

TEST 1:

Direction: Circle the word or phrase from A, B, C, or D that is the best answer.

- Her parents were very _____ because she was out so late that night.
A. responsible B. sorry C. worried D. overcame
- After a lot of difficulties, he _____ to open the door.
A. managed B. succeeded C. obtained D. realised
- I have been looking for this book for months, and _____ I have found it.
A. at last B. in time C. at the end D. at present
- My employer's _____ of my work does not matter to me at all.
A. meaning B. belief C. opinion D. expression
- The purpose of the examination was to _____ the students' knowledge of the subject.
A. try B. inspect C. prove D. test
- I'll have to _____ to you, otherwise he will hear.
A. shout B. say C. whistle D. whisper
- As soon as the firebell rang everyone walked quickly downstairs and out of the building, _____ gathered in the car park.
A. while B. then C. before D. to
- There's _____ to be frightened of the dog: he's quite harmless
A. a fear B. no fear C. no need D. any reason
- After closing the envelope, the secretary _____ the stamps on firmly.
A. licked B. sucked C. stuck D. struck
- The teacher _____ them the answer to the question.
A. explained B. told C. said D. discussed
- The station clock is not as _____ as it should be; it is usually between one and two minutes fast.
A. strict B. certain C. true D. accurate
- We flew to the island, then _____ a car for three days and visited most places of interest.
A. lent B. bought C. hired D. charged
- One _____ of their new house is that it has no garden.
A. pity B. dislike C. complaint D. disadvantage
- When he spoke over the telephone, his voice was so _____ that I could hardly hear him.
A. faint B. dim C. dull D. unnoticeable
- They tell me he is _____ a lot of money in his new job.
A. having B. earning C. gaining D. profiting

- She heated the chocolate until it _____, then poured it over the cake.
A. formed B. melted C. changed D. flooded
- He drives so quickly that I am afraid that one day he will _____ someone crossing the street.
A. crash down B. knock down C. turn over D. run across
- Hello. Is that 21035? Please put me _____ to the manager.
A. across B. up C. over D. through
- Although he was completely _____ as a furniture-maker, he produced the most beautiful chairs.
A. untrained B. unable C. incapable D. uneducated
- I have never _____ any experience of living in the country.
A. had B. wished C. done D. made
- Because it rained very heavily all day they had to _____ the garden party until the following Saturday.
A. pre-arrange B. postpone C. rearrange D. preserve
- The child was told to _____ for being rude to his uncle.
A. excuse B. apologise C. forgive D. confess
- She walked to the _____ of the swimming pool and jumped in.
A. start B. side C. extent D. border
- When we visited the zoo on Sunday afternoon it was very crowded but on a weekday it's practically _____.
A. full B. clear C. empty D. uncrowded
- You may not have to stay the night but take a toothbrush just in _____.
A. case B. time C. order D. preparation

TEST 2:

Direction: Read these passages and then answer the questions below. Mark the correct letter A / B / C / D in the following questions below.

For most of Western history the mark of the educated person was to know the best of what had been thought and written, to be able to think critically and to be morally discerning and ethetically discriminating.

Today, however, American universities teach whatever students want to learn. In 1978, for example, fewer than 20 per cent of all undergraduate degrees were awarded in the humanities — literature, language, history, philosophy and other liberal studies. Education, in short, is a buyer's market and what most students want is not a philosophy of life but a salable skill.

- In the past according to the writer of the passage all of the following were considered important characteristics of a truly educated person EXCEPT
A. knowledge of the great writings.
B. ability to earn a good income.
C. ability to think critically.
D. appreciation of fine art.

- The author's definition of the humanities would include study of all of the following subjects EXCEPT
A. poetry. B. philosophy.
C. foreign languages. D. civil engineering.
- The term from the reading which is closest in meaning to the word "humanities" is
A. Western history. B. buyer's market.
C. liberal studies. D. salable skills.
- It appears that the main academic concern of today's average American student is
A. knowing some useful foreign languages.
B. being sure to get a job after graduation.
C. establishing a sound personal moral code.
D. having a deep appreciation for great art.

TEST 3:

Direction: Fill into the given space with a suitable word to complete the passage.

My wife and I have always enjoyed travelling (1) _____ sea, and last year we decided to go (2) _____ a Mediterranean cruise (3) _____ our holiday was rather expensive we thought that the high standard of accommodation, the first-class food and the many interesting places we saw were well (4) _____ the price we paid.

