

```

/*****
Module
    PIC32_SPI_HAL.c
Description
    Source file for the PIC32 SPI Hardware Abstraction Layer used in ME218
Notes
    This is the prototype. Students will re-create this functionality
History
When          Who          What/Why
-----
    10/03/21 12:32 jec      started coding
*****/
/*----- Include Files -----*/
#include <xc.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include "PIC32_SPI_HAL.h"

/*----- External Variables -----*/

/*----- Module Defines -----*/
// this is based on a 13 bit (max=8191) BRG register and 20MHz (50ns) PBCLK
#define MAX_SPI_PERIOD ((8191+1)*2*50)
#define MAP_SS1 0b0011
#define MAP_SS2 0b0100
#define MAP_SD01 0b0011
#define MAP_SD02 0b0100

/*----- Module Types -----*/

/*----- Module Functions -----*/
static void selectModuleRegisters(SPI_Module_t WhichModule);
static bool isSPI_ModuleLegal( SPI_Module_t WhichModule);
static bool isSS_OutputPinLegal(SPI_Module_t WhichModule,
                                SPI_PinMap_t WhichPin);
static bool isSDOPinLegal( SPI_PinMap_t WhichPin);
static bool isSDIPinLegal( SPI_PinMap_t WhichPin);

/*----- Module Variables -----*/
// these will allow us to reference both SPI1 & SPI2 through these pointers
static volatile __SPI1CONbits_t * pSPICON;
static volatile __SPI1CON2bits_t * pSPICON2;
static volatile uint32_t * pSPIBRG;
static volatile uint32_t * pSPIBUF;

// these are the output mapping registers indexed by the SPI_PinMap_t value
static volatile uint32_t * const outputMapRegisters[] = { &RPA0R, &RPA1R,
                                                           &RPA2R, &RPA3R, &RPA4R,
                                                           &RPB0R, &RPB1R, &RPB2R, &RPB3R, &RPB4R, &RPB5R,
                                                           &RPB6R, &RPB7R, &RPB8R, &RPB9R, &RPB10R, &RPB11R, &RPB12R,
                                                           &RPB13R, &RPB14R, &RPB15R
};

// these are the TRISxSET registers indexed by the SPI_PinMap_t value
static volatile uint32_t * const setTRISRegisters[] = { &TRISASET, &TRISASET,
                                                         &TRISASET, &TRISASET, &TRISASET,
                                                         &TRISBSET, &TRISBSET, &TRISBSET, &TRISBSET, &TRISBSET, &TRISBSET,
                                                         &TRISBSET, &TRISBSET, &TRISBSET, &TRISBSET, &TRISBSET, &TRISBSET,
                                                         &TRISBSET, &TRISBSET, &TRISBSET, &TRISBSET
};

