Correlation of *Thinking About Psychology*, Fifth Edition, to the National Standards for High School Psychology Curricula

National Conter	nt Standards with Learning Targets	Thinking About Psychology Pillar/Module and Learning Goal	
Standard Area	Scientific Inquiry and Research Methods	Foundational Modules/Appendix A Modules 2-4; Appendix A	
Content Standard 1	The nature of psychological science		
	1.1 Define psychology as a discipline and identify its goals as a science	2-1	
	1.2 Differentiate scientific and non-scientific approaches to knowledge	2-2	
	1.3 Explain the value of both basic and applied psychological research with human and non-human animals	2-5	
	1.4 Identify careers individuals can pursue in psychological science	A-1	
	1.5 Identify ways individuals can use psychological science in any career	A-2	
Content Standard 2	Research methods and measurements used to study behavior and mental processes	Modules 3-4	
	2.1. Describe research methods psychological scientists use	3-2; 3-3	
	2.2 Compare and contrast quantitative and qualitative research methods used by psychological scientists	3-4	
	2.3. Describe the importance of representative samples in psychological research and the need for replication	3-5	
	2.4. Explain how and why psychologists use non-human animals in research	3-7	
	2.5. Explain the meaning of validity and reliability of observations and measurements	3-6; 4-1	
Contend Standard 3	Ethical issues in research with human and non-human animals	Module 3	
`	3.1. Identify ethical requirements for research with human participants and non-human animals	3-8	
	3.2. Explain why researchers need to adhere to an ethics review process	3-8	
Content Standard 4	Basic concepts of data analysis	Module 4	

	4.1. Define descriptive statistics and explain how they are used by psychological	4-2
	scientists	
	4.2. Draw appropriate conclusions from correlational and experimental designs	4-5
	4.3. Interpret visual representations of data	4-7
	Biological Pillar	Pillar One: Biology
Standard Area	Biological Bases of Behavior	Modules 5-6, 24
Content Standard 1	Structure and function of the nervous system and endocrine system in human and non-human animals	Modules 5-6
	1.1 Identify the major divisions and subdivisions of the human nervous system and their functions	5-4
	1.2 Identify the parts of the neuron and describe the basic process of neural transmission	5-1; 5-2; 5-3
	1.3 Describe the structures and functions of the various parts of the central nervous system	6-2
	1.4 Explain the importance of plasticity of the nervous system	6-3
	1.5 Describe the function of the endocrine glands and their interaction with the nervous system	5-5
	1.6 Identify methods and tools used to study the nervous system	6-1
Contend Standard 2	The interaction between biological factors and experiences	Module 24
	2.1 Describe concepts in behavioral genetics and epigenetics	24-1
	2.2 Describe the interactive effects of heredity and environment	24-2
	2.3 Explain general principles of evolutionary psychology	24-3
Standard Area	Sensation	Module 7
Content Standard 1	The function of sensory systems	Module 7
	1.1 Explain the process of sensory transduction	7-2
	1.2 Explain the basic concepts of psychophysics such as threshold and adaptation	7-1
Content Standard 2	The capabilities and limitations of sensory processes	Module 7

