

Unit 3 –Foreign Affairs from Imperialism to post WW1

Overview of Unit: The industrial and territorial growth of the United States fostered expansion overseas. Greater involvement in the world set the stage for American participation in World War 1 and attempts to preserve post-war peace.

Objectives for Unit:

1. Identify as a result of overseas expansion, the Spanish-American War and World War I, how the United States emerged as a world power.
2. Analyze how after WWI, the United States pursued efforts to maintain peace in the world. However, as a result of the national debate over the Versailles Treaty ratification and the League of Nations, the United States moved away from the role of world peacekeeper and limited its involvement in international affairs.

Book: American Nation In The Modern Era

Sections:

11.1, 11.2

12.2, 12.3, 12.4

13.1, 13.2



1. **American Imperialism**

2. **Spheres of Influence**

3. **Open Door Policy**

4. **USS Maine**

5. **Panama Canal**

6. **4 causes of WWI**

7. **nationalism**

8. **imperialism**

9. **militarism**

10. **Triple Entente**

11. **Triple Alliance**

12. **Central Powers**

13. **Gavrilo Princip**

14. **Alliance System**

15. **Schlieffen Plan**

16. **Blockade**

17. **Results of British Blockade**

18. **Lusitania**

19. **Sussex Pledge**

20. **Selective Service Act**

21. **convoy system**

22. **War Industries Board**

23. **Fuel Administration**

24. **National War Labor Board**

25. **Food Administration**

26. **Victory Gardens**

27. **war bonds**

28. **propaganda**

29. Versailles

30. The Big 4

31. 14 Points Speech

32. League of Nations

33. Treaty of Versailles

34. reparations

35. war guilt clause

36. USSR

37. Adolph Hitler

American History (1865-Present) A.S.S.P.