We found that most of (5) _____ other passengers were friendly and interesting, but there was one man, a Mr. James, who irritated and annoyed us, and not (6) _____ us but all the others who shared our table at dinner. Whatever subject we talked about, it seemed that he was an expert (7) _____ it. He (8) _____, apparently, read more books, visited more countries and studied more languages, than anyone (9) _____. After a few days, we ate our meals in (10) _____, because nobody wanted to begin a conversation that (11) _____ soon be taken (12) _____ by this man.

Then my wife had an idea. Fortunately, the ship had a library, and she suggested that we (13) _____ think of an unusual subject, look it (14) _____ in an encyclopaedia and then talk about it at dinner. If it were unusual (15) _____ Mr. James could not (16) _____ know anything about it. (17) _____ subject we chose was "English Agriculture in the Eleventh Century". At dinner that night we discussed this subject with (18) _____ enthusiasm. Mr. James was silent. We realised we had at last (19) _____ to find something he knew _____ (20) about.

TEST 4:

Direction: Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means exactly the same as the sentence printed before it.

- The trains couldn't run because of the snow.
The snow
- I didn't arrive in time to see her.
I wasn't early
- I'm sorry I was rude to you yesterday.
I apologise
- He didn't hurry, so he missed the train.
If
- Janet is the best tennis-player in the club.
No one
- I haven't seen that man here before.
It's
- The furniture was so expensive that I didn't buy it.
The furniture was too
- The robbers made the bank manager hand over the money.
The bank manager
- He learned to drive when he was eighteen.
He has
- She had never been so unhappy before.
She was unhappier

TEST 5:

Direction: Circle the word containing the sound that is different from other words' sound.

- A. man B. fan C. fat D. table
- A. home B. comb C. money D. Rome
- A. kind B. sing C. find D. blind
- A. happy B. fly C. sky D. dry
- A. hot B. got C. mode D. shot
- A. but B. cut C. shut D. put
- A. fat B. hate C. bat D. hat
- A. that B. make C. take D. cake

TEST 8:

Direction: Read the following passage and then choose A / B / C / D from (1) to (10) to complete the passage

THE YANKEE CLIPPERS

From the nation's (1) _____ days, American sailing vessels were used in trade with the Far East. (2) _____ out from ports along the New England coast, these merchant ships made their way around the (3) _____ of South America and up the Pacific coast. They stopped at the Pacific Northwest to buy furs, which were (4) _____ in the Far East many months later for tea, spices, and Oriental luxury goods. These products were brought back to the United States when the round-(5) _____-world voyage was completed.

In the middle years of the nineteenth century these (6) _____ were made in the world-renowned Yankee clipper ships, famous for their beauty. (7) _____, the clipper ships were so

well-designed that they were the fastest wind-driven ships (8) _____ built. During the California gold rush, these efficient ships were much in (9) _____ because they made the trip from New York around Cape Horn to California in a record eighty days. By 1860, (10) _____, the steamship had begun to supersede the sailing vessel, and the day of the Yankee clipper's glory came to an end.

- A. prompt B. soon C. early D. new
- A. Starting B. Beginning C. Commencing D. Rising
- A. tip B. top C. cap D. peak
- A. replaced B. exchanged C. transferred D. substituted
- A. an B. a C. Ø D. the
- A. crossings B. voyages C. cruises D. sails
- A. In fact B. Actually C. As the matter of fact D. Truly
- A. never B. hardly C. hard D. ever
- A. need B. demand C. request D. lack
- A. but B. however C. although D. yet

TEST 9:

Direction: Supply the correct tense of the verb in the parentheses.

- I think she's the nicest person I (ever / meet) _____.
- The man at the corner table (glance) _____ my way to see if I (listen) _____.
- There (be) _____ a curious expression on his face I never (see) _____ before.
- Before the war he (be) _____ a teacher at the University, as his father (be) _____ before him.
- We (catch) _____ the last bus if we (leave) _____ the theatre five minutes earlier.
- It (be) _____ one of the happiest afternoons he (ever / spend) _____.
- And then, turning the corner of the path, he (see) _____ Mary exactly where he (see) _____ her the first time.
- And, paying for what he (not / eat) _____, he (go) _____ out, passing two acquaintances without sign of recognition.
- She just (open) _____ the letter a few moments before my call (come) _____ through.
- I wish I (see) _____ more of him before the war.

TEST 10: Combinations with TURN, CALL and BREAK ~ PEG chapter 38

Direction: Put in the correct prepositions or adverbs.

- He broke _____ completely on hearing of his daughter's death.
- He wasn't rich by any means, but he never turned _____ anyone who needed help.