	2.1 Identify different stimuli for which humans have sensory receptors and explain	7-1
	what this means for their sensory abilities	
	2.2 Describe the visual sensory system	7-3; 7-4
	2.3 Describe the auditory sensory system	7-5
	2.4 Describe chemical and tactile sensory systems	7-6
Standard Area	Consciousness	Modules 8-9
Content Standard 1	The different states and levels of consciousness	Module 8
	1.1 Identify states of consciousness	8-1
	1.2 Distinguish between processing that is conscious (i.e., explicit) and other processing that happens without conscious awareness (i.e., implicit)	8-1
	1.3 Identify the effects of meditation, mindfulness, and relaxation	8-4
Content	Characteristics and functions of sleep and theories that explain why we sleep and Module 8	
Standard 2	dream	
	2.1 Describe the circadian rhythm and its relation to sleep	8-2; 8-3
	2.2 Describe the sleep cycle	8-5
	2.3 Compare theories about the functions of sleep and of dreaming	8-7
	2.4 Describe types of sleep disorders	8-8
Content Standard 3	Categories of psychoactive drugs and their effects	Module 9
	3.1 Characterize the major categories of psychoactive drugs and their effects	9-1
	3.2 Describe how psychoactive drugs work in the brain	9-2
	3.3 Describe the physiological and psychological effects of psychoactive drugs	9-3; 9-4; 9-5; 9-6
	Cognition Pillar	Pillar Three: Cognition
Standard Area	Cognition	Module 20
Content Standard 1	Fundamental processes of thinking and problem solving	Module 20
	1.1 Describe cognitive processes related to concept formation	20-1
	1.2 Explain processes involved in problem solving and decision making	20-2
Content	Effective thinking processes Module 20	
Standard 2		

	2.1 Describe obstacles to effective information processing and decision making	20-3
	2.2 Describe convergent and divergent thinking in problem solving and decision making	20-3
Standard Area	Memory	Modules 18-19
Content	Processes of memory	Modules 18-19
Standard 1	,	
	1.1 Explain the processes of encoding, storage, and retrieval	18-1
	1.2 Describe systems of memory (i.e., sensory, working, and long-term memory)	18-2
	1.3 Differentiate types of memory (i.e., implicit and explicit)	18-3
Content	Factors influencing memory	Modules 18-19
Standard 2		
	2.1 Explain strategies for improving the encoding, storage, and retrieval of memories	18-3
	2.2 Describe memory as a reconstructive process	19-4
	2.3 Explain kinds of forgetting or memory failures	19-2
	2.4 Identify disorders that impact the function of memory	19-3
Standard Area	Perception	Module 17
Content Standard 1	The processes of perception	Module 17
	1.1 Describe principles of perception	17-1
	1.2 Explain the concepts of bottom-up and top-down processing	17-1
Content Standard 2	The interaction between the person and the environment in determining perception	Module 17
	2.1 Explain Gestalt principles of perception	17-1
	2.2. Describe binocular and monocular depth cues	17-2
	2.3 Describe perceptual constancies	17-3
	2.4 Describe the nature of attention	17-4
	2.5 Explain how diverse experiences and expectations influence perception	17-5
Standard Area	Intelligence	Module 21
Content	Perspectives on intelligence Module 21	
Standard 1		

	1.1 Explain intelligence as a construct	21-1
	1.2 Describe various conceptualizations of intelligence	21-2
	1.3 Describe the effects of differences in intelligence on everyday functioning	21-3
Content Standard 2	Assessment of intelligence	Module 21
	2.1 Analyze the history of intelligence testing, including historical use and misuse in the context of fairness	21-2
	2.2 Identify current methods of assessing human cognitive abilities	21-1
	2.3 Describe measures of and data on reliability and validity for intelligence test scores	21-3
Content Standard 3	Issues in intelligence	Module 21
	3.1 Explain the complexities of interpreting scores on intelligence tests	21-4
	3.2 Describe the influences of biological, cultural, and environmental factors on intelligence	21-4
	Development and Learning Pillar	Pillar Two: Development and Learning
Standard Area	Life Span Development	Modules 10-12
Content Standard 1	Methods and issues in life span development	Module 10
	1.1 Explain the interaction of environmental and biological factors in development, including the role of the brain in all aspects of development	10-1; 10-2
	1.2 Explain issues of continuity/discontinuity and stability/change	10-5
	1.3 Distinguish methods used to study development	10-3
	1.4 Describe the role of sensitive and critical periods in development	10-2; 10-4
Content Standard 2	Physical, cognitive, and social development across the life span (prenatal, infancy, childhood, adolescence, emerging adulthood, adulthood, and older adulthood)	Modules 11-12
	2.1 Identify key features of physical development from prenatal through older adulthood	11-1; 11-2; 12-2
	2.2 Identify key features of cognitive development from prenatal through older adulthood	11-3; 12-3

