

**PUT THE TITLE OF PAPER HERE, IN CAPITAL LETTER (UPPERCASE)
WITHOUT LINE SEPARATION**

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Abstract

Abstracts with no more than 300 words should be supplied to reflect the paper's content. A concise and factual abstract is required. The abstract should state briefly the context of the problem (background), the purpose of the research, the principal methods, the results, and the significant conclusion (contribution). An abstract is often presented separately from the article, so it must be able to stand alone. For this reason, References should be avoided. Also, non-standard or uncommon abbreviations should be avoided, but if essential, they must be defined at the first mention in the abstract itself.

Keywords: *Mathematics, statistics, Method A, Applied*

1. INTRODUCTION

In preparing the introduction, the author explains the following: (1) General Issues/Brief introduction related to the research conducted, maximum 1 paragraph accompanied by supporting references. (2) Core problems must be resolved based on facts and hypotheses (if any). The problem must be objective (questioned by reputable journals or research institutions, not based on the author's opinion). (3) Provide a description of the solution to solve the problem. It explains how the problem will be solved, along with supporting references. (4) State of the art - a review of previous research (similar) to justify the novelty of this article (there must be references to journals in the last five years; international journals are better). (5) Objective - the purpose of the research. The introduction should conclude with the research objective, which will be answered in the conclusion.

Make sure the introduction of your manuscript already contains the five points mentioned. Furthermore, the author needs to pay attention to the writing style according to the template, paragraph style, spacing, font type, and size, use of titles and subtitles, figures and tables. Authors must follow the instructions and writing examples in this template.

2. RESEARCH METHOD

Provide sufficient detailed methods to allow the work to be reproduced. A reference should indicate published methods; only relevant modifications should be described.

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3. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Results should be clear and concise. Results should be clear and concise. Results should be clear and straightforward. Discussion must explore the significance of the results of the

work. Adequate debate or comparison of the current results to the previous similar published articles is recommended to show the positioning of the present research (if available).

3.1 Mathematic Equations

Equations should be numbered serially within parentheses, as shown in Equation (1). Equation should be prepared using MS Equation Editor (not in image format). The equation number is to be placed on the extreme right side.

$$y_i = \beta_1 x_{i1} + \dots + \beta_p x_{ip} + \varepsilon_i = x_i' \beta + \varepsilon_i, \quad i = 1, \dots, n \quad (1)$$

Units, Abbreviations and Symbols

Metric units are preferred. Define abbreviations and symbols for the first time as they are introduced in the text.

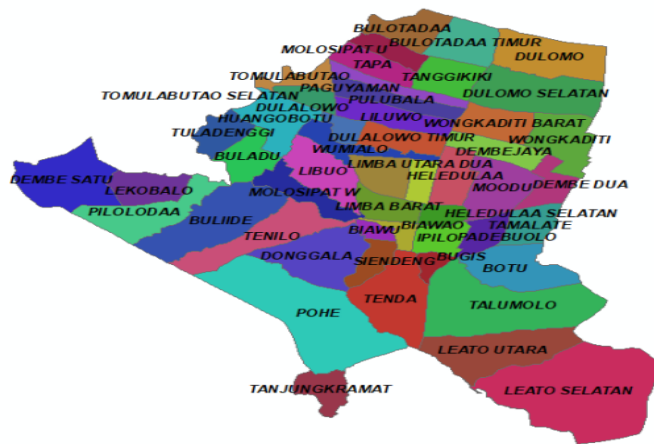
3.2 Picture and Tabel

Tables are sequentially numbered with the table title and number above the table. Tables should be centered in the column OR on the page. Tables should be followed by a line space (12pt). Elements of a table should be single-spaced. However, double spacing can be used to show groupings of data or separate parts within the table.

Table 2 Formatting Rules

Model	<i>p – value</i>		AIC
	<i>White Noise</i>	Distribusi Normal	
SARIMA(2,1,0)(0,1,0) ¹²	0,4716	0,2604	-254,25
SARIMA(2,1,0)(0,1,1) ¹²	0,8112	0,6757	-261,08
SARIMA(0,1,1)(0,1,0) ¹²	0,5669	0,4736	-254,51
SARIMA(0,1,1)(0,1,1) ¹²	0,7514	0,2747	-264,17

Figures are sequentially numbered, commencing at 1 with the figure title and number below the figure, as shown in Figure 1. The number of tables and figures is a maximum of six respectively.



Gambar 2. Map

4. CONCLUSION

Conclusions should answer the objectives of the research. Tells how your work advances the field from the present state of knowledge. Without clear Conclusions, reviewers and readers will find it difficult to judge whether the work merits publication in the journal. Do not repeat the Abstract or just list experimental results. Provide a clear scientific justification for your work and indicate possible applications and extensions. It would be best to suggest future experiments and highlight those underway.

REFERENCES

The primary references are Books, International Journals, and Proceedings. All references should be to the most pertinent and up-to-date sources. References are written in IEEE Style. Please use a consistent format for references – see examples below:

1. For an article journal [1],
 2. For Proceedings [2],
 3. Thesis [3].
 4. books [4]
 5. website [5]
-
- [1] S. F. Crone, S. Lessmann, and R. Stahlbock, “The impact of preprocessing on data mining: An evaluation of classifier sensitivity in direct marketing,” *Eur. J. Oper. Res.*, vol. 173, no. 3, pp. 781–800, Sep. 2006, doi: 10.1016/j.ejor.2005.07.023.
 - [2] N. A. Shaltout, M. El-Hefnawi, A. Rafea, and A. Moustafa, “Information Gain as a Feature Selection Method for the Efficient Classification of Influenza Based on Viral Hosts,” in *Proceedings of the World Congress on Engineering*, 2014, pp. 625–631.
 - [3] T. Herlinda, “PERAMALAN POLUSI UDARA OLEH KARBON MONOKSIDA (CO) DI KOTA PEKANBARU DENGAN MENGGUNAKAN MODEL VECTOR AUTOREGRESSIVE (VAR),” UNIVERSITAS ISLAM NEGERI SULTAN SYARIF KASIM RIAU, 2013.
 - [4] R. Hogg, J. McKean, and A. Craig, *Introduction to Mathematical Statistics*. USA: Pearson, 2012.
 - [5] Kompas, “Jumlah Kunjungan Wisman ke Indonesia Pada 2019 Naik 1,88 Persen,”

2020.

<https://travel.kompas.com/read/2020/02/05/180300227/jumlah-kunjungan-wisman-k-e-indonesia-pada-2019-naik-1-88-persen>.