```

```

// these are the TRISxCLR registers indexed by the SPI_PinMap_t value
static volatile uint32_t * const clrTRISRegisters[] = { &TRISACLR, &TRISACLR,
    &TRISACLR, &TRISACLR, &TRISACLR,
    &TRISBCLR, &TRISBCLR, &TRISBCLR, &TRISBCLR, &TRISBCLR, &TRISBCLR,
    &TRISBCLR, &TRISBCLR, &TRISBCLR, &TRISBCLR, &TRISBCLR, &TRISBCLR,
    &TRISBCLR, &TRISBCLR, &TRISBCLR, &TRISBCLR
};

// these are the ANSELxCLR registers indexed by the SPI_PinMap_t value
static volatile uint32_t * const clrANSELRegisters[] = { &ANSELACLR, &ANSELACLR,
    &ANSELACLR, &ANSELACLR, &ANSELACLR,
    &ANSELBCLR, &ANSELBCLR, &ANSELBCLR, &ANSELBCLR, &ANSELBCLR, &ANSELBCLR,
    &ANSELBCLR, &ANSELBCLR, &ANSELBCLR, &ANSELBCLR, &ANSELBCLR, &ANSELBCLR,
    &ANSELBCLR, &ANSELBCLR, &ANSELBCLR, &ANSELBCLR
};

// these are the bit positions indexed by the SPI_PinMap_t value
static uint32_t const mapPinMap2BitPosn[] = { 1<<0, 1<<1,
    1<<2, 1<<3, 1<<4,
    1<<0, 1<<1, 1<<2, 1<<3, 1<<4, 1<<5,
    1<<6, 1<<7, 1<<8, 1<<9, 1<<10, 1<<11,
    1<<12, 1<<13, 1<<14, 1<<15
};

// these are the INT pin mapping constants indexed by the SPI_PinMap_t value
static uint32_t const mapPinMap2INTConst[] = { 0b0000/*RA0*/, 0b0000/*RA1*/,
    0b0000/*RA2*/, 0b0000/*RA3*/, 0b0010/*RA4*/,
    0b0010/*RB0*/, 0b0010/*RB1*/, 0b0100/*RB2*/, 0b0001/*RB3*/,
    0b0010/*RB4*/, 0b0001/*RB5*/, 0b0001/*RB6*/, 0b0100/*RB7*/,
    0b0100/*RB8*/, 0b0100/*RB9*/, 0b0011/*RB10*/, 0b0011/*RB11*/,
    0/*RB12*/, 0b0011/*RB13*/, 0b0001/*RB14*/, 0b0011/*RB15*/
};

static SPI_PinMap_t const LegalSSOutPins[][5] = {{ SPI_RPA0, SPI_RPB3, SPI_RPB4,
    SPI_RPB7, SPI_RPB15 },
    { SPI_RPA3, SPI_RPB0, SPI_RPB9,
    SPI_RPB10, SPI_RPB14 }
};

static SPI_PinMap_t const LegalSDOPins[] = { SPI_NO_PIN, SPI_RPA1, SPI_RPA2,
    SPI_RPA4, SPI_RPB1, SPI_RPB2,
    SPI_RPB5, SPI_RPB6, SPI_RPB8,
    SPI_RPB11, SPI_RPB13
};

static SPI_PinMap_t const LegalSDIPins[] = { SPI_NO_PIN, SPI_RPA1, SPI_RPB5,
    SPI_RPB1, SPI_RPB11, SPI_RPB8, SPI_RPA2,
    SPI_RPB6, SPI_RPA4, SPI_RPB13, SPI_RPB2
};

};

/*----- Module Code -----*/

/*****
Function
    SPISetup_BasicConfig
*****/

```

Description

Should be the first function called when setting up an SPI module.

- 1) Disables the selected SPI Module
- 2) Configures the SPI clock to be based on PBCLK
- 3) Disables the Framed mode
- 4) Disables the Audio mode

Further function calls from the SPI HAL will be necessary to complete the module setup.

*****/

```
bool SPISetup_BasicConfig(SPI_Module_t WhichModule)
```

```
{
    bool ReturnVal = true;

    // Make sure that we have a legal module specified
    if ( false == isSPI_ModuleLegal(WhichModule))
    {
        ReturnVal = false;
    }else // Legal module so set it up
    {
        selectModuleRegisters(WhichModule);

        pSPICON->ON = 0;           // Disable the selected SPI Module
        pSPICON->MCLKSEL = 0;       // Configure the SPI clock to be based on PBCLK
        pSPICON->FRMEN = 0;        // Disable the Framed mode
        pSPICON2->AUDEN = 0;       // Disable the Audio mode
    }
    return ReturnVal;
}
```

*****/

Function

SPISetup_SetFollower

Description

Sets the selected SPI Module to Follower mode and configures the SPI CLK pin as an input. NOTE:

- 1) Either this function or the SPISetup_SetLeader function should be called immediately after the call to SPISetup_BasicConfig.
- 2) the PIC32 documentation refers to this mode as slave mode.