Modules 14-16
Module 14
14-1; 14-2; 14-3
14-4; 14-5
Module 15
15-1; 15-2; 15-3; 15-4; 15-6
15-5
Module 16
16-1; 16-2
16-2; 16-3
Module 13
Module 13
13-1
13-1
13-2
Module 13
13-1
13-1
Pillar Four: Social Psychology and Personality
Module 22-23
Module 22-23
22-1

	1.2 Explain how experiences shape attitudes and beliefs	22-2
	1.3 Explain how attitudes, biases, and beliefs affect behavior and relationships with others	22-2
Content Standard 2	Social influence	Modules 22-23
Standard 2	2.1 Explain how the presence of other people can affect behavior	22-3; 22-4
	2.2 Describe how intergroup dynamics influence behavior	22-4; 22-5
	2.3 Explain how persuasive methods affect behavior and beliefs	22-4; 22-5
	2.4 Identify factors influencing attraction and relationships	23-1; 23-2
	2.5 Identify factors influencing aggression and conflict	23-4; 23-5; 23-6
	2.6 Identify factors influencing algression and commet	23-3
Standard Area	Personality	Modules 28-29
Content		
Standard 1	Limpinical approaches to studying and understanding personality	Modules 28-29
	1.1 Explain how biological and environmental factors interact to influence	28-1
	personality	20.6
	1.2 Explain social-cognitive approaches to understanding personality	29-6
	1.3 Explain trait-based approaches to understanding personality	29-1
	1.4 Describe methods used to study personality scientifically	28-2; 29-3
• • •	1.5 Define self-concept	28-4
Content Standard 2	Assessment of personality	Modules 28-29
	2.1 Differentiate personality assessment techniques	28-4; 29-1; 29-4; 29-6
	2.2 Describe the reliability and validity of personality assessment techniques	28-3; 28-5; 29-2; 29-5; 29-7
	2.3 Analyze how personality researchers address issues of stability and change	28-3; 29-2; 29-5; 29-7
Standard Area	Multiculturalism and Gender	Module 25
Content Standard 1	Psychological constructs of culture	Module 25
	1.1 Define culture and describe its role in individual and group characteristics	25-1
	1.2 Describe the relationship between culture and conceptions of self and identity development	25-2; 25-3

	1.3 Explain how inequality of power and resources relate to privilege, stereotypes, prejudice, and discrimination	25-3	
	1.4 Describe psychological effects of privilege, stereotypes, prejudice, and discrimination based on cultural identity	25-4	
Content Standard 2	Psychological constructs of gender and sexual orientation	Module 25	
	2.1 Compare and contrast sex, gender identity, and sexual orientation	25-4	
	2.2 Describe diversity of gender identity and sexual orientation	25-5	
	2.3 Describe psychological effects of privilege, stereotypes, prejudice, and discrimination based on gender and sexual orientation	25-5	
Standard Area	Motivation and Emotion	Modules 26-27	
Content Standard 1	Influences of motivation	Module 26	
	1.1 Explain biological, cognitive, and social factors that influence motivation	26-1	
	1.2 Explain the role of culture in human motivation	26-1	
Content Standard 2	Domains of motivated behavior in humans	Module 26	
	2.1 Identify factors in motivation that influence eating and sexual behaviors	26-2; 26-3	
	2.2 Identify motivational factors that influence achievement and affiliation	26-2; 26-3; 26-4; 26-5	
Content Standard 3	Perspectives on emotion	Module 27	
	3.1 Explain the biological and cognitive components of emotion	27-1	
	3.2 Describe the psychological research on basic human emotions	27-1	
	3.3 Differentiate among theories of emotion	27-1	
Content Standard 4	Emotional interpretation and expression (interpersonal and intrapersonal)	Module 27	
	4.1 Explain how biological factors influence emotional interpretation and expression	27-2	
	4.2 Explain how culture and gender influence emotional interpretation and expression	27-3	
	4.3 Explain how other environmental factors influence emotional interpretation and expression	27-3	

