

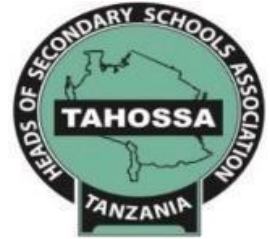
Candidate Number.....



THE PRESIDENT'S OFFICE – RALG

TAHOSSA ROMBO DISTRICT EXAMINATION SYNDICATE

FORM FOUR MOCK EXAMINATION



012

HISTORY

TIME: 3:00 Hours

August, 2024

INSTRUCTIONS

1. This paper consists **A, B** and **C** with a total of **eleven (11)** Questions.
2. Answer **all** questions in sections **A** and **B** and **two (2)** questions from section **C**.
3. Section **A** carries **sixteen (16)** marks, section **B** **fifty-four (54)** marks and section **C** carries **thirty (30)** marks.
4. Communication devices and any unauthorized materials are **not** allowed in the examination room.
5. All drawings must be in pencil
6. Write your **Examination Number** on every page of your answer booklet(s)

FOR ASSESSOR'S ONLY		
QUESTION NUMBER	SCORE	MARKER'S INITIALS
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		
11		
TOTAL		
CHEKER'S INITIALS		

SECTION A (16 MARKS)

Answer **all** questions in this section.

1. For each of the items (i) – (x), choose the correct answer from the given alternatives and write its letter beside the item number in the answer booklet provided.
- (i) Tanzania is expected to conduct the next election in 2025. In which millennium will this election be conducted?
- A. 20th millennium
B. 2nd millennium
C. 3rd millennium
D. 21st millennium
E. 25th millennium
- (ii) The abolition of slave in East Africa involves several stages, but one among them led to the closure of slave market in Zanzibar.
- A. The frere treaty
B. The Helgoland treaty
C. The Moresby treaty
D. The delimitation treaty
E. The Hamertorn treaty
- (iii) Pili is a form one student who originated from Zigua tribe. In this society the system of inheritance is based on father's clan. What is the proper term which is the best to describe his society?
- A. Matrilineal society
B. Patrilineal society
C. Clan society
D. Ntemship society
E. Age set political organization
- (iv) As a historian, which one would you consider as Prince Henry's main aims in organizing the Portuguese Voyages to West and East African Coast?
- A. Acquiring raw materials, markets and cheap labour
B. Acquiring colonies, raw materials and markets
C. Spreading Christianity, adventure and trade
D. Establishing processing industries, markets and raw materials
E. Spreading Christianity, adventure and spread Portuguese race.
- (v) Colonialists used their all efforts to exploit African continent in terms of human and natural resources. This was possible through establishment of various colonial economies in their areas of influence. Which one among the following list was a form of colonial agricultural economy was practiced in British East Africa?
- A. Settler economy and mixed economy
B. Plantation and peasant economy
C. Peasant and settler economy
D. Settler and plantation economy
E. Settler and commercial economy
- (vi) The occupation of East Africa by German and British was terrible and horrible, hence these conflicting interest of imperialist powers between these sides were diplomatically resolved and each power was given adopted in which treaty among the following:

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- A. Versailles Peace treaty of 1919
 - B. The Berlin conference of 1884/1885
 - C. Helgoland treaty of 1890
 - D. Anglo – German agreement of 1886
 - E. Delimitation treaty of 1886
- (vii) The societies from South Africa had long story to tell about the coming of the Dutch at the Cape, the coming of the British at the Cape, Boers trek, Mfecane war and Ngoni migration. Why the rulers of the small Ngoni groups were able to defeat and consolidate their power to most of the East African societies.
- A. Their females subject was married by defeated tribes
 - B. Their females subject was agent of colonialism
 - C. Their army used more magic power than weapons
 - D. War captives were spread and recruited into the Ngoni arms
 - E. This was very easy since Ngoni were very giant
- (viii) There was variation of the methods adopted by freedom fighters to regain back their independence depending to the nature of colonialists, status of the colony and type of colonial economy. Which of the following were the countries which used constitutional means to regain their political independence?
- I. Mozambique and Nigeria
 - II. Kenya and Tanganyika
 - III. Ghana and Uganda
 - IV. Uganda and Tanganyika
- A. I and II
 - B. II and III
 - C. IV and I
 - D. III and IV
 - E. IV and II
- (ix) One of the national building campaign taken to change the post – colonial economic system in Africa was:
- A. “Feed yourself” in Ghana
 - B. “Harambee” in Kenya
 - C. “Feed yourself” in Uganda
 - D. “Capitalism and self – reliance” in Tanzania
 - E. “Freedom is coming tomorrow” in South Africa
- (x) A political and economic program which aims at promoting democracy, stability, good governance and economic development in Africa is known as:
- A. Pan Africanism
 - B. NEPAD
 - C. African Nationalism
 - D. Global Vision 2005