*****/

```
bool SPISetup_SetFollower(SPI_Module_t WhichModule)
```

```
{
    bool ReturnVal = true;
    // Your Code goes here :- )

    if (isSPI_ModuleLegal(WhichModule) ) { //If WhichModule is legal
        selectModuleRegisters(WhichModule); //select correct registers

        if (pSPICON->ON == 0){ //if SPI is off
            pSPICON->MSTEN = 0; //set MSTEN bit to follower mode (0)
            SPI_PinMap_t clkPin;
            if (WhichModule == SPI_SPI1){
                //CLK pin is B14 for SPI1
                clkPin = SPI_RPB14;
            } else{
                //CLK pin is B15 for SPI2
                clkPin = SPI_RPB15;
            }
            // set the TRIS bit to make it an input
            *setTRISRegisters[clkPin] = mapPinMap2BitPosn[clkPin];
        }
    }
}
```

```

        // clear the ANSEL bit to disable analog on the pin
        *clrANSELRegisters[clkPin] = mapPinMap2BitPosn[clkPin];
    }
} else{
    ReturnVal = false;
}

return ReturnVal;
}

/*****
Function
    SPISetup_SetLeader

Description
    Sets the selected SPI Module to leader mode, configures the SPI CLK
    pin as an output, and sets the input sample phase.
    NOTE: 1) Either this function or the SPISetup_SetFollower function should
    be called immediately after the call to SPISetup_BasicConfig.
    2) the PIC32 documentation refers to this mode as master mode.
*****/
bool SPISetup_SetLeader(SPI_Module_t WhichModule, SPI_SamplePhase_t WhichPhase)
{
    bool ReturnVal = true;
    // Your Code goes here :-

    if (isSPI_ModuleLegal(WhichModule)) { //If WhichModule is legal
        selectModuleRegisters(WhichModule); //select correct registers

        if (pSPICON->ON == 0){ //if SPI is off
            pSPICON->MSTEN = 1; //set MSTEN bit to leader mode (1)

            SPI_PinMap_t clkPin;
            if (WhichModule == SPI_SPI1){ //SPI1
                //CLK pin is B14 for SPI1
                clkPin = SPI_RPB14;
            } else{ //SPI2
                //CLK pin is B15 for SPI2
                clkPin = SPI_RPB15;
            }
            // clear the TRIS bit to make it an output
            *clrTRISRegisters[clkPin] = mapPinMap2BitPosn[clkPin];
            // clear the ANSEL bit to disable analog on the pin
            *clrANSELRegisters[clkPin] = mapPinMap2BitPosn[clkPin];

            //set the SMP to WhichPhase
            pSPICON->SMP = WhichPhase;
        }
    } else{ //illegal module
        ReturnVal = false;
    }

    return ReturnVal;
}

/*****
Function
    SPISetup_SetBitTime

```

Description

Based on a 20MHz PBCLK, calculates and programs the SPIBRG register for the specified SPI module to achieve the requested bit time.

```
*****/
bool SPISetup_SetBitTime(SPI_Module_t WhichModule, uint32_t SPI_ClkPeriodIn_ns)
{
    bool ReturnVal = true;

    if (isSPI_ModuleLegal(WhichModule) && SPI_ClkPeriodIn_ns <= MAX_SPI_PERIOD) { //If
WhichModule is legal and given period is valid
        selectModuleRegisters(WhichModule); //select correct registers

        if (pSPICON->ON == 0){ //if SPI is off and
            *pSPIBRG = 0.01* SPI_ClkPeriodIn_ns - 1;
        }

    }else{
        ReturnVal = false;
    }

    return ReturnVal;
}
/*****
```

Function

SPISetup_MapSSInput

Description

Sets the designated pin to be the SS input if the selected SPI Module is configured in Follower mode.

Legal port pins for the SS1 input are:

SPI_RPA0, SPI_RPB3, SPI_RPB4, SPI_RPB7, SPI_RPB15.