Content	Domains of emotional behavior	Module 27	
Standard 5			
	5.1. Identify biological and environmental influences on the expression and	27-3	
	experience of negative emotions		
	5.2. Identify biological and environmental influences on the expression and	27-3	
	experience of positive emotions		
	Mental and Physical Health Pillar	Pillar Five: Mental and Physical Health	
Standard Area	Disorders	Modules 30-32	
Content	Perspectives of abnormal behavior	Module 30	
Standard 1			
	1.1 Define abnormal behavior	30-1	
	1.2 Describe cross-cultural views of abnormality	30-2	
	1.3 Describe major medical and biopsychosocial models of abnormality	30-2	
	1.4 Explain how stigma relates to abnormal behavior	30-4	
	1.5 Explain the impact of psychological disorders on the individual, family, and society	30-4	
Content Standard 2	Categories of psychological disorders	Modules 30-32	
	2.1 Describe the classification of psychological disorders	30-3	
	2.2. Describe the challenges associated with diagnosing psychological disorders	30-3	
	2.3 Describe symptoms of psychological disorders	31-1; 31-2; 31-3; 31-4; 31-5; 32-1; 32-2; 32-3	
Standard Area	Health	Modules 35-36	
Content Standard 1	Stress and coping	Module 35	
	1.1 Define stress as a psychophysiological response to the environment	35-1	
	1.2 Explain sources of stress across the life span	35-2	
	1.3 Explain physiological and psychological consequences of stress for health and wellness	35-2; 35-3	
	1.4 Explain physiological, cognitive, and behavioral strategies to deal with stress	35-2; 35-3	

Content	Psychological science promotes mental and physical health and wellness	Module 36	
Standard 2			
	2.1 Describe factors that promote resilience and flourishing	36-1	
	2.2 Identify evidence-based strategies that promote health and wellness	36-2; 36-3	
Standard Area	Therapies	Modules 33-34	
Content	Types of treatment	Modules 33-34	
Standard 1			
	1.1 Describe different types of biomedical and psychological treatments	33-1; 33-2; 33-3; 33-4; 34-1; 34-2	
	1.2 Explain why psychologists use a variety of psychological treatments	33-2; 34-3	
	1.3 Describe appropriate treatments for different populations, including historical	33-5; 33-6; 34-3	
	use or misuse of treatment		
Content	Legal, ethical, and professional issues in the treatment of psychological disorders Module 33; Appendix A		
Standard 2			
	2.1. Identify differences among licensed mental health providers	33-4; A-2	
	2.2. Identify legal and ethical requirements for licensed mental health providers	33-4	
	2.3. Identify resources available to support individuals with psychological disorders and their families	33-4	

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Pillar/Module	Learning Goal in Thinking About Psychology	Teaching with the Standards
Foundational Modules		Scientific Inquiry and Research Methods Foundation (Note: Content Standards 1.4 and 1.5 are covered in Appendix A: Careers in Psychology)
Module 1 Thinking About Psychology		
Module 2	2-1	1.1 Define psychology as a discipline and identify its goals as a science
History and Perspectives in	2-2	1.2 Differentiate scientific and non-scientific approaches to knowledge
Psychological Science	2-3	
	2-4	
	2-5	1.3 Explain the value of both basic and applied psychological research with human and non-human animals
Module 3	3-1	
Research Strategies	3-2	2.1. Describe research methods psychological scientists use
	3-3	2.1. Describe research methods psychological scientists use