- On his way to work he called _____ the florist's and ordered a dozen red roses.
- Burglars broke _____ the house and stole some jewelry.
- I turned _____ (*refused*) the job because it was badly paid.
- We called _____ a specialist when he grew worse.
- When the police questioned him he broke _____ and confessed.
- Turn _____ the radio if you're not listening.
- War broke _____ in 1939.
- The secretary was then called _____ to read the minutes.

TEST 11:

Direction: complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the word given. Do not change the word given. You must use between two and five words, including the word given.

- The authorities have improved the public transport system here recently.
improvement / The authorities _____ the public transport system here recently.
- I was too scared to tell him what I really thought.
courage / I _____ to tell him what I really thought.
- It was easy for us to get tickets for the concert.
no / we _____ tickets for the concert.
- He pretended to be enjoying himself, but he wasn't really.
as / He acted _____ himself but he wasn't really
- They probably don't live at the same address any more.
Doubt / I _____ at the same address any more.

TEST 12:

Direction: Find and correct the mistake in the following sentences.

- Nobody **had known** before **the** presentation that Sue and her sister **will receive the** awards for outstanding scholarship.
- In 1927 Charles Linbergh **was** the first **to fly** solo nonstop from New York to Paris **in such short time**.
- Until** his last class at the university in 1978, Bob always **turns** in all **of** his assignments **on** time.
- When I **last** saw Janet, she **hurried** to her next class on **the other** side of the campus and **did not have** time to talk.
- Before we returned** from swimming in the river near the camp, someone **had stole** our clothes, and we had to walk **back** with our towels **around** us.
- Patrick was very late **getting home** last night, and unfortunately **for him**, the **dog** barking woke everyone **up**.

TEST 13:

Direction: For each of the sentences below, write a new sentences as similar as possible in meaning to the original sentence, but

using the words given in bold letters. The words **must not be altered** in any way.

1. Mrs. Scott is proud of her cooking. (PRIDES)
2. This affair doesn't concern you. (NO)
3. You are under no obligation to accept their offer. (PLEASE)
4. I am amazed by the mistakes he makes. (WHAT)
5. "If Brian doesn't train harder, I won't select him for the team," said the manager. (THREATENED)

TEST 1: Circle the word or phrase from A, B, C, or D that is the best answer.

26. He _____ me to take a lawyer to court with me.
A. advised B. suggested C. threatened D. insisted
27. She isn't _____ well with the new manager.
A. getting on B. going on C. keeping on D. taking on
28. By the time you receive this letter, I _____ for Japan.
A. will leave B. have left C. would have left D. will have left
29. The President made a wonderful _____.
A. message B. talk C. lecture D. speech
30. She came in quietly _____ not to wake the baby.
A. as if B. so as C. such as D. if so
31. He often _____ about his expensive car.
A. praise B. shows C. boasts D. prides
32. Would you be _____ to hold the door open?
A. too kind B. kind enough C. as kind D. so kind
33. You may borrow as many books as you like, provided you show them to _____ is at the desk.
A. whoever B. who C. whom D. which
34. You must be careful when you wash this _____ silk blouse.
A. weak B. sensitive C. delicate D. feeble
35. Mr. and Mrs. Hudson are always _____ with each other about money.
A. annoying B. arguing C. discussing D. shouting
36. I don't like to ask people for help as a rule, but I wonder if you could _____ me a favour.
A. make B. do C. find D. pick
37. Sue hadn't seen her brother for thirty years and _____ they recognised each other instantly.
A. yet B. so C. despite D. also
38. I had to get up early; _____, I'd have missed the train.
A. otherwise B. if not C. but D. so that
39. What do you mean, he's watching television? He's _____ to be washing the car.
A. supposed B. hoped C. expected D. thought

40. Although he hasn't said anything he _____ to be upset about it.
A. acts B. shows C. behaves D. seems
41. Be careful! Don't _____ your drink on the table.
A. spill B. spread C. flood D. flow
42. Children will work hard if the lessons are _____.
A. expressing B. inquiring C. attracting D. interesting
43. We would very much _____ a reply by the end of the month
A. expect B. require C. appreciate D. value
44. The _____ thing about travelling by train rather than by car is that you can sleep or read during the journey.
A. enjoyment B. enjoyed C. enjoying D. enjoyable
45. Unexpectedly the lights _____ out and we were left in darkness.
A. turned B. put C. went D. gave
46. The opening _____ of the play took place in an army camp.
A. stage B. scene C. sight D. piece
47. The manager did not offer her the job because of her untidy _____.
A. sight B. view C. presence D. appearance
48. I wonder who drank all the milk yesterday. It _____ have been Jane because she was out all day.
A. can't B. must C. could D. needn't
49. Shall we _____ across this field instead of going by the road?
A. set B. take C. come D. cut
50. He's such a wonderful cook he can make a delicious _____ out of almost anything.
A. flavour B. food C. meal D. plate

TEST 2: Read these passages and then answer the questions below. Mark the correct letter A / B / C / D in the following questions below.

