, and campaigns to demand their rights, showcasing their determination and resilience.

Paragraph 3

The passage of the 19th Amendment in 1920 was a landmark achievement. It granted women the legal right to vote in the United States. This victory was not just about voting; it symbolized a broader struggle for equality and recognition in society.

1.15 Now, use your annotations to decide how to chunk the paragraphs. Drag and drop the paragraphs into four sections. Use the back and forward buttons to review your annotations.

Slide ID 	c521ec4d-ecdc-4683-8b3f-e60a3cdc8b99																			
Preview Image	Now, use your annotations to decide how to chunk the paragraphs. Drag and drop the paragraphs into four sections. Use the <i>back</i> and <i>forward</i> buttons to review your annotations. <table border="1"><tr><td>Paragraph 1</td><td>Paragraph 2</td><td>Paragraph 3</td><td>Paragraph 4</td><td>Paragraph 5</td></tr><tr><td>Paragraph 6</td><td>Paragraph 7</td><td>Paragraph 8</td><td>Paragraph 9</td><td>Paragraph 10</td></tr><tr><td>Paragraph 11</td><td>Paragraph 12</td><td>Paragraph 13</td><td>Paragraph 14</td><td>Paragraph 15</td></tr></table><table border="1"><tr><td>Section 1</td><td>Section 2</td><td>Section 3</td><td>Section 4</td></tr></table>	Paragraph 1	Paragraph 2	Paragraph 3	Paragraph 4	Paragraph 5	Paragraph 6	Paragraph 7	Paragraph 8	Paragraph 9	Paragraph 10	Paragraph 11	Paragraph 12	Paragraph 13	Paragraph 14	Paragraph 15	Section 1	Section 2	Section 3	Section 4
Paragraph 1	Paragraph 2	Paragraph 3	Paragraph 4	Paragraph 5																
Paragraph 6	Paragraph 7	Paragraph 8	Paragraph 9	Paragraph 10																
Paragraph 11	Paragraph 12	Paragraph 13	Paragraph 14	Paragraph 15																
Section 1	Section 2	Section 3	Section 4																	

1.16 Let's Review

Slide ID 	0d5ca583-fd01-4c57-9659-ba808078d200
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Preview Image

Let's Review

Watch the video to see how the reading's paragraphs should have been chunked into sections.



1.17 Summary

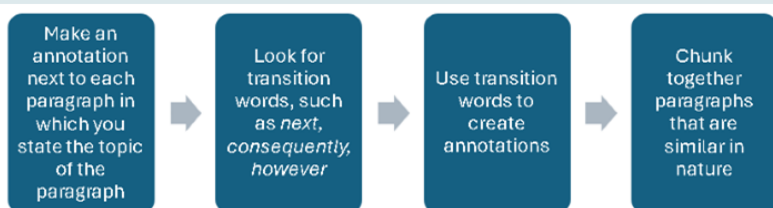
Slide ID

ab1df321-bd9c-4891-90fa-d041130690b7

Preview Image

Summary

Summary: To use chunking, follow these guidelines. (Present guidelines as a graphic.)



1.18 Practice Test First, annotate each of the fifteen paragraphs.

Slide ID 	981755a4-38b3-4a66-857d-94dab9b1e2d5
Preview Image	Practice Test First, annotate each of the fifteen paragraphs. Paragraph 1 type your annotation here The significance of voting rights for women is profound. It represents a fundamental shift in societal norms, empowering women to participate in the democratic process. This empowerment has led to greater representation and advocacy for issues affecting women and families. Paragraph 2 type your annotation here Historically, women fought tirelessly for the right to vote. The suffragette movement, which gained momentum in the late 19th and early 20th centuries, was pivotal. Women organized marches, protests, and campaigns to demand their rights, showcasing their determination and resilience. Paragraph 3 type your annotation here The passage of the 19th Amendment in 1920 was a landmark achievement. It granted women the legal right to vote in the United States. This victory was not just about voting; it symbolized a broader struggle for equality and recognition in society. Submit

1.19 Now, use your annotations to decide how to chunk the paragraphs. Drag and drop the paragraphs into four sections. Use the back and forward buttons to review your annotations.