	3-4	2.2 Compare and contrast quantitative and qualitative research methods used by psychological scientists	
	3-5	2.3. Describe the importance of representative samples in psychological research and the need for replication	
	3-6	2.5. Explain the meaning of validity and reliability of observations and measurements	
	3-7	2.4. Explain how and why psychologists use non-human animals in research	
	3-8	3.1. Identify ethical requirements for research with human participants and non-human animals 3.2. Explain why researchers need to adhere to an ethics review process	
Module 4 Psychology's	4-1	2.5. Explain the meaning of validity and reliability of observations and measurements	
Statistics	4-2	4.1. Define descriptive statistics and explain how they are used by psychological scientists	
	4-3		
	4-4		
	4-5	4.2. Draw appropriate conclusions from correlational and experimental designs	
	4-6		
	4-7	4.3. Interpret visual representations of data	
Pillar One: Biology	N/A	Biological Pillar	
Module 5	5-1	5-1 1.2 Identify the parts of the neuron and describe the basic process of neural transmission	
The Nervous	The Nervous 5-2 1.2 Identify the parts of the neuron and describe the basic process of neural transmission		

System and the		
Endocrine	5-3	1.2 Identify the parts of the neuron and describe the basic process of neural transmission
System	5-4	1.1 Identify the major divisions and subdivisions of the human nervous system and their functions
	5-5	1.5 Describe the function of the endocrine glands and their interaction with the nervous system
Module 6	6-1	1.6 Identify methods and tools used to study the nervous system
The Brain	6-2	1.3 Describe the structures and functions of the various parts of the central nervous system
	6-3	1.4 Explain the importance of plasticity of the nervous system
	6-4	
Module 7 Sensation	7-1	2.1 Identify different stimuli for which humans have sensory receptors and explain what this means for their sensory abilities
	7-2	1.1 Explain the process of sensory transduction
	7-3	2.2 Describe the visual sensory system
	7-4	2.2 Describe the visual sensory system
	7-5	2.3 Describe the auditory sensory system
	7-6	2.4 Describe chemical and tactile sensory systems
Module 8	8-1	1.1 Identify states of consciousness
Sleep, Dreams, and Body Rhythms		1.2 Distinguish between processing that is conscious (i.e., explicit) and other processing that happens without conscious awareness (i.e., implicit)
	8-2	2.1 Describe the circadian rhythm and its relation to sleep
	8-3	2.1 Describe the circadian rhythm and its relation to sleep
	8-4	1.3 Identify the effects of meditation, mindfulness, and relaxation

	8-5	2.2 Describe the sleep cycle
	8-6	
	8-7	2.3 Compare theories about the functions of sleep and of dreaming
	8-8	2.4 Describe types of sleep disorders
Module 9 Psychoactive	9-1	3.1 Characterize the major categories of psychoactive drugs and their effects
Drugs	9-2	3.2 Describe how psychoactive drugs work in the brain
	9-3	3.3 Describe the physiological and psychological effects of psychoactive drugs
	9-4	3.3 Describe the physiological and psychological effects of psychoactive drugs
	9-5	3.3 Describe the physiological and psychological effects of psychoactive drugs
	9-6	3.3 Describe the physiological and psychological effects of psychoactive drugs
	9-7	
Pillar Two: Development and Learning		Development and Learning Pillar
Module 10 Prenatal and Childhood Development	10-1	1.1 Explain the interaction of environmental and biological factors in development, including the role of the brain in all aspects of development
	10-2	1.1 Explain the interaction of environmental and biological factors in development, including the role of the brain in all aspects of development
		1.4 Describe the role of sensitive and critical periods in development
	10-3	1.3 Distinguish methods used to study development
	10-4	1.4 Describe the role of sensitive and critical periods in development

