

Whereas the Voter IDs to Safeguard Democracy amendment calls on the assembly to specify details about the Voter ID;

Whereas in order to ensure a streamlined and smooth rollout, the assembly must take action on how the Voter IDs are distributed;

Be it enacted by the Assembly of the Atlantic:



Section I. Title and Timeline:

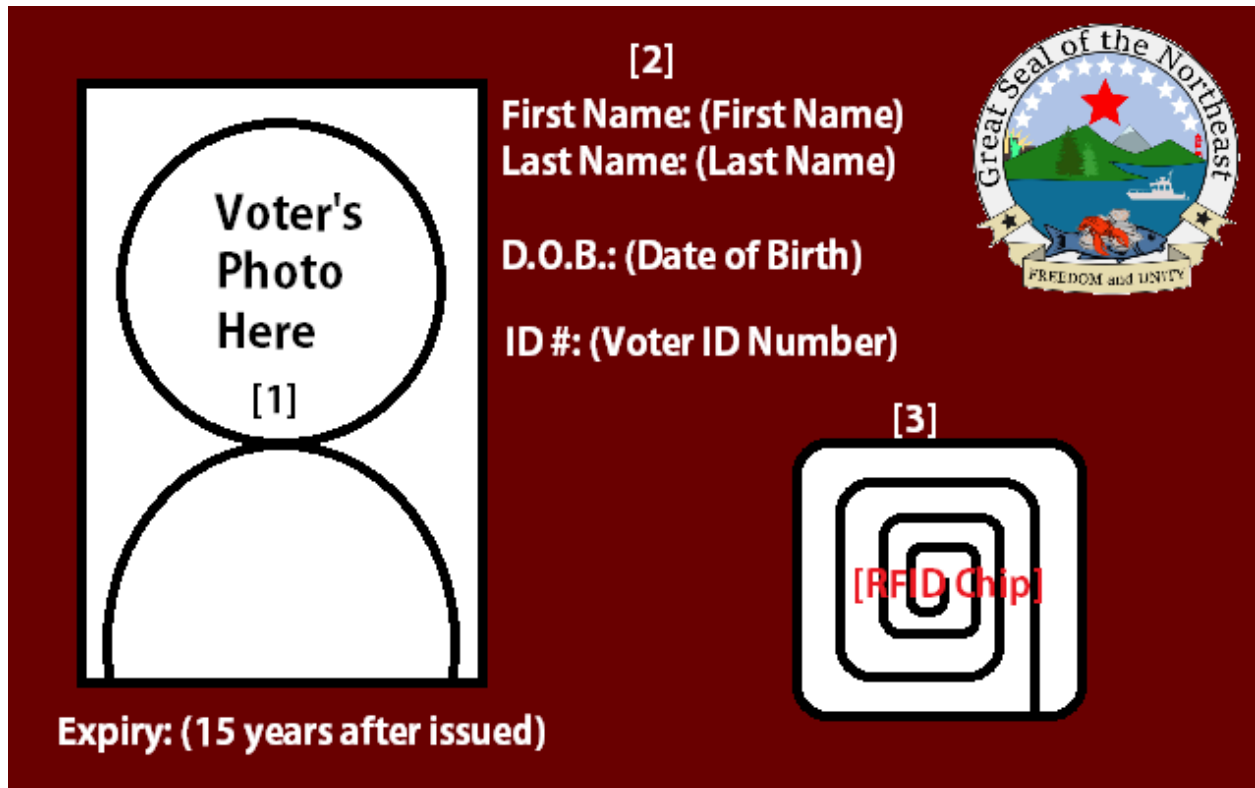
- a) This act may be cited as the “Voter ID Specification Act of 2019”
- b) This law shall go into effect immediately after signing
- c) This act shall not go into effect if the Voter IDs to Safeguard Democracy amendment fails. This clause has supremacy over this Section’s clause b.

Section II. Definitions:

- a) “ID” is defined as the Voter ID specified in the **Atlantic Commonwealth Constitution** Article II Section D.

Section III. ID Design:

- a)



- b) What is listed inside of square brackets ([]) shall be omitted from the design; what is listed inside of the parentheses () shall be replaced by the relevant information on the final design.
- c) Explanations for each number:
 - 1) The photo for the ID; ID is not very secure without a photo, and saves much hassle with quick validation.
 - 2) The list of relevant information; Names for the voting record to prevent repeat-voting, date of birth to ensure that the voter is of the age required, given that the amendment mandates them to be issued before voting age. The ID Number is described in detail in Section IV.
 - 3) An RFID card to ensure that, upon any suspicion, the ID is not faked.

Section IV. Distribution:

- a) The primary method of distribution is by the schools, preferably before the students reach voting age. Schools choose how to distribute them, but this choice must not require a student to make an active choice to go and receive one; it must be specifically made for each student and distributed at a regular time.
- b) Should a voter, who was younger than 16 by the enactment of this bill, was not in school by the time these were distributed, they may go to any school and request one gets made,

provided enough ID to receive a passport. This ID shall be prepared no later than 3 months following the request being made.

- c) A voter number shall go on the ID. The numbers are specified as follows:
 - i) 0: A citizen of the United States and resident of the Atlantic.
 - ii) 1: A resident of the Atlantic, eligible to vote for specific offices by Article II of the Atlantic Constitution, but not a citizen.
 - iii) 2: ineligible to vote for any office.

Section V. Manufacturing:

- a) The same contractor used to manufacture driver's licenses shall be used to manufacture these IDs.
- b) The Board of Elections will be tasked with organizing the purchasing, manufacturing, and transport of these IDs to a holding place designated by the Atlantic Department of Education for distribution to schools, which is a burden falling upon the Atlantic Department of Education.
- c) These IDs need at least three of the following security features, designated based on cost and effectiveness by the Atlantic Board of Elections: Hologram, UV Image, Microprinting, Laser Perforation, and Tactile Features.

Section VI. Funding:

- a) There are roughly 28,121,000 living in the Atlantic (<https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1zLNFIR0k253yA5mkHzHFSeVkcmy0ASLCzoD9beNVWI/edit#gid=0>). Those aged 10-14 make up 6.4% of the American population (<https://www.statista.com/statistics/241488/population-of-the-us-by-sex-and-age/>), and so that would be equivalent to 1,800,000 per 5 years. Each driver's licence costs thirty dollars (\$30). For these reasons, the Board of Elections of the Atlantic will be given an additional \$54,000,000 per 5 years in order to manufacture these Voter IDs.

Written and Sponsored by: Assemblyman /u/Parado-I