In most animals dental decay is a rare problem. In man and especially in the affluent West, the disease has reached epidemic proportions.

The cause of tooth decay in human beings is a bacterium that feeds on the sugar in our food. It digests the sugar more easily by converting it into an acid. The acid then dissolves the enamel, the outer coating of the teeth, and finally attacks the living nerve within. The result is the agonizing pain we know as toothache.

1. According to the passage how common is it for animals to suffer from tooth decay?
A. They never suffer from it.
B. They seldom suffer from it.

- C. They suffer from it as commonly as people do.
D. They suffer from it more commonly than people do.
2. What does the passage say about the problem of tooth decay in the rich Western countries?
A. It is steadily decreasing each year.
B. It has remained unchanged for a long time.
C. It has been increasing slowly for years.
D. It is now virtually out of control.
3. Human teeth decay when they are attacked by a kind of _____.
A. sugar B. acid C. nerve D. food
4. Decay cannot begin until the bacterium produces _____.
A. food from sugar C. acid from sugar
B. sugar from food. D. sugar from acid
5. The term "tooth decay" refers to the _____.
A. digestion of the food
B. conversion of the sugar
C. production of the acid
D. dissolution of the enamel
6. The last sentence means that toothache is a condition which is often _____.
A. unbearable B. quite unexpected
C. a bit unpleasant D. unpleasant but bearable

TEST 3: Fill into the given space with a suitable word to complete the passage.

Mrs. Bailey and her little daughter, Julie, were coming back home from shopping when they saw their neighbour, Mrs Perkins, standing outside her front door, looking very upset.

"Hello, what's the _____ (1)? You do look miserable!" said Mrs Bailey.

"I've done a silly thing. I've locked myself _____ (2)," said Mrs. Perkins. "I don't _____ (3) what to do. If only I weren't so fat I'd be _____ (4) to get in through the window and open the door from the _____ (5). That small window at the side of my house isn't fastened."

Mrs. Bailey thought for a moment and then asked Julie _____ (6) climb through the window. Mrs. Perkins wondered if Julie would be tall _____ (7) to reach the door handle when she got in. Julie said she would try. So the two ladies helped the _____ (8) to climb in over the window-sill. They _____ (9) anxiously by the door, peeping through the letter-box.

They were very pleased _____ (10) they heard Julie behind the door. She _____ (11) to reach up, turn the door handle and release the lock. Mrs Perkins pushed the door wide _____ (12) and with a _____ (13) of relief stepped into _____ (14) own home.

"Thank you very much for your _____ (15), Julie. Here is 20 pence for you to spend."

Mrs Bailey said that Mrs. Perkins had been _____ (16) this time but wasn't _____ (17) rather dangerous to _____ (18) the window unfastened as burglars might get in?

"Only _____ (19) they are thinner _____ (20) I am!" replied Mrs Perkins.

TEST 4: Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means exactly the same as the sentence printed before it.

- Philippa asked Olive if she could remember where she had put the camera.
Philippa said, "Olive, _____"
- It is a six-hour drive from London to Edinburgh.
It takes _____
- Turn off all switches before leaving the workshop.
All the switches _____
- It is ages since Alan visited his parents.
Alan _____
- Mrs. Taylor does not like living in such a small house.
Mrs. Taylor wishes _____
- Mr. Mills lost his job because he was late every day.
If Mr. Mills _____
- James spoke to his lawyer before signing the contract
James didn't _____
- They travelled across India, and flew on to Japan.
After _____
- "You'd better go to the doctor if you've got a pain in your back, Anna," Henry said.
Henry suggested _____
- The police made the youth empty his pockets.
The youth _____

TEST 8: Circle the word containing the sound that is different from other words' sound.