	10-5	1.2 Explain issues of continuity/discontinuity and stability/change
Module 11 Adolescence	11-1	2.1 Identify key features of physical development from prenatal through older adulthood
	11-2	2.1 Identify key features of physical development from prenatal through older adulthood
	11-3	2.2 Identify key features of cognitive development from prenatal through older adulthood
	11-4	2.3 Identify key features of social development from prenatal through older adulthood
	11-5	2.3 Identify key features of social development from prenatal through older adulthood
Module 12 Adulthood and	12-1	2.3 Identify key features of social development from prenatal through older adulthood
Aging	12-2	2.1 Identify key features of physical development from prenatal through older adulthood
	12-3	2.2 Identify key features of cognitive development from prenatal through older adulthood
	12-4	2.3 Identify key features of social development from prenatal through older adulthood
Module 13 Language Development	13-1	1.1 Describe the structure of language from the level of speech sounds to communication of meaning
		1.2 Describe the relationship between language and cognition
		2.1 Identify the brain structures associated with language
		2.2 Explain how damage to the brain may affect language
	13-2	1.3 Explain the language acquisition process and theories
	13-3	1.3 Explain the language acquisition process and theories
Module 14	14-1	1.1 Describe the processes of classical conditioning
Classical Conditioning	14-2	1.1 Describe the processes of classical conditioning
Conditioning	14-3	1.1 Describe the processes of classical conditioning

	14-4	1.2 Describe clinical and experimental examples of classical conditioning
	14-5	1.2 Describe clinical and experimental examples of classical conditioning
	14-6	
	14-7	
Module 15	15-1	2.1 Describe the processes of operant conditioning
Operant	15-2	2.1 Describe the processes of operant conditioning
Conditioning	15-3	2.1 Describe the processes of operant conditioning
	15-4	2.1 Describe the processes of operant conditioning
	15-5	2.2 Describe clinical and experimental examples of operant conditioning
	15-6	2.1 Describe the processes of operant conditioning
	15-7	
Module 16	16-1	3.1 Describe observational learning and social learning theory
Observational	16-2	3.1 Describe observational learning and social learning theory
Learning		3.2 Describe the role of mental processes in learning
	16-3	3.2 Describe the role of mental processes in learning
Pillar Three: Cognition		Cognition Pillar
Module 17 Perception	17-1	1.1 Describe principles of perception1.2 Explain the concepts of bottom-up and top-down processing2.1 Explain Gestalt principles of perception
	17-2	2.2. Describe binocular and monocular depth cues
	17-3	2.3 Describe perceptual constancies
	17-4	2.4 Describe the nature of attention
	17-5	2.5 Explain how diverse experiences and expectations influence perception
Module 18	18-1	1.1 Explain the processes of encoding, storage, and retrieval

Information Processing	18-2	1.2 Describe systems of memory (i.e., sensory, working, and long-term memory) 1.3 Differentiate types of memory (i.e., implicit and explicit)
	18-3	2.1 Explain strategies for improving the encoding, storage, and retrieval of memories
Module 19	19-1	
Forgetting and Memory	19-2	2.3 Explain kinds of forgetting or memory failures
Construction	19-3	2.4 Identify disorders that impact the function of memory
	19-4	2.2 Describe memory as a reconstructive process
Module 20	20-1	1.1 Describe cognitive processes related to concept formation
Thinking	20-2	1.2 Explain processes involved in problem solving and decision making
	20-3	2.1 Describe obstacles to effective information processing and decision making2.2 Describe convergent and divergent thinking in problem solving and decision making
Module 21 Intelligence and Intelligence Testing	21-1	1.1 Explain intelligence as a construct2.2 Identify current methods of assessing human cognitive abilities
	21-2	1.2 Describe various conceptualizations of intelligence2.1 Analyze the history of intelligence testing, including historical use and misuse in the context of fairness
	21-3	1.3 Describe the effects of differences in intelligence on everyday functioning2.3 Describe measures of and data on reliability and validity for intelligence test scores
	21-4	3.1 Explain the complexities of interpreting scores on intelligence tests3.2 Describe the influences of biological, cultural, and environmental factors on intelligence