Legal port pins for the SS2 input are:

SPI_RPA3, SPI_RPB0, SPI_RPB9, SPI_RPB10, SPI_RPB14.

```
*****/
bool SPISetup_MapSSInput(SPI_Module_t WhichModule, SPI_PinMap_t WhichPin)
{
    bool ReturnVal = true;

    // Make sure that we have a legal module specified & legal pin
    if ( (false == isSPI_ModuleLegal(WhichModule)) ||
        (false == isSS_OutputPinLegal(WhichModule, WhichPin)) ) //legal input pins are
same as output pins
    {
        ReturnVal = false;
    }else
    { // Legal module & pin so set try setting it up
        selectModuleRegisters(WhichModule);
        if (0 == pSPICON->MSTEN) // configured in Follower mode?
        {
            if (SPI_NO_PIN == WhichPin)
            {
                pSPICON->SSEN = 0; // disable SS
            }else //there is an SS pin so map it
            {
                pSPICON->SSEN = 1; // enable SS
                // set the TRIS bit to make it an input
                *setTRISRegisters[WhichPin] = mapPinMap2BitPosn[WhichPin];
                // clear the ANSEL bit to disable analog on the pin
                *clrANSELRegisters[WhichPin] = mapPinMap2BitPosn[WhichPin];
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```

        if (SPI_SPI1 == WhichModule)
        {
            SS1R = mapPinMap2INTConst[WhichPin]; // Map SS1 to chosen pin
        } else
        {
            SS2R = mapPinMap2INTConst[WhichPin]; // Map SS2 to chosen pin
        }
    }
} else // not in follower mode
{
    ReturnVal = false; // then we can't config an SS input
}
}
return ReturnVal;
}

/*****
Function
    SPISetup_MapSSOutput

Description
    Sets the designated pin to be the SS output if the selected SPI Module
    is configured in Leader mode. Clears TRIS and ANSEL to make pin an output.
    Also configures INT4/INT1 to monitor for rising edges on the SS output pin.
    Legal port pins for the SS1 output are:
    SPI_NO_PIN, SPI_RPA0, SPI_RPB3, SPI_RPB4, SPI_RPB7, SPI_RPB15.
    Legal port pins for the SS2 output are:
    SPI_NO_PIN, SPI_RPA3, SPI_RPB0, SPI_RPB9, SPI_RPB10, SPI_RPB14.
*****/
bool SPISetup_MapSSOutput(SPI_Module_t WhichModule, SPI_PinMap_t WhichPin)
{
    bool ReturnVal = true;

    // Make sure that we have a legal module specified & legal pin
    if ( (false == isSPI_ModuleLegal(WhichModule)) ||
         (false == isSS_OutputPinLegal(WhichModule, WhichPin)) )
    {
        ReturnVal = false;
    } else
    { // Legal module & pin so set try setting it up
        selectModuleRegisters(WhichModule);
        if (1 == pSPICON->MSTEN) // configured in Leader mode?
        {
            if (SPI_NO_PIN == WhichPin)
            {
                pSPICON->MSEN = 0; // disable SS
            } else // there is an SS pin so map it
            {
                pSPICON->MSEN = 1; // enable SS
                // clear the TRIS bit to make it an output
                *clrTRISRegisters[WhichPin] = mapPinMap2BitPosn[WhichPin];
                // clear the ANSEL bit to disable analog on the pin
                *clrANSELRegisters[WhichPin] = mapPinMap2BitPosn[WhichPin];

                if (SPI_SPI1 == WhichModule)
                {
                    *outputMapRegisters[WhichPin] = MAP_SS1; // Map SS to chosen pin
                    // set up to use INT4 to capture the rising edge of SS
                    INTCONbits.INT4EP = 1; // set for rising edge sensitivity
                    IFS0CLR = _IFS0_INT4IF_MASK; // clear any pending flag
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        INT4R = mapPinMap2INTConst[WhichPin]; // map INT4 to SS as well
    }else
    {
        // must be SPI2 so set up INT1
        *outputMapRegisters[WhichPin] = MAP_SS2; // Map SS to chosen pin
        // set up to use INT1 to capture the rising edge of SS
        INTCONbits.INT1EP = 1; // set for rising edge sensitivity
        IFS0CLR = _IFS0_INT1IF_MASK; // clear any pending flag
        INT1R = mapPinMap2INTConst[WhichPin]; // map INT1 to SS as well
    }
}
}else // not in Leader mode
{
    ReturnVal = false; // then we can't config an SS output
}
}
return ReturnVal;
}
/*****

```

Function

SPISetup_MapSDInput

Description

Sets the designated pin to be the SD input.

