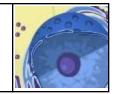
Ν	lame:		Date:		
		Student Exploration: C	ell St	<u>ructure</u>	
		ollow the instructions to go through the simule orange boxes.	ılation.	Respond to the questio	ns and
app		cell membrane, cell wall, centriole, chloroplast, coosome, mitochondria, nuclear membrane, nucleale			-
Pri	or Knowle	dge Questions (Do these BEFORE using the G	izmo.)		
1.	What are s	some of the structures inside a cell that help it to	live and	d perform its role in an org	ganism? _
2.	How do yo	ou think plant cells differ from animal cells? (Hint:	: What c	an plants do that animals	cannot?)
The unc san ma	der a micros nple of an a gnification	-up  -ture Gizmo allows you to look at typical animal ascope. On the ANIMAL CELL tab, click Sample animal cell. Use the Zoom slider to see the cell as of 2000x (2000 times larger than normal). On the Centrioles.	to take a		
1.	red arrow	o/down and left/right sliders to manipulate the celepointing to the <b>centrioles</b> . \ Make a sketch of the below. Either hand draw in the space below of the tools.	the cent	trioles	
		Nake a sketch of the centrioles		3.0	4753
2.	Read the o	description of the centrioles. What is their functio	n?		

# Activity A:

**Animal cells** 

## Get the Gizmo ready:

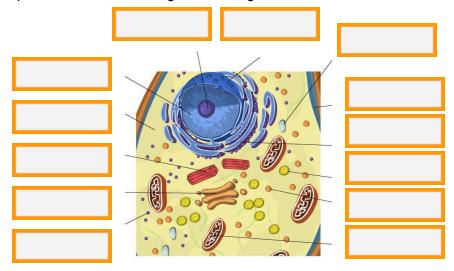
• Check that an **Animal cell** is mounted on the microscope.



• Check that the **Zoom** is set to 2000x.

Question: Organelles are specialized structures that perform various functions in the cell. What are the functions of the organelles in an animal cell?

1. <u>Label</u>: Locate each organelle in the animal cell. \ Label the organelles in the diagram below. Either hand draw in the space below or edit using the drawing tools.



2. Match: Read about each organelle. Then match each organelle to its function/description.

Cytoplasm	A. Structure that organizes motion of chromosomes.	
Lysosome	B. Stack of membranes that packages chemicals.	
Mitochondria	C. Membrane that protects the nucleus.	
Centriole	D. Membrane that surrounds and protects the cell.	
Endoplasmic reticulum	E. Sac filled with digestive chemicals.	
Vacuole	F. Structures that convert nutrients to energy.	
Cell membrane	G. Passageways where chemicals are made.	
Nucleus	H. Jelly-like substance within the cell membrane.	
Ribosome	Structure that manufactures ribosomes.	
Nuclear membrane	J. Structure that contains DNA and regulates genes.	
Golgi apparatus	K. Package created by the Golgi apparatus.	
Vesicle	L. Small structure that synthesizes proteins.	
Nucleolus	M. Sac that stores water, nutrients, or waste products.	

### **Activity B:**

Plant cells

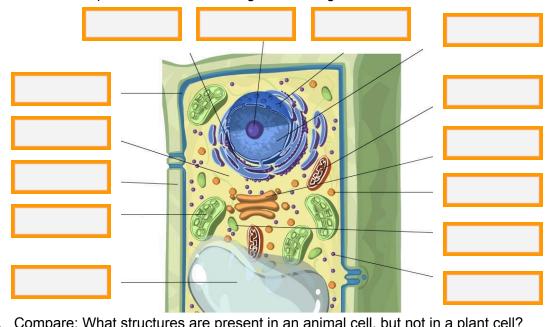
#### Get the Gizmo ready:

- Select the PLANT CELL tab, and click **Sample**.
- Set the **Zoom** to 2000x.



#### Question: What functions do the organelles in a plant cell perform?

1. <u>Label</u>: Locate each organelle in the plant cell. \Label the organelles in the diagram below. Either hand draw in the space below or edit using the drawing tools.



. <u>σσπρο</u>	what of action are precent in an arminal con, but not in a plant con.
	What structures are present in a plant cell, but not in an animal cell?

<ol><li>Fill in: Name the organelle or organelles that perform each of the following functions.</li></ol>							
	3.	Fill in: Name	the organelle	or organelles	that perform	each of the	following functions.

Α.	convert sunlight to chemical energy.
B.	The and the help to support the plant cell and help it to maintain its shape.
C.	store food or pigments.
D.	The converts food into energy. It is found in both plant cells and animal cells.