Pillar Four: Social Psychology and Personality		Social and Personality Pillar
Module 22 Social Thinking	22-1	1.1 Describe attributional explanations of behavior
and Social Influence	22-2	1.2 Explain how experiences shape attitudes and beliefs1.3 Explain how attitudes, biases, and beliefs affect behavior and relationships with others
	22-3	2.1 Explain how the presence of other people can affect behavior
	22-4	2.1 Explain how the presence of other people can affect behavior2.2 Describe how intergroup dynamics influence behavior2.3 Explain how persuasive methods affect behavior and beliefs
	22-5	2.2 Describe how intergroup dynamics influence behavior 2.3 Explain how persuasive methods affect behavior and beliefs
Module 23	23-1	2.4 Identify factors influencing attraction and relationships
Social Relations	23-2	2.4 Identify factors influencing attraction and relationships
	23-3	2.6 Identify factors influencing altruism and helping behaviors
	23-4	2.5 Identify factors influencing aggression and conflict
	23-5	2.5 Identify factors influencing aggression and conflict

	23-6	2.5 Identify factors influencing aggression and conflict
Module 24	24-1	2.1 Describe concepts in behavioral genetics and epigenetics
Nature and Nurture in	24-2	2.2 Describe the interactive effects of heredity and environment
Psychology	24-3	2.3 Explain general principles of evolutionary psychology
Module 25 The Psychology	25-1	1.1 Define culture and describe its role in individual and group characteristics
of Culture and Gender	25-2	1.2 Describe the relationship between culture and conceptions of self and identity development
	25-3	1.2 Describe the relationship between culture and conceptions of self and identity development1.3 Explain how inequality of power and resources relate to privilege, stereotypes, prejudice, and discrimination
	25-4	 1.4 Describe psychological effects of privilege, stereotypes, prejudice, and discrimination based on cultural identity 2.1 Compare and contrast sex, gender identity, and sexual orientation
	25-5	2.2 Describe diversity of gender identity and sexual orientation2.3 Describe psychological effects of privilege, stereotypes, prejudice, and discrimination based on gender and sexual orientation
Module 26 Motivation	26-1	1.1 Explain biological, cognitive, and social factors that influence motivation 1.2 Explain the role of culture in human motivation
	26-2	2.1 Identify factors in motivation that influence eating and sexual behaviors2.2 Identify motivational factors that influence achievement and affiliation
	26-3	2.1 Identify factors in motivation that influence eating and sexual behaviors2.2 Identify motivational factors that influence achievement and affiliation

	26-4	2.2 Identify motivational factors that influence achievement and affiliation
	26-5	2.1 Identify factors in motivation that influence eating and sexual behaviors
Module 27 Emotion	27-1	 3.1 Explain the biological and cognitive components of emotion 3.2 Describe the psychological research on basic human emotions 3.3 Differentiate among theories of emotion 5.1. Identify biological and environmental influences on the expression and experience of negative emotions 5.2. Identify biological and environmental influences on the expression and experience of positive emotions
	27-2	4.1 Explain how biological factors influence emotional interpretation and expression
	27-3	 4.2 Explain how culture and gender influence emotional interpretation and expression 4.3 Explain how other environmental factors influence emotional interpretation and expression 5.1. Identify biological and environmental influences on the expression and experience of negative emotions 5.2. Identify biological and environmental influences on the expression and experience of positive emotions
Module 28 Psychodynamic	28-1	1.1 Explain how biological and environmental factors interact to influence personality
and Humanistic Perspectives on Personality	28-2	1.4 Describe methods used to study personality scientifically
	28-3	2.2 Describe the reliability and validity of personality assessment techniques2.3 Analyze how personality researchers address issues of stability and change
	28-4	1.5 Define self-concept2.1 Differentiate personality assessment techniques