Legal port pins for the SDI1 input are:

SPI_NO_PIN, SPI_RPA1, SPI_RPB1, SPI_RPB5, SPI_RPB8, SPI_RPB11.

Legal port pins for the SDI2 input are:

SPI_NO_PIN, SPI_RPA2, SPI_RPA4, SPI_RPB2, SPI_RPB6, SPI_RPB13.

*****/

```

bool SPISetup_MapSDInput(SPI_Module_t WhichModule, SPI_PinMap_t WhichPin)
{

```

```

    bool ReturnVal = true;

```

```

    // Your Code goes here :-)

```

```

    //If WhichModule is legal and provided pin is legal:

```

```

    if (isSPI_ModuleLegal(WhichModule) && isSDIPinLegal(WhichPin)) {
        selectModuleRegisters(WhichModule); //select correct registers

```

```

        if (pSPICON->ON == 0){ //if SPI is off

```

```

            if (WhichModule == SPI_SPI1){ //SPI1

```

```

                SDI1R = mapPinMap2INTConst[WhichPin]; // Map SDI1 to chosen pin

```

```

            } else{ //SPI2

```

```

                SDI2R = mapPinMap2INTConst[WhichPin]; // Map SDI1 to chosen pin

```

```

            }

```

```

        // set the TRIS bit to make it an input

```

```

        *setTRISRegisters[WhichPin] = mapPinMap2BitPosn[WhichPin];

```

```

        // clear the ANSEL bit to disable analog on the pin

```

```

        *clrANSELRegisters[WhichPin] = mapPinMap2BitPosn[WhichPin];

```

```

    }

```

```

    }else{

```

```

        ReturnVal = false;

```

```

    }

```

```

    return ReturnVal;

```

```

}

```

*****/

Function

SPISetup_MapSDOutput

Description

Sets the designated pin to be the SD output.

```
*****/
bool SPISetup_MapSDOutput(SPI_Module_t WhichModule, SPI_PinMap_t WhichPin)
{
    bool ReturnVal = true;
    // Your Code goes here :-

    //If WhichModule is legal and provided pin is legal:
    if (isSPI_ModuleLegal(WhichModule) && isSDOPinLegal(WhichPin)) {
        selectModuleRegisters(WhichModule); //select correct registers

        if (pSPICON->ON == 0){ //if SPI is off
            if (WhichModule == SPI_SPI1){//SPI1
                *outputMapRegisters[WhichPin] = MAP_SD01; // Map SD01 to chosen pin
            } else{//SPI2
                *outputMapRegisters[WhichPin] = MAP_SD02; // Map SD02 to chosen pin
            }

            // clear the TRIS bit to make it an output
            *clrTRISRegisters[WhichPin] = mapPinMap2BitPosn[WhichPin];
            // clear the ANSEL bit to disable analog on the pin
            *clrANSELRegisters[WhichPin] = mapPinMap2BitPosn[WhichPin];
        }
    } else{
        ReturnVal = false;
    }

    return ReturnVal;
}
```

```
*****
Function
    SPISetup_SetClockIdleState
```

Description

Sets the idle state of the SPI clock.

```
*****/
bool SPISetup_SetClockIdleState(SPI_Module_t WhichModule,
                                SPI_Clock_t WhichState)
{
    bool ReturnVal = true;
    // Your Code goes here :-

    //If WhichModule is legal and and provided pin is legal:
    if (isSPI_ModuleLegal(WhichModule) ) {
        selectModuleRegisters(WhichModule); //select correct registers

        if (pSPICON->ON == 0){ //if SPI is off
            if (WhichState == SPI_CLK_HI){
                pSPICON->CKP = 1; //set CKP bit
            } else if (WhichState == SPI_CLK_LO){
                pSPICON->CKP = 0; //clear CKP bit
            } else{ //WhichState was not legal
                ReturnVal = false;
            }
        }
    } else{