- A. set B. get C. between D. met
- A. ground B. should C. about D. amount
- A. made B. fate C. hate D. hand
- A. allow B. all C. fall D. hall
- A. few B. new C. chew D. phew
- A. should B. mouth C. would D. could
- A. chase B. case C. face D. sad
- A. natural B. nature C. native D. nation

TEST 9: Read the following passage and then choose A / B / C / D from (1) to (10) to complete the passage

The Pueblo Indians

In Colorado's Mesa Verde National Park there is an impressive structure (1) _____ the Cliff Palace. This huge building, dating back

almost a thousand years, is partially hollowed out of the cliff and constructed of adobe, a sun-baked (2) _____. It once contained two hundred rooms and was a kind of apartment house for a whole village of Indians. Descendants of those people, the Pueblo Indians of the southwestern United States, still live in adobe houses of many rooms, sometimes large enough for the (3) _____ of a village. Each Pueblo (4) _____ is closely organized in political and social life and also in maintaining the old religious ceremonies.

The Pueblos are farmers, but they, also (5) _____ in fine craft-work. Their pottery is made by the women only. It is formed entirely by (6) _____ from long coils of clay, and is decorated with geometric patterns. It is (7) _____ to the pottery of the Pueblos' (8) _____ of the twelfth and thirteenth centuries. The Pueblos also do basketry and weaving, in recent years they have begun to make fine silver jewelry, often set with turquoise stones.

From accounts of sixteenth-century Spanish explorers and from the research of archaeologists, we know that the ways of the Pueblos have not (9) _____ much from the ways of their ancestors. Their villages, such as the one in Taos, New Mexico, and others in the Southwest, give us a (10) _____ of one style of life of the American Indian past.

- A. called B. named C. titled D. claimed
- A. soil B. land C. ground D. clay
- A. people B. inhabitants C. population D. residents
- A. public B. community C. people D. citizen
- A. involve B. engage C. take part D. undertake
- A. hand B. hands C. handing D. handle
- A. same B. common C. similar D. alike
- A. ancestors B. founders
C. predecessors D. originator
- A. replaced B. exchanged
C. changed D. inverted
- A. sight B. impression C.
look D. glimpse

TEST 10: Supply the correct tense of the verb in the parentheses.

- When I (look) _____ at my suitcase, I could see that somebody (try) _____ (open) _____ it.
- When we (get) _____ to the restaurant, we (find) _____ that nobody (remember) _____ to reserve a table.
- The doctor (examine) _____ him, and (find) _____ that he (break) _____ his arm.
- I could tell at a glance that the pile of letters on my desk (disturb) _____ while I (be) _____ out.
- We (be) _____ a few minutes late, so the film (already / start) _____ when we (get) _____ to the cinema.

- As soon as she arrived England, she (find) _____ that the language (be) _____ quite different from the English that she (learn) _____ at school.
- "Good afternoon. Can I help you?" "Yes. I (bring) _____ my watch to you for repair three weeks ago. Is it ready yet?"
- I wanted to be the first to tell her the news, but I was too late. Someone (already / tell) _____ her.
- The children are filthy. Where they (be) _____?
- I'm going to bed. I (work) _____ for hours and I'm tired.

TEST 11: Put in the correct prepositions or adverbs.

- He carried on the business alone for years before his health broke _____.
- The lion turned _____ the lion-tamer and knocked him senseless.
- Can you be ready at six? He is calling _____ us then to take us out.
- Mary has broken _____ her engagement to Charles.
- I haven't much time for housework but I try to turn _____ one room in the house every week.
- She called _____ for a few minutes to return a book.
- The lift broke _____ and we had to use the stairs.
- The representative of the computer company called _____ all the factories in the district.
- The situation is difficult and calls _____ great tact.
- They broke _____ their conversation when I came in.

TEST 12: Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the word given. Do not change the word given. You must use between two and five words, including the word given.

- I didn't agree with the idea.
favour / I _____ the idea.
- Sandra said that she was willing to work late.
mind / Sandra said that _____ late.
- You're tired because you stayed up late last night.
if / You wouldn't be tired _____ to bed earlier last night.
- The number of tourists visiting this area rose last year.
rise / Last year _____ the number of tourists visiting this area.
- I hadn't made a speech before, so I was very nervous.
used / Because I _____ speeches, I was very nervous.

TEST 12: Find and correct the mistake in the following sentences.

1. He has been hoped for a raise for the last four months, but his boss is reluctant to give him one.
2. After driving for twenty miles, he suddenly realized that he has been driving in the wrong direction.
3. The Department of Foreign Languages are not located in the new building opposite the old one.
4. The Nobel prize winning candidate, accompanied by his wife and children, are staying in Sweden until after the presentation.
5. Neither of the scout leaders know how to trap wild animals or how to prepare them for mounting.
6. Those of you who signed up for Dr. Daniel's anthropology class should get their books as soon as possible.