Slide ID 	86baf909-c4a0-4457-a638-7c87c5fd6450																			
Preview Image	Now, use your annotations to decide how to chunk the paragraphs. Drag and drop the paragraphs into four sections. Use the <i>back</i> and <i>forward</i> buttons to review your annotations. <table border="1"><tr><td>Paragraph 1</td><td>Paragraph 2</td><td>Paragraph 3</td><td>Paragraph 4</td><td>Paragraph 5</td></tr><tr><td>Paragraph 6</td><td>Paragraph 7</td><td>Paragraph 8</td><td>Paragraph 9</td><td>Paragraph 10</td></tr><tr><td>Paragraph 11</td><td>Paragraph 12</td><td>Paragraph 13</td><td>Paragraph 14</td><td>Paragraph 15</td></tr></table><table border="1"><tr><td>Section 1</td><td>Section 2</td><td>Section 3</td><td>Section 4</td></tr></table> Submit Feedback	Paragraph 1	Paragraph 2	Paragraph 3	Paragraph 4	Paragraph 5	Paragraph 6	Paragraph 7	Paragraph 8	Paragraph 9	Paragraph 10	Paragraph 11	Paragraph 12	Paragraph 13	Paragraph 14	Paragraph 15	Section 1	Section 2	Section 3	Section 4
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Paragraph 6	Paragraph 7	Paragraph 8	Paragraph 9	Paragraph 10																
Paragraph 11	Paragraph 12	Paragraph 13	Paragraph 14	Paragraph 15																
Section 1	Section 2	Section 3	Section 4																	

1.20 Feedback for Practice Test

Slide ID 	18059e74-5b19-43c4-93eb-3bec40a847df
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**Preview
Image**

Additional Resources

This page provides links to online resources.

- [What Research Tells Us About Chunking Content](#)
- [Chunking a Text](#) (text and video)
- [Adults: Discover Easy Strategies to Enhance Reading Ability](#)
- [How to CRUSH Reading Comprehension: 3 Effective Strategies to Ace Reading Comprehension](#) (video)

[Return to Course
Navigation](#)[Exit](#)

1.23 Final Assessment First, annotate each of the fifteen paragraphs.

Slide ID 

313e2486-0c7c-4186-97f9-95c590562731

**Preview
Image**

Final Assessment

First, annotate each of the fifteen paragraphs.

Paragraph 1

The significance of voting rights for women is profound. It represents a fundamental shift in societal norms, empowering women to participate in the democratic process. This empowerment has led to greater representation and advocacy for issues affecting women and families.

Paragraph 2

Historically, women fought tirelessly for the right to vote. The suffragette movement, which gained momentum in the late 19th and early 20th centuries, was pivotal. Women organized marches, protests, and campaigns to demand their rights, showcasing their determination and resilience.

Paragraph 3

The passage of the 19th Amendment in 1920 was a landmark achievement. It granted women the legal right to vote in the United States. This victory was not just about voting; it symbolized a broader struggle for equality and recognition in society.

[Submit](#)

1.24 Now, use your annotations to decide how to chunk the paragraphs. Drag and drop the paragraphs into four sections. Use the back and forward buttons to review your annotations.

Slide ID 	e2010c11-2d66-498f-b2c1-dc3bb9b445ea																			
Preview Image	Now, use your annotations to decide how to chunk the paragraphs. Drag and drop the paragraphs into four sections. Use the <i>back</i> and <i>forward</i> buttons to review your annotations. <table border="1"><tr><td>Paragraph 1</td><td>Paragraph 2</td><td>Paragraph 3</td><td>Paragraph 4</td><td>Paragraph 5</td></tr><tr><td>Paragraph 6</td><td>Paragraph 7</td><td>Paragraph 8</td><td>Paragraph 9</td><td>Paragraph 10</td></tr><tr><td>Paragraph 11</td><td>Paragraph 12</td><td>Paragraph 13</td><td>Paragraph 14</td><td>Paragraph 15</td></tr></table><table border="1"><tr><td>Section 1</td><td>Section 2</td><td>Section 3</td><td>Section 4</td></tr></table> Submit Feedback	Paragraph 1	Paragraph 2	Paragraph 3	Paragraph 4	Paragraph 5	Paragraph 6	Paragraph 7	Paragraph 8	Paragraph 9	Paragraph 10	Paragraph 11	Paragraph 12	Paragraph 13	Paragraph 14	Paragraph 15	Section 1	Section 2	Section 3	Section 4
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