```

```

    ReturnVal = false;
}

return ReturnVal;

}
/*****
Function
    SPISetup_SetActiveEdge

Description
    Sets the active edge of the SPI clock.
*****/
bool SPISetup_SetActiveEdge(SPI_Module_t WhichModule,
                           SPI_ActiveEdge_t WhichEdge)
{
    bool ReturnVal = true;
    // Your Code goes here :-)

    //if WhichModule is legal
    if (isSPI_ModuleLegal(WhichModule) ) {
        selectModuleRegisters(WhichModule); //select correct registers

        if (pSPICON->ON == 0){ //if SPI is off
            if (WhichEdge == SPI_FIRST_EDGE){
                pSPICON->CKE = 1; //set CKE
            }else if (WhichEdge == SPI_SECOND_EDGE){
                pSPICON->CKE = 0; //clear CKE
            }else{ //WhichEdge was not legal
                ReturnVal = false;
            }
        }
    }else{
        ReturnVal = false;
    }

    return ReturnVal;
}

/*****
Function
    SPISetup_SetXferWidth

Description
    Sets the width of the transfers that the SPI module will perform.
*****/
bool SPISetup_SetXferWidth(SPI_Module_t WhichModule,
                          SPI_XferWidth_t DataWidth)
{
    bool ReturnVal = true;
    // Your Code goes here :-)
    //if WhichModule is legal
    if (isSPI_ModuleLegal(WhichModule) ) {
        selectModuleRegisters(WhichModule); //select correct registers

        if (pSPICON->ON == 0){ //if SPI is off
            if (DataWidth == SPI_8BIT){
                pSPICON->MODE32 = 0; //clear MODE32
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        pSPICON->MODE16 = 0; //clear MODE16
    }else if (DataWidth == SPI_16BIT){
        pSPICON->MODE32 = 0; //clear MODE32
        pSPICON->MODE16 = 1; //set MODE16
    }else if (DataWidth == SPI_32BIT){
        pSPICON->MODE32 = 1; //set MODE32
    }else{ //DataWidth was not legal
        ReturnVal = false;
    }
}
}
}else{
    ReturnVal = false;
}

return ReturnVal;
}

/*****
Function
    SPISetEnhancedBuffer

Description
    Enables/disables the enhanced buffer on a module based on the second param
*****/
bool SPISetEnhancedBuffer(SPI_Module_t WhichModule, bool IsEnhanced)
{
    bool ReturnVal = true;
    // Your Code goes here :-)

    //if SPI module is legal
    if (isSPI_ModuleLegal(WhichModule) ) {
        selectModuleRegisters(WhichModule); //select correct registers
        if (pSPICON->ON == 0){ //if SPI is off
            if(IsEnhanced){
                pSPICON->ENHBUF = 1; //set ENHBUF
            } else{
                pSPICON->ENHBUF = 0; //clear ENHBUF
            }
        }
    }else{
        ReturnVal = false;
    }

    return ReturnVal;
}

/*****
Function
    SPISetup_DisableSPI

Description
    Disables the selected SPI Module
*****/
bool SPISetup_DisableSPI(SPI_Module_t WhichModule)
{
    bool ReturnVal = true;
    // Your Code goes here :-)

    //if SPI module is legal
    if (isSPI_ModuleLegal(WhichModule) ) {

```

```

    selectModuleRegisters(WhichModule); //select correct registers
    pSPICON->ON = 0; //clear ON bit

} else {
    ReturnVal = false;
}

return ReturnVal;
}

/*****
Function
    SPISetup_EnableSPI

Description
    Enables the selected SPI Module
*****/
bool SPISetup_EnableSPI(SPI_Module_t WhichModule)
{
    bool ReturnVal = true;
    // Your Code goes here :- )

    //if SPI module is legal
    if (isSPI_ModuleLegal(WhichModule) ) {
        selectModuleRegisters(WhichModule); //select correct registers
        pSPICON->ON = 1; //set ON bit

    } else {
        ReturnVal = false;
    }

    return ReturnVal;
}

/*****
Function
    SPIOperate_SPI1_Send8

Description
    Writes the 8-bit data to the selected SPI Module data register
    Does not check if there is room in the buffer.
    Note: separate functions provided for SPI1 & SPI2 in order to speed operation
    and allow the SPI to be run at higher bit rates
*****/
void SPIOperate_SPI1_Send8(uint8_t TheData)
{
    // not needed for ME218a Labs
}

/*****
Function
    SPIOperate_SPI1_Send16

Description
    Writes the 16-bit data to the SPI1 Module data register
    Does not check if there is room in the buffer.
    Note: separate functions provided for SPI1 & SPI2 in order to speed operation
    and allow the SPI to be run at higher bit rates
*****/
void SPIOperate_SPI1_Send16( uint16_t TheData)
{

