

The Author Guidelines of Otoritas : Jurnal Ilmu Pemerintahan (Segoe 14pt Bold)

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Abstract (Segoe UI, 10pt Bold)

This is a new author guidelines and article template of Otoritas: journal since year 2016 publication. Article should be started by Title of Article followed by Authors Name and Affiliation Address and abstract. This abstract section should be typed in Italic font and font size of 11 pt and number of words of 150–250. Special for the abstract section, please use left margin of 25 mm, top margin of 30 mm, right and bottom margins of 20 mm. The single spacing should be used between lines in this article. If article is written in Indonesian, the abstract should be typed in Indonesian and English. Meanwhile, if article is written in English, the abstract should be typed in English only. The Abstract is a miniature contents of the entire writing statement, comprise: problem, purpose, method, scientific finding results, and short conclusion. The abstract should only be typed in one paragraph and one-column format.

Keywords: author guidelines; Otoritas; template

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Introduction (Segoe UI, 11pt Bold)

Introduction consists of (in sequence) general background, state of the art as the basis for the scientific novelty statement of the article, scientific novelty statement, and research problem or hypothesis. In the end, introduction should mention the purpose of article review. Literature review is not allowed in the scientific article format, so it is replaced by the state of the art to prove the novelty of the article..

Research Methods

Research Methods is implemented to solve problems, including analytical method. The method used to solve the research problems is described in this section.

Results and Discussion

This section consists of results and discussion. Every finding should be supported by sufficient data. Then, research findings should be able to answer the research question or hypothesis stated earlier in the introduction.

Conclusion

Conclusion states the answer of the hypothesis and/or research objective or scientific finding. Conclusion is not the repetition of findings and discussion, but it is the summary of findings as expected in the objective or hypothesis. If necessary, conclusion

can also be ended with the next idea to be implemented to the study.

Acknowledgement

Acknowledgement are primarily addressed to research funders or donors. Acknowledgement can also be dedicated to people who contribute in the study.

References

All references used in the article should be listed in the References section. References should contain reference literature originating from primary sources (scientific journals at least 80% of the entire references) published in the last 10 (ten) years. Each article contains at least 10 (ten) references.

It is better to write the reference system in the article and in the references section using the reference management programs such as Mendeley. The writing format used in Otoritas: Jurnal Ilmu Pemerintahan is APA 7th Edition (American Psychological Association).

Journal:

Prianto, A. L. (2011). Good Governance dan Formasi Kebijakan Publik Neo-Liberal. *Otoritas* : *Jurnal Ilmu Pemerintahan*, 1(1), 1-15.

Book:

Hakim, L. (2015). *Hubungan Pemerintah Pusat dan Daerah di Indonesia*. Jakarta: Gramasurya.

Conference Proceeding:

Fang, Q., Zhao, F., & Guibas, L. (2003). Lightweight sensing and communication protocols for target enumeration and aggregation. In M. Gerla, A. Ephremides, & M. Srivastava (Eds.), MobiHoc '03 fourth ACM symposium on mobile ad hoc networking and computing (pp. 165–176). New York, NY: ACM Press.

HandBook:

Greisler, David S, Stupak, Ronald J (2007). *Handbook of Technology Management in Public Administration*. New York: CRC Taylor and Francis