GRADE 2 SOCIAL STUDIES CURRICULUM MAP

Theme: Living and Working Together in the Global Community

Inquiry Topic 1: Global Places

Compelling Question: How does geography determine where people live?

Vision of the Graduate Focus: Curiosity, Personal Academic Growth, Kindness and

Empathy

Standards & Content Knowledge	Essential Questions	Instructiona 1 Strategies	Assessment	Content Knowledge	Resources	
SS2.1.1: Understanding maps and globes	- How do maps and globes help us understand the world?	- Map reading and globe exploration	Formative: Map labeling activities, resource identification	• Maps and globes help us understand where places are located	 Classroom globes and world maps Physical feature 	
SS2.1.2: Physical features of the globe	- What are the major physical features of the Earth?	and feature matching - Climate and environment	Interim: Physical feature posters, environment	• The world has diverse physical features like mountains,	flashcards and matching games	
SS2.1.3: Natural resources around the globe	- What natural resources are found around the world?	comparisons - Natural resource identification by region - Interactive geography games and videos	- Natural resource identification	reports - Natural resource identification - Natural resource dentification - hased DBO.	rivers, and deserts • People live in many	• Videos about biomes and environments
SS2.1.4: Global environments			global feature presentation	environments , from jungles to tundras	• Printable landform and resource maps	
				• Natural resources vary around the world and impact how people live	• Online geography games and interactive tools	

Inquiry Topic 2: People Around the World

Compelling Question: What makes a culture, a culture?

Vision of the Graduate Focus: Growth Mindset, Respect, Accountability

Standards & Content Knowledge	Essential Questions	Instructional Strategies	Assessment	Content Knowledge	Resources
SS2.2.1: Culture and diversity around the world SS2.2.2: Human interactions with and effects on global environments SS2.2.3: Migrations and movement	- What are the elements of culture? - How do people express culture around the world? - How do people impact their environment? - Why do people move from one place to another? - How does movement change communities?	- Cultural comparison charts - Tradition and celebration presentations - Case studies of global migration - Environment change before/after analysis - Community movement mapping	Formative: Culture interview reflections, migration journals Interim: Tradition posters, cultural celebration projects Summative: Culture DBQ, environment/ migration change analysis	 Cultures have shared traditions, foods, beliefs, languages, and celebrations People interact with and change their environments Migration happens for many reasons and shapes communities Cultural diversity adds value to the global community 	Books and media showcasing global cultures Videos on migration and settlement patterns Cultural artifact visuals and comparison tools Environment impact simulation materials Interviews or stories from people who moved

Inquiry Topic 3: Global Connections

Compelling Question: How are we connected to others around the world?

Vision of the Graduate Focus: Teamwork, Curiosity, Kindness and Empathy

Standards & Content Knowledge	Essential Questions	Instructional Strategies	Assessment	Content Knowledge	Resources
ss2.3.1: Local cultures and their global connections ss2.3.2: Global goods and services ss2.3.3: Global communications	- What do we use that comes from other parts of the world? - How do goods and services travel globally? - How do we connect and communicate across the globe? - What does it mean to be part of a global community?	- Global product mapping -Import/export simulations - Pen pal or virtual exchange projects - International news discussion circles -Communication technology timeline activity	Formative: Global connection logs, communicati on reflections Interim: Goods origin charts, technology evolution posters Summative: Global interdepende nce DBQ, connection presentation	 Many items we use come from different parts of the world People depend on goods, services, and ideas from other places Global communication connects cultures and builds understanding Technology plays a key role in maintaining global connections 	 Labeled products with origin tracking cards Import/export simulation kits Pen pal templates or global school links Communication history timelines Access to child-friendly global news sources

Inquiry Topic 4: Countries and Governments

Compelling Question: What does it mean to be a global citizen?

Vision of the Graduate Focus: Accountability, Growth Mindset, Personal Academic Growth

Standards & Content Knowledge	Essential Questions	Instructional Strategies	Assessment	Content Knowledge	Resources
SS2.4.1: Global citizenship SS2.4.2: Global leaders SS2.4.3: Rules	- What is a global citizen? - Who are important leaders around the	- Global citizenship pledge creation - Leader biography	Formative: Pledge reflections, leader fact-checks Interim:	• Global citizens care about the world and take action	 Global citizenship videos and books Biographies of global leaders
and responsibilities of governments to each other SS2.4.4: Conflicts and resolution SS2.4.5: Creating change	world? - What responsibilitie s do countries have to each other? - How do countries resolve conflict? - How can	- Conflict resolution simulations - International cooperation role-play - Social action planning	Leader posters, resolution journals Summative: Global citizenship DBQ, change-maker portfolio	have governments that work together and sometimes disagree • Conflict can be resolved through peaceful means • People of all ages can help	 International organization overviews (e.g., UN, WHO) Peace-building and resolution storybooks Social action planning sheets
	people create positive change globally?			ages can help make the world a better place	