```

```

    SPI1BUF = TheData;
}
/*****
Function
    SPIOperate_SPI1_Send32

Description
    Writes the 32-bit data to the selected SPI Module data register
    Does not check if there is room in the buffer.
    Note: separate functions provided for SPI1 & SPI2 in order to speed operation
    and allow the SPI to be run at higher bit rates
*****/
void SPIOperate_SPI1_Send32(uint32_t TheData)
{
    // not needed for ME218a Labs
}

/*****
Function
    SPIOperate_SPI1_Send8Wait

Description
    Writes the 8-bit data to the selected SPI Module data register and waits
    for the SS line to rise. NOTE: this is blocking code and should only be
    used when the bit-time on the SPI is sufficiently fast so as need to wait
    less than 200 micro-seconds to complete.
    Does not check if there is room in the buffer.
    Note: separate functions provided for SPI1 & SPI2 in order to speed operation
    and allow the SPI to be run at higher bit rates
*****/
void SPIOperate_SPI1_Send8Wait(uint8_t TheData)
{
    SPI1BUF = TheData;
    while (!SPIOperate_HasSS1_Risen()){
        ;
    }
}

/*****
Function
    SPIOperate_SPI1_Send16Wait

Description
    Writes the 16-bit data to the SPI1 Module data register and waits
    for the SS1 line to rise. NOTE: this is blocking code and should only be
    used when the bit-time on the SPI is sufficiently fast so as need to wait
    less than 200 micro-seconds to complete.
    Does not check if there is room in the buffer.
    Note: separate functions provided for SPI1 & SPI2 in order to speed operation
    and allow the SPI to be run at higher bit rates
*****/
void SPIOperate_SPI1_Send16Wait( uint16_t TheData)
{
    // Your Code goes here :- )

    SPI1BUF = TheData;
    while (!SPIOperate_HasSS1_Risen()){
        ;
    }
}

```

```

}
/*****
Function
    SPIOperate_SPI1_Send32Wait

Description
    Writes the 32-bit data to the selected SPI Module data register and waits
    for the SS line to rise. NOTE: this is blocking code and should only be
    used when the bit-time on the SPI is sufficiently fast so as need to wait
    less than 200 micro-seconds to complete.
    Does not check if there is room in the buffer.
    Note: separate functions provided for SPI1 & SPI2 in order to speed operation
    and allow the SPI to be run at higher bit rates
*****/
void SPIOperate_SPI1_Send32Wait(uint32_t TheData)
{
    // not needed for ME218a Labs
}
/*****
Function
    SPIOperate_ReadData

Description
    Reads the data register for the selected SPI Module. Note: If the selected
    module is in 8-bit or 16-bit mode, then you should cast the result of this
    function to a uint8_t or uint16_t before assignment to a result variable.
*****/
uint32_t SPIOperate_ReadData(SPI_Module_t WhichModule)
{
    // not needed for ME218a Labs
}
/*****
Function
    SPIOperate_HasSS1_Risen

Description
    Tests if the SS1 line has risen since the last time this
    function was called.
    Note: This is an event checking function, not a state test. If the SS line
    is found to have risen, then the hardware will be reset until the next time
    that data is written to the SPI module. After a call to this function
    returns true, subsequent calls will return false until new data is written
    and another rising edge on the SS line is detected.
    Note: separate functions provided for SS1 & SS2 in order to speed operation
    and allow the SPI to be run at higher bit rates
*****/
bool SPIOperate_HasSS1_Risen(void)
{
    bool ReturnVal = false;
    // Your Code goes here :- )

    //if INT4IF flag is set:
    if(IFS0bits.INT4IF == 1){
        IFS0CLR = _IFS0_INT4IF_MASK; // clear any pending flag
        ReturnVal = true;
    }else{
        ReturnVal = false;
    }

    return ReturnVal;
}

