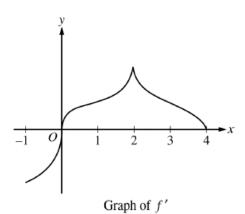
AB Calculus Practice 2.3

Points of inflection

1. Where <i>f</i> "(<i>x</i>) is positive, <i>f</i> (<i>x</i>) is	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ and $f'(x)$ is $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$.		
2. Where <i>f</i> "(<i>x</i>) is negative, <i>f</i> (<i>x</i>) is	and $f'(x)$ is		
3. At a point where $f''(x)$ is equal to zero or undefine	d, there's often (but not always) a		
4. A point of inflection happens when $f(x)$ changes	, which means $f''(x)$ changes		
5. Points of inflection on <i>f</i> happen at the at those points.	of the graph of f , even if f isn't		
6. In the case of both f ' and f '', you won't see an extra multiplicity of the zero is	remum or point of inflection (respectively) if the		
bold numbers - ca	lculator permitted		
7. The function f has first derivative given by $f'(x) =$	$\frac{\sqrt{x}}{1+4x+x^3}$. What is the <i>x</i> -coordinate of the inflection		
point of the graph of f ? Round to three decimal place	es		
8. Let f be the function with derivative defined by f'(a of f have a point of inflection?	$(x) = x^3 - 12x$. At which value(s) of x does the graph		

9. What is the x-coordinate of the point of inflection on the graph of $y = \frac{1}{3}x^3 - 7x^2 + 12$?

10. The second derivative of a function f is given by $f''(x) = \cos(3x) - \sin(x^2)$. How many points of inflection does the graph of f have on the interval 0 < x < 4?



11. The graph of f, the derivative of f, is shown above. The line tangent to the graph of f at x = 0 is vertical, and f is not differentiable at x = 2. Which of the following statements is false?

- (A) f'(2) exists.
- (B) f is increasing on the interval (2, 4).
- (C) The graph of f has a point of inflection at x = 2.
- (D) The graph of f has a point of inflection at x = 0.
- (E) f has a local minimum at x = 0.

x	-2	0	3	5	6
f'(x)	3	1	4	7	5

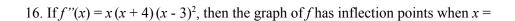
12. Let f be a polynomial function with values of f'(x) at selected values of x given in the table above.

Which of the following must be false for -2 < x < 6?

- (A) The graph of f is concave up
- (B) The graph of f has at least two points of inflection
- (C) f is increasing
- (D) f has no critical points
- (E) f has at least two relative extrema
- 13. Let g be the function defined by $g(x) = x^7 + 4x^6$. How many relative extrema does g have?

- 14. If $f'(x) = (x+1)(x+2)^3(x+3)^4$, then f has which of the following relative extrema? Circle all that apply
 - I. A relative maximum at x = -1
 - II. A relative maximum at x = -2
 - III. A relative maximum at x = -3

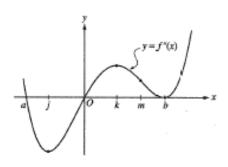
15. The function f has a first derivative given by $f'(x) = x(x+7)^2(x+4)$. At what value(s) of x does f have a relative minimum?



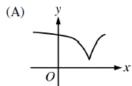
17. For what value(s) of x does the graph of
$$y = 6x^5 + 5x^4$$
 have a point of inflection?

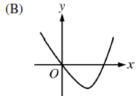
18. Let f be the function given by
$$f(x) = x^3 - 12x^2$$
. The graph of f is concave down when

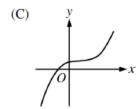
19. If
$$f''(x) = x(x+3)^2$$
, then the graph of f is concave down for

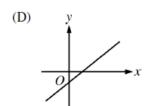


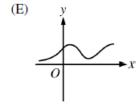
- 20. The second derivative of the function f is given by $f'' = x(x a)(x b)^2$. The graph of f'' is shown above. For what values of f does the graph of f have a point of inflection?
- (A) 0, a, and b
- (B) b, j, and k
- (C) 0 and a only
- (D) 0 and m only
- (E) b and j only
- 21. The function f is differentiable and increasing for all real numbers x, and the graph of f has exactly one point of inflection. Of the following, which could be the graph of f, the derivative of f?

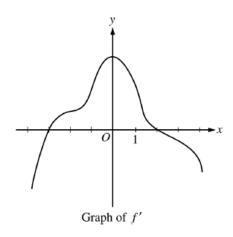




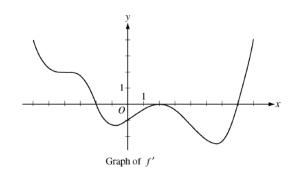








- 22. The graph of f, the derivative of the function f, is shown above. Which of the following statements must be true?
 - I. f has a relative minimum at x = -3
 - II. The graph of f has a point of inflection at x = -2
 - III. The graph of f is concave down for 0 < x < 4
- (A) I only
- (B) II only
- (C) III only
- (D) I and II only
- (E) I and III only



- 23. The figure above shows the graph of f, the derivative of the function f, for -6 < x < 8. Of the following, which best describes the graph of f on the same interval?
- (A) 1 relative minimum, 1 relative maximum, and 3 points of inflection
- (B) 1 relative minimum, 1 relative maximum, and 4 points of inflection
- (C) 2 relative minima, 1 relative maximum, and 2 points of inflection
- (D) 2 relative minima, 1 relative maximum, and 4 points of inflection
- (E) 2 relative minima, 2 relative maxima, and 3 points of inflection