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E. African initiatives

2. Match the historical explanations in **List A** with the corresponding cities in **List B** by writing the letter of the correct response beside the item number in the answer booklet provided.

LIST A	LIST B
(i) The city in which the United States of America destroyed by an atomic bomb during the Second World War	A. Nagasaki
(ii) The town in which the terms to punish Germany for causing the First World War were created	B. Warsaw
(iii) The city that was not captured by the German army due to strong resistance and freezing temperature during the Second World War	C. Pearl Harbor
(iv) A military base whose attack forced the United States of America to support Britain and USSR in fighting against the Germans in 1941	D. Paris
(v) The headquarters of the League of Nations	E. Geneva
(vi) The city that became the headquarters of the United Nations Organization after the Second World War.	F. New York
	G. Washington
	H. Moscow
	I. Versailles

SECTION B (54 Marks)

Answer **all** questions in this section

3. Briefly answer the following questions
- Why did the Union of Soviet Socialist Republic (USSR) support African decolonization after the Second World War? Give two reasons
 - Explain the concept “Principle of notification” in the context of the Berlin conference of 1884/1885?
 - How abolition of slave trade expanded industrial growth in Europe?
4. Arrange the following events in chronological order by writing number 1 to 6 besides the item number in the answer booklet(s) provided.
- These contact have been reported in some early Greek and Roman document such as Periplus of the Erythrean Sea, Ptolemy’s Geography and Christian Topography
 - The contact led to the intermarriage between foreigners and African women and eventually led to the bearing of the children of mixed races
 - People of East Africa Coast lived in small organized villages and engaged in hunting, fishing and trade
 - The document reported that the traders were assisted by monsoon wind to reach in East Africa with their commodities
 - Through that trade people come into contact with traders from other parts of the world, mostly from Middle East and the Far East.

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- (vi) The traders brought various commodities from middle and far east in exchange with commodities found in coast of east Africa
5. Draw a sketch map of Africa and locate the following by using roman numbers:
- A country which adopted a kind of socialism ideology known as “Socialism and self-Reliance”
 - A country which was not colonized and is currently the headquarter of African Union
 - A country which Mandika under Samore Toure resisted the colonial invasion from 1882-1889
 - Portuguese colony which tried to adopt a socialist ideology under FRELIMO party
 - A colony where Sultan Seyyid Said shifted his residence in 1840
6. Briefly, explain the three impacts of the civil wars that have been taking place in the Democratic Republic of Congo and Somalia
7. In three points, briefly distinguish between active resistance and passive resistance
8. Briefly, explain three functions of colonial military institutions established by colonialists in Africa.

SECTION C (30 Marks)
Answer only **Two** questions

9. During colonialism epoch, colonialists introduced colonial industries, agriculture, mining as well as physical infrastructures. These sectors could not function without adequate man power. How colonialists obtained man power to satisfy the need of these sectors? Give out six (6) points.
10. In pre-colonial Africa, salt was well processed and extracted from various sources for the benefits of pre-colonial African societies. By using six points, explain the uses of salt during the pre-colonial Africa.
11. Assess why most of the Portuguese colonies in Africa gained their political independence through the barrel of gun as their last alternative means. Give out six (6) points