```

```

}

/*****
Function
    SPIOperate_HasSS2_Risen
Description
    Tests if the SS2 line has gone low then back high since the last time this
    function was called.
    Note: This is an event checking function, not a state test. If the SS line
    is found to have risen, then the hardware will be reset until the next time
    that data is written to the SPI module. After a call to this function
    returns true, subsequent calls will return false until new data is written
    and another rising edge on the SS line is detected.
    Note: separate functions provided for SS1 & SS2 in order to speed operation
    and allow the SPI to be run at higher bit rates
*****/
bool SPIOperate_HasSS2_Risen(void)
{
    // not needed for ME218a
}

/*****
// private functions
*****/
Function
    selectModuleRegisters

Description
    based in the requested module, initializes the pointers to the various
    SPI module registers.
*****/
static void selectModuleRegisters(SPI_Module_t WhichModule)
{
    if (SPI_SPI1 == WhichModule)
    {
        pSPICON = (__SPI1CONbits_t *)&SPI1CON;
        pSPICON2 = (__SPI1CON2bits_t *)&SPI1CON2;
        pSPIBRG = &SPI1BRG;
        pSPIBUF = &SPI1BUF;
    } else if (SPI_SPI2 == WhichModule)
    {
        pSPICON = (__SPI1CONbits_t *)&SPI2CON;
        pSPICON2 = (__SPI1CON2bits_t *)&SPI2CON2;
        pSPIBRG = &SPI2BRG;
        pSPIBUF = &SPI2BUF;
    }
}

/*****
Function
    isSPI_ModuleLegal

Description
    Compares the requested module to the legal modules.
*****/
static bool isSPI_ModuleLegal( SPI_Module_t WhichModule)
{

```

```

// Your Code goes here :-)
bool ReturnVal = true;

if (WhichModule == SPI_SPI1 || WhichModule == SPI_SPI2){//check if module is 1 or 2
;
} else{
ReturnVal = false;
}

return ReturnVal;
}

```

```

/*****

```

Function

isSS_OutputPinLegal

Description

Loops through the LegalSSOutPins array comparing the requested pin to each of the entries in the array. If a match is found, sets RetrnVal to true and breaks out of the loop.

```

*****/
static bool isSS_OutputPinLegal(SPI_Module_t WhichModule, SPI_PinMap_t WhichPin)
{
    bool ReturnVal = false;
    uint8_t index;

    for( index = 0;
        index <= ((sizeof(LegalSSOutPins[0])/sizeof(LegalSSOutPins[0][0]))-1);
        index++)
    {
        if (LegalSSOutPins[WhichModule][index] == WhichPin)
        {
            ReturnVal = true;
            break;
        }
    }
    return ReturnVal;
}

```

```

/*****

```

Function

isSDOPinLegal

Description

Loops through the LegalSD0xPins array comparing the requested pin to each of the entries in the array. If a match is found, sets RetrnVal to true and breaks out of the loop.

```

*****/
static bool isSDOPinLegal( SPI_PinMap_t WhichPin)
{
    bool ReturnVal = false;
    // Your Code goes here :-)

    uint8_t index;
    for( index = 0;
        index < (sizeof(LegalSD0xPins));
        index++)
    {
        if (LegalSD0xPins[index] == WhichPin){

```

```

        ReturnVal = true;
        break;
    }
}

return ReturnVal;
}

static bool isSDIPinLegal( SPI_PinMap_t WhichPin)
{
    bool ReturnVal = false;
    // Your Code goes here :- )

    uint8_t index;
    for( index = 0;
        index < (sizeof(LegalSDIxPins));
        index++)
    {
        if (LegalSDIxPins[index] == WhichPin){
            ReturnVal = true;
            break;
        }
    }

    return ReturnVal;
}

```