TEST 13: For each of the sentences below, write a new sentences as similar as possible in meaning to the original sentence, but using the words given in bold letters. The words **must not be altered** in any way.

1. "Don't move or I'll shoot!" the bank robber said to the clerk. (THREATENED)
2. "I must see the manager!" he cried. (INSISTED)
3. He said he was not guilty of stealing the car. (DENIED)
4. He insisted on a full apology. (NOTHING)
5. The critics were very impressed by her performance. (MADE)

TEST 1: Circle the word or phrase from A, B, C, or D that is the best answer.

1. I took someone else's coat from the cloakroom by _____.
A. mistake B. fortune C. error D. forgetfulness
2. Dave and I have _____ to meet at the bus station at 9 o'clock.
A. confirmed B. combined C. appointed D. arranged
3. You're _____ your time trying to persuade him; he'll never help you.
A. wasting B. spending C. losing D. missing
4. It's time we _____ away with our old-fashioned prisons.
A. did B. do C. have done D. shall do
5. We are _____ him to arrive at any moment.
A. waiting B. hoping C. expecting D. wishing
6. He found learning to drive easy and _____ his driving test the very first time.
A. sat B. succeeded C. passed D. made
7. _____ the wet weather, the football match went ahead.
A. Although B. Owing to C. However D. In spite of

8. While studying he was financially dependent _____ his wife.
A. on B. to C. of D. from
9. Everyone felt _____ for Mr. Atkins when he lost his job at the factory.
A. discontent B. sad C. sorry D. unhappy
10. You can't miss my house; it's _____ the fire station.
A. against B. opposite C. across D. aside
11. To _____ to obey orders is a serious offence in the army.
A. disagree B. deny C. ignore D. refuse
12. Could you lend me some money? I'm very _____ of cash at the moment.
A. down B. scarce C. short D. empty
13. The president _____ his intention to retire before the next election.
A. announced B. told C. informed D. promised
14. When there are small children around, it is better to put breakable ornaments out of _____.
A. reach B. hand C. hold D. place
15. The gunman _____ the pilot of the plane to change direction.
A. demanded B. made C. controlled D. forced
16. After his long absence from school he found it difficult to _____ up with the rest of his class.
A. catch B. take C. make D. work
17. I'm going to _____ my dress dry-cleaned.
A. have B. make C. send D. take
18. I _____ do that if I were you.
A. won't B. wouldn't C. shan't D. don't
19. He went to bed _____ very ill.
A. felt B. feeling C. feels D. having felt
20. "You can't have this football back _____ you promise not to kick it at my cat again."
A. until B. when C. while D. though
21. My application for a trading licence was _____.
A. held down B. let down C. put down D. turned down
22. He _____ very quickly after his illness.
A. recovered B. discovered C. uncovered D. covered
23. He was _____ to steal the money when he saw it lying on the table.
A. attracted B. dragged C. tempted D. brought
24. Please go in. Mr. Jones is free _____ you now.
A. see B. will see C. to see D. seeing
25. The _____ of blood always makes him feel sick.
A. view B. scene C. form D. sight

TEST 2: Read these passages and then answer the questions below.

The Moon revolves once on its axis each time it orbits the Earth, thus always presenting the same face to Earthbound observers. However, even to the unaided eye this unchanging face shows two contrasting types of landscape – dark, plain-like areas of low relief, and brighter, decidedly more rugged regions which cover about two-thirds of the surface. Early astronomers mistakenly referred to the smooth dark areas as *marina* (or seas), giving the name *terrace* (or lands) to the bright upland regions. The terms have persisted since, even though the Moon's surface has long been known to be completely waterless.

1. The Moon's revolution is responsible for _____.
A. the way it orbits the Sun.
B. the way its own axis is referred to.
C. the way Earthbound people can observe it.
D. the way it is presented in history books.
2. To us the Moon's face
A. never changes.
B. changes as we move our position.
C. always changes.
D. sometimes changes.
3. On the Moon there are _____.
A. many kinds of landscapes.
B. light and dark areas.
C. very few contrasts.
D. only low plains to be observed.
4. One third of the face of the Moon we can see is composed of _____.
A. very rough areas. B. light areas.
C. low-lying areas. D. upland areas.
5. One mistake early astronomers made was _____.
A. to confuse the words marina and terrace.
B. to ignore the smooth dark areas.
C. to consider some areas to be seas.
D. to think that the upland regions were bright.
6. It is probable that the paragraph after the passage discuss _____.
A. the revolutions of the Moon on its axis.
B. the use of incorrect terminology in history.
C. the different views of early astronomers.
D. the upland regions, the terrace of the Moon.

