

ETNOSIA:

JURNAL ETNOGRAFI INDONESIA

Volume X Issue X, XXXX 2024

P-ISSN: 2527-9319, E-ISSN: 2548-9747

ETNOSIA: Jurnal Etnografi Indonesia (title of manuscript) 16 pt

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ARTICLE INFO	ABSTRACT
Keywords: xxxx; xxxx; xxxx; xxxx How to cite: APA Style Author name. (year). Article title. ETNOSIA: Jurnal Etnografi Indonesia. x(x): xx -xx. DOI: 10.31947/etnosia.v9i1.IDs ubmission Article history: Received: xxx, xxx xx, xxx Revised: xxx, xxx xx, xxx Approved: xxx, xxx xx, xxx	In the Abstract section, at least fulfill: Background, objectives, methods, results, conclusions, and keywords. The abstract should be an objective representation of the article, it must not contain results which are not presented and substantiated in the main text and should not exaggerate the main conclusions. The abstract should be clear, concise, and descriptive. This abstract should provide a brief introduction to the problem, objective of paper, followed by a statement regarding the methodology and a brief summary of results. The abstract should end with a comment on the significance of the results or a brief conclusion. Abstracts are preferably not more than 300 words, or 300 words limitation is not restricted. 10 pt

1. Introduction

In the introduction, at least fulfill: Underlying issues; description of the supporting scientific base, research gaps; recency or novelty.

The introduction part (recommended length: 500-1000 words) gives the reader and enticing glimpse of what is to come. It must grab the reader's attention by stimulating attention, interest, desire and action. In other words, the introduction must effectively "sell" the manuscript. The introduction generally consists of: a broad statement about theme or topic of the study; summary of available literatures and cites the most important studies that are relevant to the

current research; statement about controversies, gaps, inconsistencies in the literature that the current study will address; statement about problems/questions to be addressed in the study or objectives of the study. You can also state at the end of introduction outline of the structure of the rest of the article.

2. Method

In the Methods section, at least fulfill: Explanation of research design; research stages; research subjects and objects; research indicators; data collection sources and techniques; informant determination techniques data analysis techniques; and research ethics. to Appropriateness to the problem/objective.

Materials and methods section describe materials used in research and steps followed in the execution of the study. A brief justification for the method used is also stated so the readers can evaluate the appropriateness of the method, reliability and validity of the results.

Table 1. List of Informants

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2	xxx	xxx	xxx
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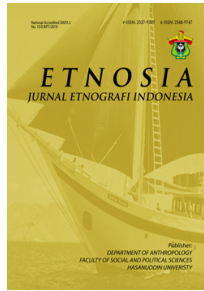
3. Result and Discussion

In the Results and Discussion section, at least meet: a collection of clarity of data appearance; data processing processes/techniques; sharpness of theory/concept analysis and data synthesis; comparison of results with previous similar results, interview quotes, research documentation, and clear points, to how to interpret data.

Sub-section (if any)

Authors should discuss the results and how they can be interpreted in perspective of previous studies and of the working hypotheses. The findings and their implications should be discussed in the broadest context possible. Future research directions may also be highlighted. The discussion should explore the significance of the results of the work, not repeat them. Avoid extensive citations and discussion of published literature. It is encouraged to cite publications from Etnosia.

Figure 1. Figure description



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Sub-section (if any)

In discussion, it is the most important section of your article. Here you get the chance to sell your data. Make the discussion corresponding to the results, but do not reiterate the results. Often should begin with a brief summary of the main scientific findings (not experimental results). The following components should be covered in discussion: How do your results relate to the original question or objectives outlined in the Introduction section (what)? Do you provide interpretation scientifically for each of your results or findings presented (why)? Are your results consistent with what other investigators have reported (what else)? Or are there any differences?

4. Conclusion

In the conclusion section, at least fulfill: The level of achievement of results and objectives, containing conclusions from the research problem or objectives. Not a summary of the paper.

This section is not mandatory, but can be added to the manuscript if the discussion is unusually long or complex.

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Acknowledgements

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References

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