

1. Make sentences with *have to* in the present or past simple tense:

1. he / go now (present)

He *has to* go now.

2. she / correct her homework. (past)

3. students / have a passion to learn English. (present)

4. you / not / pay a fee to do that. (past)

5. you / figure out / this grammar. (present)

6. you / have / a degree for that job? (present)

7. workers / be motivated / to work here. (present)

8. you / make progress / if you wanted to move up. (past)

9. students / have perseverance. (present)

10. my father said I / succeed. (past)

11. you / not / apply for the job. (present)

12. you / have / volunteer experience? (past)

13. parents / give discipline to their children. (present)

14. you / not / be hard-working for that kind of job. (past)

15. people in your country / have / a good education to get a good job? (present)

16. she / not / use much effort. (past)

2. Make sentences with **have to in the present or past simple tense:**

1. My doctor always says I (quit) smoking. (present)
My doctor always says I have to quit smoking.
2. In my country, you (have) a good education to get a good job. (present)
3. I was a bad child so my parents (give) me a lot of discipline. (past)
4. My boss thinks the company workers (have) more motivation. (present)
5. I (do) a lot of homework last night. (past)
6. If you want to take the class, you (not / register) online. (present)
7. A musician (have) international success to be famous around the world.
(present)
8. Sometimes, a teacher (be) foolish to keep students motivated. (present)
9. You (be) willing to work hard if you want to take that class. (present)
10. you (pay) a fee to park there yesterday? ((past)
11. Before I got my job, I (do) a lot of volunteer work. (past)

12. You (live) overseas to do that degree. (present)

13. The teacher told me I (apply) online last week. (past)

14. you (use) a lot of effort to figure out the problem? (present)

15. She (not / have) many qualifications to get that job. (past)

3. Complete the following sentences with the right forms of **have got to or **have to**. Use only one word to complete the sentences.**

1. The man [] to have a lot of perseverance to win the race last month.
2. Have you [] to pay a fee to do that?
3. You [] to stick that on the wall.
4. You [] got to work hard if you want to succeed.
5. We didn't [] to apply to join this class.
6. The student has [] to make progress fast.
7. My teacher told me yesterday I [] to be more motivated to learn English.
8. You really don't [] to be hard-working to have success at that company.
9. People [] to have special qualifications to become teachers.
10. The student changed her university program because she [] to change her degree.
11. [] you got to go home soon?
12. [] you have to cook dinner last night?