TEST 3: Fill into the given space with a suitable word to complete the passage.

Dickey was born in Shoreditch, London in 1890. His family were poor and Dickey (1) _____ had enough to eat. (2) _____ many other boys in this area, he became a skilful thief. He took the things he (3) _____ to a Mr. Welch, who bought them and then re-sold them. Dickey brought something to Mr. Welch

nearly (4) _____ day and (5) _____ the money he received to his mother.

In Shoreditch there was a priest, Father Sturt, who did (6) _____ best to help poor people. When Dickey (7) _____ thirteen, Father Sturt had a long talk with him and persuade him to lead an honest life. He (8) _____ him a job with Mr. Grinder, a local shopkeeper, and Dickey began to serve (9) _____, deliver goods and collect money. Dickey was (10) _____ happier leading and honest life and dreamed of the day when he would have his (11) _____ shop. His mother was also pleased about his new job.

(12) _____ person, however, was not happy, and that was Mr. Welch. He was sorry to lose the business. Dickey (13) _____ brought (14) _____. He went to see Mr. Grinder and told him (15) _____ Dickey's dishonest past and said, quite untruthfully, that Dickey intended to (16) _____ him. Mr. Grinder believed these (17) _____ and told Dickey never to come near the shop again. In this way, Dickey lost his chance of an honest life and (18) _____ to a life of (19) _____. A year later he was arrested (20) _____ theft and sent to prison.

TEST 4: Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means exactly the same as the sentence printed before it.

- The keepers feed the lions at 3 pm every day.
The lions _____
- We got lost because we didn't have a map.
If we _____
- "Where is the station car-park?" Mrs. Smith asked.
Mrs. Smith asked _____
- I would prefer you to deliver the piano on Friday.
I would rather _____
- He was sorry he hadn't said goodbye to her at the airport.
He regretted _____
- It is pointless to have that old typewriter repaired.
That old typewriter _____
- The bridge was so low that the bus couldn't go under it.
It was _____
- I last saw him when I was a student.
I haven't _____
- That was a silly thing to say!
What _____
- We've run out of tea.
There _____

TEST 5: Supply the correct form of the verb in parentheses.

COLLECTING EGGCUPS

People collect a large (0) VARIETY (VARY) of objects: stamps, postcards, dolls. Some people collect objects which are

connected with (1) _____ (HISTORY) events or with (2) _____ (FAME) people. But one of the strangest (3) _____ (COLLECT) is that of eggcups. Kevin Murphy of Bradford in Yorkshire has 10,000 of them. Not (4) _____ (SURPRISE) his favourite eggcup is one in the shape of a (5) _____ (TYPE) Yorkshireman. Kevin's hobby began seven years ago, after he (6) _____ (LOAN) an elephant eggcup to a granddaughter who took such a (7) _____ (LIKE) to it that she insisted on keeping it. Kevin saw a few eggcups he liked at a (8) _____ (SELL) at a local shop, and started collecting them.

Others like Kevin's eggcups too. "I have just bought a (9) _____ (REPLACE) for one of my favourites, which (10) _____ (MYSTERY) disappeared last week," he said.

TEST 8: Read the following passage and then choose A / B / C / D from (1) to (10) to complete the passage

THE OLD-TIME FARMER

Traditionally, the American farmer has always been independent and hard-working. In the eighteenth century farmers were quite self- (1) _____. The farm family grew and made almost everything it needed. The surplus crop would be sold to buy a few items in the local (2) _____ store.

In 1860, although some of the farm population had moved to the city, eighty percent of the American population was still (3) _____. In the late nineteenth century, farm work and life were not much (4) _____ from what they had been in olden days. The farmer (5) _____ at dawn or before and had many chores to do, with his own muscles as his chief source of power. He used axes, spades, scythes, pitchforks and other simple tools. In his house (6) _____ was done in wood-burning stoves, and the kerosene lamp was the only improvement on the candle. The family's (7) _____ and social life consisted chiefly of a drive in the wagon to the nearby small town or village to (8) _____ some business as well as to exchange gossip with neighbors who had also come to town.

The children attended a small elementary school (often of just one room) (9) _____ they had to walk every day, possibly for a few miles. The school term was short so that the children could help (10) _____ the farm.

Although the whole family worked, and life was not easy, farmers as a class were self-reliant and independent.