	28-5	2.2 Describe the reliability and validity of personality assessment techniques2.3 Analyze how personality researchers address issues of stability and change
Module 29 Trait and Social-Cognitiv	29-1	1.3 Explain trait-based approaches to understanding personality2.1 Differentiate personality assessment techniques
e Perspectives on Personality	29-2	2.2 Describe the reliability and validity of personality assessment techniques2.3 Analyze how personality researchers address issues of stability and change
	29-3	1.4 Describe methods used to study personality scientifically
	29-4	2.1 Differentiate personality assessment techniques
	29-5	2.2 Describe the reliability and validity of personality assessment techniques2.3 Analyze how personality researchers address issues of stability and change
	29-6	1.2 Explain social-cognitive approaches to understanding personality 2.1 Differentiate personality assessment techniques
	29-7	2.2 Describe the reliability and validity of personality assessment techniques2.3 Analyze how personality researchers address issues of stability and change
Pillar Five: Mental and Physical Health		Mental and Physical Health Pillar
Module 30 Introduction to	30-1	1.1 Define abnormal behavior
Psychological Disorders		1.2 Describe cross-cultural views of abnormality

	30-2	1.3 Describe major medical and biopsychosocial models of abnormality
	30-3	2.1 Describe the classification of psychological disorders
	30-4	1.4 Explain how stigma relates to abnormal behavior 1.5 Explain the impact of psychological disorders on the individual, family, and society
Module 31 Anxiety	31-1	2.3 Describe symptoms of psychological disorders
Disorders, Obsessive–Co mpulsive	31-2	2.3 Describe symptoms of psychological disorders
Disorder, Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder,	31-3	2.3 Describe symptoms of psychological disorders
Depression, and Bipolar Disorder	31-4	2.3 Describe symptoms of psychological disorders
	31-5	2.3 Describe symptoms of psychological disorders
Module 32	32-1	2.3 Describe symptoms of psychological disorders
Schizophrenia, Personality Disorders, and Dissociative Disorders	32-2	2.3 Describe symptoms of psychological disorders
	32-3	2.3 Describe symptoms of psychological disorders

Module 33 Psychological	33-1	1.1 Describe different types of biomedical and psychological treatments
Therapies	33-2	1.1 Describe different types of biomedical and psychological treatments 1.2 Explain why psychologists use a variety of psychological treatments
	33-3	1.1 Describe different types of biomedical and psychological treatments
	33-4	 1.1 Describe different types of biomedical and psychological treatments 2.1. Identify differences among licensed mental health providers 2.2. Identify legal and ethical requirements for licensed mental health providers 2.3. Identify resources available to support individuals with psychological disorders and their families
	33-5	1.3 Describe appropriate treatments for different populations, including historical use or misuse of treatment
	33-6	1.3 Describe appropriate treatments for different populations, including historical use or misuse of treatment
Module 34 Biomedical	34-1	1.1 Describe different types of biomedical and psychological treatments
Therapies	34-2	1.1 Describe different types of biomedical and psychological treatments
	34-3	1.2 Explain why psychologists use a variety of psychological treatments1.3 Describe appropriate treatments for different populations, including historical use or misuse of treatment
Module 35 Effects of	35-1	1.1 Define stress as a psychophysiological response to the environment
Stress	35-2	1.2 Explain sources of stress across the life span

		1.3 Explain physiological and psychological consequences of stress for health and wellness 1.4 Explain physiological, cognitive, and behavioral strategies to deal with stress
	35-3	1.3 Explain physiological and psychological consequences of stress for health and wellness 1.4 Explain physiological, cognitive, and behavioral strategies to deal with stress
Module 36 Promoting	36-1	2.1 Describe factors that promote resilience and flourishing
Wellness	36-2	2.2 Identify evidence-based strategies that promote health and wellness
	36-3	2.2 Identify evidence-based strategies that promote health and wellness
Appendix A Careers in Psychology	A-1	1.5 Identify ways individuals can use psychological science in any career
	A-2	1.4 Identify careers individuals can pursue in psychological science