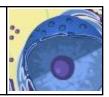
Na	ıme:		Date:		
		Student Exploration: C	ell St	<u>ructure</u>	
		s: Follow the instructions to go through the simun the orange boxes.	lation.	Respond to the questio	ns and
appa		y: cell membrane, cell wall, centriole, chloroplast, cy lysosome, mitochondria, nuclear membrane, nucleo esicle			-
Prio	r Knov	wledge Questions (Do these BEFORE using the G	izmo.)		
1. V	Vhat a	re some of the structures inside a cell that help it to	live and	d perform its role in an orç	janism? _
2. F	How do	o you think plant cells differ from animal cells? (Hint:	What c	can plants do that animals	cannot?)
The unde sam mag men	Cell Ser a mi ple of a nificati u, sele	tructure Gizmo allows you to look at typical animal a croscope. On the ANIMAL CELL tab, click <b>Sample</b> to an animal cell. Use the <b>Zoom</b> slider to see the cell at on of 2000x (2000 times larger than normal). On the ect <b>Centrioles</b> .	to take a at a e dropdo	a own	
r ii	ed arron	e up/down and left/right sliders to manipulate the cel ow pointing to the <b>centrioles</b> . \ Make a sketch of t space below. Either hand draw in the space below o wing tools.	the cent	trioles	
		Make a sketch of the centrioles			
2. F	Read t	he description of the centrioles. What is their function	n?		
L					

# Activity A:

### **Animal cells**

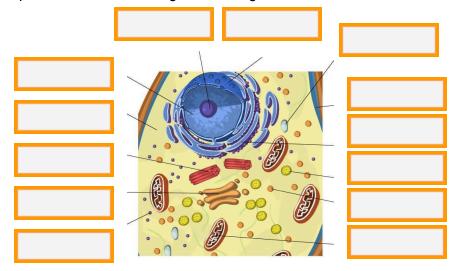
#### Get the Gizmo ready:

- Check that an **Animal cell** is mounted on the microscope.
- Check that the **Zoom** is set to 2000x.



Question: <u>Organelles</u> are specialized structures that perform various functions in the cell. What are the functions of the organelles in an animal cell?

1. <u>Label</u>: Locate each organelle in the animal cell. \ Label the organelles in the diagram below. Either hand draw in the space below or edit using the drawing tools.



2. Match: Read about each organelle. Then match each organelle to its function/description.

Cytoplasm	A. Structure that organizes motion of chromosomes.
Lysosome	B. Stack of membranes that packages chemicals.
Mitochondria	C. Membrane that protects the nucleus.
Centriole	D. Membrane that surrounds and protects the cell.
Endoplasmic reticulum	E. Sac filled with digestive chemicals.
Vacuole	F. Structures that convert nutrients to energy.
Cell membrane	G. Passageways where chemicals are made.
Nucleus	H. Jelly-like substance within the cell membrane.
Ribosome	Structure that manufactures ribosomes.
Nuclear membrane	J. Structure that contains DNA and regulates genes.
Golgi apparatus	K. Package created by the Golgi apparatus.
Vesicle	L. Small structure that synthesizes proteins.
Nucleolus	M. Sac that stores water, nutrients, or waste products.

## **Activity B:**

Plant cells

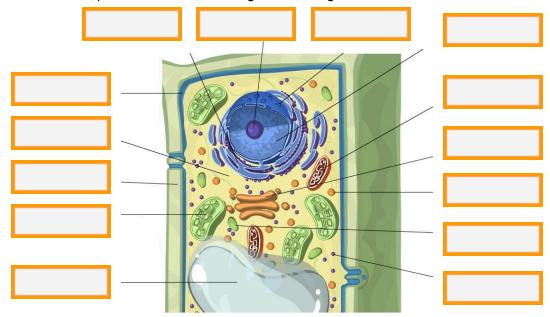
#### Get the Gizmo ready:

- Select the PLANT CELL tab, and click **Sample**.
- Set the **Zoom** to 2000x.



## Question: What functions do the organelles in a plant cell perform?

1. <u>Label</u>: Locate each organelle in the plant cell. \ Label the organelles in the diagram below. Either hand draw in the space below or edit using the drawing tools.



2.	Compa	are: What structures are present in an animal cell, but not in a plant cell?
		What structures are present in a plant cell, but not in an animal cell?

3. <u>Fill in:</u> Name the organelle or organelles that perform each of the following functions.

A.	convert sunlight to chemical energy.
B.	The and the help to support the plant cell and help it to maintain its shape.
C.	store food or pigments.
D.	The converts food into energy. It is found in both plant cells and animal cells.