- A. adequate B. enough C. sufficient D. satisfied
- A. general B. usual C. customary D. particular
- A. rural B. urban C. country D. agricultural
- A. exchanged B. replaced C. differed D. changed
- A. rose B. arose C. turned out D. went up
- A. cook B. cooker C. cookery D. cooking
- A. recreation B. amusement C. relaxation D. entertainment
- A. negotiate B. buy C. transact D. carry on
- A. at which B. to which C. in which D. on which

30. A. on B. in C. at D. with

TEST 9: Supply the correct tense of the verb in the parentheses.

- You see, I (do) _____ this kind of thing for the last 30 years.
- Go on to the next test as soon as you (finish) _____ this one.
- If you (go) _____ away you (write) _____ to me, won't you?
- There are mice in your kitchen. If you (have) _____ a cat, the mice (disappear) _____.
- She was badly hurt when her car hit another car. If she (wear) _____ her seat belt, she (not hurt) _____ so badly.
- Did the doctor recommend that you (stop) _____ smoking?
- Is it important that we (be) _____ on time for the meeting tonight?
- I feel as if my head (be) _____ on fire now, doctor.
- He talked as though he (know) _____ where she was.
- When he (start) _____ talking, I (realise) _____ that we (meet) _____ before.

TEST 10: Put in the correct preposition(s) or adverb(s).

- The school broke _____ for the holidays at the end of July.
- In this book the mysterious stranger turns _____ to be the long-lost son of the duke.
- The fireman had to break _____ the door to rescue the children.
- The garden party was called _____ because of the rain.
- A good horse can be ruined if it is not carefully broken _____.
- He was called _____ at the age of eighteen and spent a year in the army.
- She was plain as a child but she turned _____ remarkably pretty.
- Negotiations between the two countries were broken _____ following the murder of the ambassador.

TEST 11: Combine the following pairs or groups of sentences by means of relatives, making any changes necessary.

- The firm is sending me to York. I work for this firm.
- The Smiths were given rooms in the hotel. Their house had been destroyed in the explosion.
- I saw several houses. Most of them were quite unsuitable.
- He wanted to come at 2 a.m. This didn't suit me at all.
- This is a story of a group of boys. Their plane crashed on an uninhabited island.

6. They tie up parcels with string. This is so weak that the parcel usually comes to pieces before you get it home.
7. He introduced me to his students. Most of them were from abroad.
8. He expected me to pay £2 for 12 eggs. Four of the eggs were broken.

TEST 12: Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using between two and five words, including the word given.

11. I met her while I was staying in Paris last summer.
stay / I met her _____ in Paris last summer.
12. I couldn't remember the name of my hotel when I got into the taxi.
called / I couldn't remember _____ when I got into the taxi.
13. We were all surprised when she suddenly left the job.
found / All _____ when she suddenly left the job.
14. "Are you a member of the club?" the receptionist said to me.
belonged / The receptionist asked _____ the club.
15. This is the most a musing book I've ever read.
amusing / I've never read a _____ before.

TEST 13: Give the right form of the verbs in parentheses.

1. The news about Mr. Hogan and his wife (be) _____ surprising.
2. Physics (seek) _____ to understand the mysteries of physical world.
3. His knowledge of languages and international relationship always (help) _____ him in his work.
4. The poor (not / be) _____ helped by the government yet.
5. English (not / be) _____ my native language.
6. Mice (like) _____ cheese very much.
7. The English (be) _____ proud, independent people.
8. Statistics, a branch of mathematics always (bore) _____ me.
9. Twenty two dollars (be) _____ an unreasonable price for the bracelet two months ago.
10. The United States (have) _____ a population of around 250 million.
11. Toast and cheese (be) _____ my favourite food.
12. Mumps (be) _____ sometimes a serious disease.

TEST 14: Fill in one correct preposition.

1. The boss has been ill _____ flu for the last week.
2. I am very impressed _____ your work.
3. What's the matter _____ you this morning?
4. I wasn't very pleased _____ my exam result.
5. She was green _____ envy when she knew I was elected manager.
6. What's wrong _____ Richard today?
7. I am disgusted _____ Stephen _____ the way he treats Julia.
8. I'm pretty angry _____ you for not telling me the truth.
9. I don't care _____ your problem – I've got enough of my own.
10. What are you so angry _____?
11. We all agree _____ most things.
12. What does it mean if you dream _____ a fire?
13. We ought to have another discussion _____ this year's budget.
14. There's the house that I told you _____.
15. The problem _____ which I consulted you has now been solved.

THE END